The Jewish Chronicle

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PALESTINE DELAY DELIBERATE

Zionist Leader's Criticism

Mr. Moshe Shertok gave an address at the Political Session of a special Zionist Federation Conference held last Sunday at Friends House, Euston Road. He accused the British Government of deliberately employing delaying tactics in the problem of Palestine.

"The position we have to face to-day," he said, "can be characterised as a remarkable feat of procrastination. It seems that the resources and ingenuity displayed by the Government in their policy of delay are 'inexhaustible.'" The last stage in the dreary, long-drawn-out process had been the invitation to the Arabs and the Jews to state their views in writing on the recommendations of the Anglo-American Inquiry Committee. A whole month had passed since the day of the receipt by the Government of that report until the day on which the invitation was addressed to them. Then another month was allowed by the Government for the reply.

"Clear Attempt to Gain Time"

"We are faced with a clear attempt to gain time," said Mr. Shertok, "and after all that has happened it would not be so far-fetched if I permitted myself to guess that they are trying to gain time in order to find some loophole." It was very difficult at this late stage and after the long series of disappointments, he added, to go on giving them the benefit of the doubt. It seemed that the recommendations of the Committee had come to the Government as quite a shock. That was not exactly playing the game.

Tangible difficulties were artificially created by the Government's failure to act on the results of the Inquiry it had itself initiated. "You cannot condemn the resort to violence as a means of political warfare," Mr. Shertok said, "and play havoc with every elementary rule of constitutional procedure." The Jewish people ran very grave risks in resorting to violence, more perhaps than any other people on the face of this earth, but it did not strengthen the hands of the leaders who continued to preach forbearance if they were confronted at every step with failure in their continued efforts to try to obtain justice by peaceful arguments.

Coming to the report of the Committee of
Continued on page 8, column 3

EQUALITY OF JUSTICE

Assailants And Victims Treated Alike

The American Military Court at Mindelheim, in Bavaria, sentenced, last Friday, David Barwiner, leader of the displaced Jews in Oberammingen, and the Mayor of the town, Martin Mayer, who led the attack against the D.P.s, to one year's imprisonment each. Another Jew and four Germans were given six months' imprisonment. One Jew and two Germans were acquitted. [A report of the opening of the trial was published in last week's JEWISH CHRONICLE.]

Despite evidence that Mayer had incited the Germans against the Jews and that Barwiner had only gone into a German house to look for a man with whom he had had a scuffle earlier, the court decided that both were equally guilty.

Although the court suspended three months of a six-month sentence against one of the Germans, it refused the plea of the defence to allow Barwiner freedom until his case was reviewed by the higher authorities in Munich in order to allow him to arrange the affairs of the Oberammingen Jews and to help them find a new leader.

UNRRA REPATRIATION COMMISSION

Fewer Than 100 Jews Register in Palestine

Only 96 German, Austrian, Rumanian, Hungarian, and Bulgarian Jews residing in Palestine have registered for repatriation to their respective countries with the Repatriation Commission of Unrra, which arrived in Palestine some time ago, it was learned in Jerusalem last week-end.

The Unrra officials undertook no obligations with regard to the possibilities of repatriating the applicants nor were they able to state when repatriation would be effected.

WORLD BANK CHIEF

Mr. Eugene Meyer has been appointed the first President of the World Bank. His father was formerly a partner in the banking firm of Lazard Frères.

JEWS IN TRIESTE

Unable to Get Back Their Homes

During the Nazi occupation of Trieste the Nuremberg Laws were strictly enforced, and the Jews were robbed of their property and driven out of their homes, writes a correspondent of the Centrope News Agency. Some fled, some went into hiding, and others joined the partisans. Now, more than a year after the liberation, the position of the Jews in Trieste and in Venezia Giulia is worse than it is in any other part of Italy.

On May 5 of last year, the Yugoslav Army liberated Trieste. A week later, posters announced the abolition of all racial laws. It was also proclaimed that property confiscated from all former citizens was to be returned to the original owners.

A month later, on June 12, the Yugoslavs withdrew and British troops occupied Trieste. Immediately, all laws promulgated by the Yugoslav administration were annulled, including the law dealing with the restoration of property confiscated by the Nazis. Not before another nine months had passed did the occupation authorities again abolish the Nuremberg Laws.

General Order No. 44 issued by the H.Q. Allied Military Government 13th Corps on February 25, 1946, allowed the Jews of Trieste to resume their former names if they had adopted false ones during

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HEAVY SENTENCES ON CHALUTZIM

Arms Charge Against Religious Settlers

Heavy sentences were imposed last week-end by the Haifa military court on 24 Jewish settlers, the whole original male population of Birya, on a charge of illegal possession of arms. These settlers were arrested some time ago when an arms dump was said to have been discovered near the colony after an alleged attack on an Arab Legion camp.

Twenty of the colonists were sentenced to four years' imprisonment, with special treatment; Amnon Shpigel, aged 18, and Shmuel Bonfield, 17, were sentenced to two years' imprisonment each, and Yachve Avraham, 17, and Moshe Kehathi, 16, received one year each.

Before the verdict was pronounced, one of the accused made the following statement on behalf of himself and his comrades: "When we ascended the heights of Birya we knew we were coming to a dangerous spot. The neighbouring settlement of Ein Zeitim was twice destroyed by Arab bands, settlers were slaughtered and two were burned alive. We decided to protect our lives and the lives of our children. We cannot give up the right to self-defence even if it is prohibited by law. We should be ashamed not to be able to defend ourselves. We are ready for the sentence."

After the President had warned the accused that theirs was a grave offence liable to severe punishment, the defendants pleaded guilty to possession of arms. Counsel for the defence, Mr. Hofer Yishay, expressed the hope that the prosecutor would be fair to the defendants in presenting his case.

Certain Charges Withdrawn

The prosecutor said that he was prepared to withdraw charges of illegal military training and attack on police forces. He would also refrain from using documents found on the spot unless this was necessary in order to clarify the case as a whole. [The correspondent of a London paper alleges that the documents found concerned the structure of Hagana.] He was maintaining only the charge of illegal possession of arms.

The President said that the case was ripe for judgment but he was ready to hear the defence in order that extenuating circumstances could be laid before the court to make the passing of milder sentences possible.

Rabbi Meir Berlin, who was heard as a witness for the defence, explained the ideology of the settlers, who belong to Hapoel Hamizrachi. He spoke of their pioneer effort to redeem barren lands and emphasised the necessity for the settlers to be armed after many years of disturbances which had resulted in a large number of casualties, especially among the religious Jews in Safad.

Two former settlers in the deserted adjoining settlement of Ein Zeitim told the court that they had been compelled to leave their beloved colony after repeated attacks in which they suffered many casualties because the authorities gave them no protection and even refused permission for the appointment of Jewish guards at the settlers' own expense.

The sentences are subject to confirmation by the General Officer Commanding in Palestine.

PALESTINE DOMINION LEAGUE

Stability in the Middle East

A number of M.P.s were guests at a luncheon which was given at Grosvenor House on Monday by the Jewish Dominion of Palestine League.

Lord Strabolgi said that a study of the very able report of the Anglo-American Committee of Inquiry convinced them that the solution of their society was probably the most suitable as a long-term policy. That solution was to create the conditions under which Palestine could eventually become a self-governing Dominion of the British Empire. After all, he continued, the British Commonwealth of Nations was the most stable force in the world to-day in these difficult times, and it was the one successful system of collective security that had yet appeared. They believed that stability and peace in the Middle East could be brought about if Palestine could join this great brotherhood, and they had reason to believe the moderate Arabs in Palestine, who were in the great majority, would welcome this solution. They would become British citizens, they would get the full protection that that implied, and they particularly looked to the new rising middle classes in Palestine among the Arabs, who might in time become even more important than the present effendi class who for some centuries had claimed to speak for the whole of the Palestine Arabs.

Amity Between Jews and Arabs

They believed, went on Lord Strabolgi, that the Jews of Palestine, who would undoubtedly add to their numbers, and the Arabs could live together in peace and amity and develop that wonderful country and its great potential riches. The Committee's Report, which had declared against an Arab or Jewish State, seemed to them to point directly to a binational State which would eventually become a Dominion.

Lord Strabolgi, who recalled that two of their members had given evidence before the Committee, said they only asked that this solution should be examined, in view of recent developments. They were evacuating Egypt. At the same time they had vital interests in the Middle East. They spoke there, as members of the Jewish Dominion of Palestine League, who were Gentiles and Jews, but all British subjects, and they wanted to put the British case into the very forefront of this discussion. Palestine could play a great part in guarding British interests in the Middle East and they wanted to see Palestine a part of the family of nations to which they were all proud to belong.

Lt.-Col. Marcus Lipton, M.P., said he remembered that Herzl was fully convinced that it was going to be through England that Jewish aspirations would ultimately find expression.

Sir Patrick Hannon, M.P., said there was no time in the history of the British Commonwealth of Nations when it was so essential to give care

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ARAB RULERS' CONFERENCE

The two-day conference of Arab kings and presidents, called by King Farouk of Egypt, was held last week at the Inchass Palace, near Cairo. A statement on its conclusions was issued from the headquarters of the Arab League in the course of which the Arab rulers said they would oppose any further Jewish immigration into Palestine, which they would regard as a violation of the 1939 White Paper, to which, they claim, Britain is in honour bound. It was their duty, added the Arab rulers, to see that Palestine's Arab character was preserved, and the problem concerned all Arabs. Any disturbances in that country they suggested, "would be a threat to world peace," and the Arab countries, they state, hope that the cordial relations existing between them and the two great democracies will not be disturbed by those two countries' insistence on measures which would affect the rights of the Palestine Arabs.

MR. BEVIN'S BRIEF REFERENCE TO PALESTINE

Mr. Ernest Bevin, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, devoted 95 words of his big 94 minutes' speech in the House of Commons on Tuesday to Palestine. "If I may lead this tour," he said, "from the horizon and the troubles of Europe to those of the Middle East and Far East, I had better stop on my way, because I know that hon. members are interested in Palestine. The report of the Palestine Committee has been carefully studied by the United States and the British Governments. It has been circulated to the Jews and the Arabs. We await their observations, which I hope, in spite of public statements and demonstrations, will be constructive and assist in finding a permanent solution of this problem."

A member remarked afterwards: "Mr. Bevin stopped at Palestine, but not long enough to ask the time."

RESCUING JEWISH ORPHANS

Chief Rabbi Herzog's Mission to Europe

Palestine's Chief Rabbi, Dr. Isaac Herzog, who has been visiting various European countries to try and solve the problem of Jewish children in non-Jewish homes, was received in Brussels on Thursday of last week by Prince Charles, Regent of Belgium.

The following day he conferred with the Prime Minister, the Minister of Justice, and Cardinal Van Roey. Among the questions discussed were proposed legislation to enable the return to the Jewish Community of Jewish children now living in non-Jewish homes, and the possibility of granting temporary residence in Belgium to Jewish displaced persons and refugees.

In Ghent a parade of the Jewish Brigade Group was arranged in honour of the Chief Rabbi, who together with the Commander of the Brigade, Brigadier Ernest E. Benjamin, Rabbi Gold, and Chief Chaplain Jaffe, took the salute. Divine service, at which the Chief Rabbi officiated, was held after the parade.

Chief Rabbi Herzog also inspected the children's home of the American Vaad Hatzalah and addressed a public meeting in Brussels, and consulted with representatives of the American Vaad Hatzalah, and the Joint Distribution Committee.

Previously, Dr. Herzog had attended a conference in Montreux of representatives of Vaad Hatzalah committees in the United States, Palestine, and Europe.

Before going to Switzerland, Chief Rabbi Herzog paid a visit to Paris, where he met the French Prime Minister, M. Felix Gouin, with whom he discussed the possibility of issuing 5,000 French visas to Polish Jewish refugees.

In a conference with Jewish relief workers from all over Europe the problem of Jewish orphans in non-Jewish homes was dealt with. Dr. Herzog said that he was convinced that these children could be saved for the Jewish Community if the activities of all refugee organisations were co-ordinated.

Some details of this problem of the Jewish orphans in Europe were given in an interview to a Jewish Chronicle correspondent in Belgium.

Few people realise, our correspondent writes, that about 1,200,000 Jewish children were exterminated by the Nazis and that only about 20,000 remain. It was pathetic for Chief Rabbi Herzog to find in

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SITUATIONS VACANT

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HEAD cook (Orthodox) wanted for Dalston School Meals Centre; able to cater for numbers.—Apply Kosher Canteen Committee, 213, Amhurst Road, E.8.

HEBREW Teacher, Baal Korach, Shochet, required for provincial town; salary £350 per annum.—Address, 8,179, Jewish Chronicle.

SHORTHAND-typist wanted by Jewish Board of Guardians; salary according to qualifications.—Apply to the Secretary, 127, Middlesex Street, Bishopsgate, London, E.1, quoting G.1.

VISITING teacher for Jewish subjects required for 15-20 boarders at public school in Midlands; appointment may involve sleeping there Saturday night during term time and returning Sunday afternoon.—Applications, together with particulars of qualifications, etc., should be addressed to the Secretary, Jewish Memorial Council, Woburn House, Upper Woburn Place, London, W.C.1.

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ADVERTISING. Representatives (ladies and gentlemen) required to call on local traders in London Home, and Southern Counties; excellent media.—Write to Mr. N. Silver, The United Publicity Services, 328a, Kilburn High Road, N.W.6.

BUTCHER and poulterer wanted, must be Orthodox and able to porge; good wages for right man.—Apply L. Kay & Son, 41, Holdenhurst Road, Bournemouth, Hants.

BUYER required for large manufacturing and marketing organisation; must be fully experienced in buying raw materials, finished goods, and contracting out in metals, fabrics, plastics, and other mediums for group of companies giving wide service to the public; state full chronological history, salaries earned, references, and salary required.—Box 761, Armstrong-Warden Ltd., 69, New Oxford Street, London, W.C.1.

COMPETENT shorthand typist-bookkeeper.—Applications in own handwriting, stating experience, to Secretary (W.E.T.T.), Synagogue and (W.E.C.V.) Burial Society, 21, Dean Street, W.1.

EXPERIENCED saleladies required for gowns and coats; good pay, easy hours.—Apply 373, Queen's Road, Upton Park, E.13.

INSURANCE Brokers (London) require office manager; insurance and accounts experience desirable; good and progressive remuneration to man of right personality; apply, giving full particulars.—Address, 8,183, Jewish Chronicle.

JUNIOR clerk required, 14-16, good prospects, 5-day week. Address, 7,459, Jewish Chronicle.

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OFFICE boy required (aged 14 to 15) for newspapers office five-day week, good hours.—Address, 8,651, Jewish Chronicle.

PRODUCTION manageress for medium-class lingerie and blouses; must be able to control indoor factory, supervise pattern-cutting and grading; exceptional opportunity; well paid and permanent position for capable person.—Address, 7,488, Jewish Chronicle.

REQUIRED immediately, intelligent youth for busy City Accountants office; splendid prospects and good salary. Address, 8,114, Jewish Chronicle.

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WANTED for new factory opening in Hackney, designer, up-to-date, with modern ideas, for gowns, two-pieces, and jumper suits, must be able to grade patterns; permanent position; salary no object for the right person; factory and production manager or manageress; experienced cutter and assistants; forelady and passer; also experienced machinists, finishers, and pressers, indoor and outdoor.—Address, 7,489, Jewish Chronicle.

WANTED for new factory opening in Hackney in June; designer for children's wear with new ideas; also experienced production manager or manageress.—Address, 7,490, Jewish Chronicle.

DOMESTIC

A CAPABLE cook-general required; daily help kept; modern house; 3 in family; £3 per week, good outings. Apply Mrs. G., 127, New Church Road, Hove, Brighton, Sussex. Portslade 9243.

COOK-general, Orthodox, and house parlourmaid wanted for modern labour-saving flat in Hove, on sea front; good home, good outings, good wages.—Address, 8,121, Jewish Chronicle.

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DOMESTIC

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Enrolments are being accepted for a limited number of vacancies for the September term. An Entrance Exam. for new pupils will be held at the above addresses on Wednesday, June 19, at 9.30 a.m. Will parents kindly communicate with the Secretaries.

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PROFESSIONAL man would like accommodation as paying guest with family, London.—Address, 8,110, Jewish Chronicle.

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WANTED for 2 adults, 2 bedrooms from July 11 till July 25 in strictly Orthodox house; good location, quiet house.—Address, 8,167, Jewish Chronicle.

MISCELLANEOUS

DOHM LTD. pulverise raw materials everywhere.—167, Victoria Street, London, S.W.1.

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WEDDING PHOTOGRAPHS. Samuel Cooper, 490, Oxford Street, Marble Arch, W.1, are specialists in high-class wedding portraiture. Please book as early as convenient.

OTHER CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS WILL BE FOUND ON PAGE 4

THE
Jewish Chronicle
105th Year Established 1841
POST: INLAND 1½d. ABROAD ½d.

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BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, PERSONAL, Etc.
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Family announcements intended for the current week's issue must reach the Office not later than first post on Tuesday (births and deaths only, by first post Wednesday), except holiday weeks, when special times are announced.

Only recognised quotations are accepted for inclusion in family announcements.

THE JEWISH CHRONICLE reserves the right to refuse to insert any advertisement, even though accepted and paid for, and to make any alterations which may be necessary in order to maintain the standards of this newspaper.

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88, CHANCERY LANE, W.C.2.
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MANCHESTER Office: Northern Assurance Building, Albert Square, Manchester, 2 (BLAckfriars 7567).

In view of the paper shortage, announcements of family events, etc., will be, until further notice, limited to **three separate announcements** in any one issue of the paper.

BIRTHS

BARRISON.—On May 31, 1946, at Crumpsall Hospital (Private), to Joe and Zelda (née Sherr), the gift of a darling son (Michael Howard).—152, Downham Crescent, Prestwich, Manchester.

BECKER.—A son (Paul Melvyn) (a brother for Stuart) was born on Tuesday, May 28, 1946, at St. Mary's Nursing Home, Hendon, to Freda (née Hamber), wife of Benjamin Becker, 39, West Heath Court, Golders Green, N.W.11.

BRECKMAN.—A son (Joseph Harry) was born on June 1, 1946, to Stella (née Petrie), wife of Sidney Breckman, of 59, Willesden Lane, N.W.6 (a brother for darling Leon).

BROWN.—A son (Joel Harry) (a brother for Sydney) was born on May 29, 1946, to Mr. and Mrs. Nat Brown (née Lefowich), of 43, Craigwell Road, Prestwich, Manchester. American papers, please copy.

COLEMAN.—On May 26, 1946, a son (Stephen Melvin), to Marie (née Koor), wife of Emanuel (Manny) Coleman, of 37, St. Luke's Road, W.11.

FRANKEL.—On June 2, 1946, to Golda (née Greenbaum), wife of Harry Frankel, Flat 5, 26, Hanson Street, W.1, a daughter (Susan June) (טובה שרה).

GLASS.—On May 31, 1946, at the Standard Nursing Home, to Anna (née Stein), wife of Philip H. Glass, 38, Longwood Avenue, South Circular Road, Dublin, a son נחמן יח אל (Norman Jeffery).

GOTLIEB.—A son (Derek) was born on May 20, 1946, at the Amhurst Nursing Home, Amhurst Park, N.16, to Mattie (née Vapnick), wife of Walter Gotlieb, of 12a, Seymour Court, Cazenove Road, N.16 (a brother for Mervyn).

GREENSTONE.—On May 27, 1946, to Ann (née Jacowich), and Neville Greenstone, a daughter (Gillian Marsha).—"Coppice," Kirkella, East Yorks.

JASKEL.—On Monday, June 3, 1946, at 12, Lancaster Drive, N.W.3, to Fanny (née Brummer) and David Jaskel, a son.—72, Eton Rise, N.W.3.

JOHNSON.—On May 29, 1946, at the Middlesex Hospital, W.1, to Ray (née Kirsch), wife of Max Johnson, a darling daughter (Ann).—126, Windsor Road, Forest Gate, E.7.

LEVER.—A son was born on May 30, 1946, at Edgbaston Maternity Nursing Home, 21, Carpenter Road, Birmingham, to "Bobby" (née Pinson), wife of Harry Lever, Stanmore House, 268, Hagley Road, Birmingham.

ORDMAN.—A son (a brother for Chaim Cyril) was born on May 31, 1946, to Eta (née Veeder), wife of Major Lionel (Leo) Ordman, Army Dental Corps, M.E.F., of 4, Fort Road, Prestwich.

ROSENBERG.—On May 17, 1946, at the General Hospital, Sunderland, to Mr. and Mrs. H. Rosenberg (G. Kolson), a darling son.—7, Beauclerc Terrace, Sunderland.

STERN.—A daughter was born on Sunday, June 2, 1946, at Lancaster Nursing Home, 12, Lancaster Drive, N.W.3, to Toni (née Klausner), wife of Jack Stern, of 14, Cotswold Gardens, N.W.2.

WALTERS.—On Friday, May 31, 1946, to Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Walters (Netta Griver), a son (Michael Francis).—Cliffe Hotel, Margate, and 85, Lampard Grove, Stamford Hill.

BARMITZVAH

BROWN.—Ronald, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Johnny Brown, of 32, Bridge Court, Leyton, E.10, will read a portion of the Law at Clapton Synagogue, Lea Bridge Road, on Saturday, June 8, 1946.

ELMAN.—John, fourth son of Mr. and Mrs. H. I. Elman, 7, Crosby Road, Westcliff-on-Sea, will read a portion of the Law on Saturday, June 8, 1946, at the Alexandra Road Synagogue, Southend-on-Sea.

Barmitzvah—(Continued)

FREEDMAN.—Desmond Maurice, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Freedman, of 10, Rathdown Park, Dublin, will read Maftir and Haftara on Saturday, June 15, 1946, at Grosvenor Road Synagogue, Dublin. Kiddush after Service in the Synagogue Hall. Relatives and friends please accept this as the only intimation. No presents, please, unless Tree Certificates.

GRAFF.—Murray, only son of Dr. and Mrs. Jack Graff, of 27, Queen's Drive, Liverpool, 18, will read Maftir and Haftara on Saturday, June 15, 1946, at the Greenbank Drive Synagogue.

HYMAN.—Ian, youngest son of Dr. and Mrs. Morris Hyman, "Cravenhurst," 248, Stamford Hill, N.16, will read Maftir and Haftara on Saturday, June 8, 1946, at the New Synagogue, Egerton Road, N.16.

JACOBOVITCH.—Norman, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Myer Jacobovitch, of 33, Ridgmount Gardens, Gower Street, W.C., late of Bedford House, New North Street, W.C.1, will read Maftir and Haftara at the Bloomsbury Synagogue on Saturday, June 8, 1946. Kiddush after Service.

LEDERBERG.—Simon, only child of Mr. and Mrs. M. Lederberg, of 16, Catherine Road, Higher Crumpsall, Manchester, 8, will read Maftir and Haftara on Saturday, June 15, 1946, at the Heaton Park Hebrew Congregation, Middleton Road.

SHINE.—Bernard, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Shine, of 90, Narborough Road, Leicester, will read a portion of the Law at Leicester Synagogue on June 8, 1946.

ENGAGEMENTS

ASH : BLINDER.
ASH : SAMUELSON. }—Mr. and Mrs. H. Ash, of 29, Benthal Road, N.16, wish to announce the engagement of their daughter, Sylvia, to Luke, son of Mr. and Mrs. I. Blinder, of 42, Hornsey Road, N.7, and of their daughter, Edna, to David, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Samuelson, of Shoreham, Sussex.

BERESFORD : LACOME.—The engagement is announced of Hyman (Reg) Beresford, second son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Beresford, 57, Lambeth Street, E.1, to Kitty, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Lacome, 32, Cable Street, E.1.

BILLING : WEISBLATT.—The engagement is announced of Irene, twin daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Billing, 8, Parkhurst Court, N.7, to Maurice, second son of Mr. and Mrs. P. Weisblatt, 25, Leadale Road, Stamford Hill, N.16.

BOXER : WILSACK.—The engagement is announced of Philip Charles, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Boxer, 70, Neveravon Road, Chiswick, W.4, to Eve, youngest daughter of Mrs. D. Wilsack, 119, Navarino Mansions, Dalston Lane, E.8.

GOLDSTEIN : PIZER.—The engagement is announced of Minnie, daughter of Mrs. Louisa Goldstein and the late David Goldstein, 24, Sidney Street, E.1, to Oscar, eldest son of Mrs. Pizer and the late Mr. Pizer, of 11, Scarborough Street, E.1.

JACKSON : SALLIT.—The engagement is announced of Sidney, son of Mr. Samuel Jackson and the late Mrs. Annie Jackson, of Leeds, to Gertrude, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Sallit, of Hull.

LEWIN : LEVENSON.—The engagement is announced of Marjorie, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Max Lewin, 32, Frognal Court, N.W.3, to Maynard, eldest son of Mrs. Miriam Levenson and the late Nathan Levenson, 2, Frognal Court, N.W.3.

MARKS : LEVY.—The engagement is announced of L.Ac. Cyril Marks, R.A.F., only son of Mr. and Mrs. Myer Marks, of 6, White Conduit Street, Islington, N.1, to Alma, youngest daughter of Mr. Jack Levy and the late Mrs. S. Levy, of 14, Maybank Avenue, Sudbury Hill, Middlesex.

MOLYNEUX : ZEFFERT.—The engagement is announced of Ronald Molyneux, younger son of Mr. and Mrs. Leopold Mosias, of 93, Hendon Way, N.W.2, to Evelyn (Lynne), daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Zeffert, of "Evedene," Highview Gardens, Finchley, N.3.

MYERS : LEWIS.—The engagement is announced of Kitty, youngest daughter of Mrs. F. Myers, of 70, Manor Road, Stoke Newington, to Lionel, youngest son of the late Mr. and Mrs. M. Lewis, of 57, Kingsway, Wembley, Middlesex.

PEYSNER : ROSENTHALL.—The engagement is announced of Feiga, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Koppell Peysner, 7, Trenton Avenue, Anlaby High Road, Hull, to Jack, son of Mr. and Mrs. L. Rosenthall, 610, Anlaby Road, Hull.

ROSEN : WALDMAN.—The engagement is announced of Emanuel (Manny), youngest son of Mr. Maurice Rosen and the late Mrs. Rebecca Rosen, of "Neatdale," Middleton Road, Higher Crumpsall, Manchester, 8, to Rose, only daughter of Mr. Max Waldman and the late Mrs. Polly Waldman, of 384, Bury New Road, Higher Broughton, Salford, 7.

TURK : LONDON.—The engagement is announced of Bernard David Turk, of 24, Manor Hall Avenue, Hendon, N.W.4, to Rita, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. London, of 70, Wykeham Road, Hendon, N.W.4.

Miss Dora Goldstein, of 55, Porchester Gate, W.2, announces that her engagement to Mr. Harry Cohen, of 18, Craven Walk, N.16, has been terminated.

Miss Ray Sperling, of Treforest, S. Wales, wishes to announce the cancellation of her engagement to Mr. Myer (Monty) Feldman, of London.

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

COHEN : ROSENTHAL.—The marriage will be solemnised א"ה on Tuesday, June 11, 1946, at 1 p.m., of Israel, eldest son of Rabbi and Mrs. M. Cohen, 35, Denver Road, N.16, to Trude, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Rosenthal, Frankfort-on-Main, at the New Synagogue, Egerton Road, N.16.

WOOD : SAMUELS.—The marriage will be solemnised on June 12, 1946, at Singer's Hill Synagogue, of Lionel Maurice, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wood, 30, Selwyn Road, to Cynthia Joyce, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Samuels, 105, Trafalgar Road, Birmingham, 13.

MARRIAGES

GINSBERG : RUBENS.—Mr. and Mrs. Ginsberg, of 90, Sandringham Road, Dalston, wish to announce the marriage of their son, Walter, to Blanche Rubens at Great Portland Street Synagogue.

SILVER WEDDINGS

Mr. and Mrs. J. Coutts (Jessie Barkoff) have pleasure in announcing the 25th anniversary of their wedding on June 8, 1946.—115, Chatsworth Road, London, N.W.2.

JACOBOWIZ (Jacobs) : RURKA.—On June 8, 1921, Joseph Jacobs to Mary Rurka. "At Home" Sunday, June 9, 1946, from 4 p.m. Relatives and friends welcome. —50, Chandos Road, N.W.2.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Simons have pleasure in announcing the 25th anniversary of their wedding on June 15, 1946. "At Home" Sunday, June 16, from 3 to 6 p.m.—3, Cooldarragh Park, Belfast.

Mr. and Mrs. Isidore Wartski (Hannah Rosengold), of 70, Anson Road, Cricklewood, N.W.2, attain the 25th anniversary of their wedding on June 7, 1946.

DEATHS

AUERBACH.—On May 29, 1946, Stella, wife of Hyman Auerbach, of Liverpool, passed peacefully away at Grosvenor Villa, St. Mary's Road, Llandudno. Deeply mourned by her husband, children, daughters-in-law, and grandchildren.

BARANOFSKY.—On Tuesday, May 28, 1946 (כ"ז אייר), Rachael Baranofsky, of 37, Amhurst Road, E.8, late of 54, Brick Lane, E.1. Deeply mourned by her sons, daughters, sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, grandchildren, great-grandchildren, Mechutanim, and a large circle of friends. God rest her dear soul in peace.

BARANOFSKY.—On May 28, 1946 (Iyar 27, 5706), Rachael, wife of the late Solomon Baranofsky and beloved mother of Annie. Deeply mourned by Isaac, her son-in-law, Lily, Hilda, Harry, and Mark, her grandchildren, and Howard, her great-grandson, of 5, Amberden Avenue, Finchley. Her kindness, wisdom, and generosity will be remembered for ever. May her dear soul rest in peace.

BERGER.—On Tuesday, May 28, 1946, at 38, Eagle Lodge, N.W.11, Jacob Berger, after a prolonged and painful illness. Deeply mourned and missed by his loving wife Clara, daughters, Sadie, Pauline, Kitty, Bertha, and Marie. Also by his sister, Jane Kahn, sons-in-law, and grandchildren. May his dear soul rest in peace.

BLOOM.—On Wednesday, May 29, 1946, at 14, Louis Street, Leeds, 7, Betsy Bloom, relict of the late Isaac Bloom. Deeply mourned by her devoted daughters, sons, daughters-in-law, grandchildren, sister, brothers, sisters-in-law, brothers-in-law, nephews, and nieces.

BUCKS.—On June 1, 1946, Matilda (Tilly), aged 91 (relict of the late Charles Bucks), at 30, The Lindens, Birmingham, 32, passed peacefully away. Deeply mourned by her son, Walter, daughter-in-law, grandchildren, and relatives. May her dear soul rest in peace.

CRONENBERG.—On Saturday, June 1, 1946, Leah Cronenberg, beloved daughter of the late Louis and Rosa Cronenberg, passed peacefully away at the Brotherton Wing, Leeds. Deeply mourned by her brothers, Philip and Maurice, sisters, Mrs. Mortimer (London), Mrs. Leslie, Mrs. Herman, Mrs. Wilde (Edinburgh), Mrs. Nelson. Also by sisters-in-law, brothers-in-law, nephews, Roger and Philip (Pippy), and a host of friends. May her dear soul rest in everlasting peace.

CRONENBERG.—Leah Cronenberg. Deeply mourned by her affectionate cousins, Blanche, Lena, and Pamela Cohen.—21, Hamilton View, Leeds, 7.

FINEBLOOM.—On May 23, 1946, Mr. Louis Finebloom passed away at Boscombe General Hospital. Deeply mourned by his loving wife, Anne, sons, Isaac, Philip, Michael, daughters, Gertie, Jessie (U.S.A.), Leah, Ray, Stella, sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, and grandchildren. He was a good and devoted husband and father. May his dear soul rest in everlasting peace. American and Palestinian papers, please copy.

FRANK.—On Tuesday, May 28, 1946, Charles Frank, of 54, Corporation Road, Cardiff. Deeply mourned by his dear wife, son, daughters, and relatives.

GOTTLIFFE.—On May 29, 1946, at 14, Mexborough Drive, Leeds, after an illness bravely borne, Leo Gottliffe, beloved husband of Netta. Very deeply mourned by his loving wife, brothers, sisters, relatives, and a host of friends.

LASKIN.—On Tuesday, May 28, 1946, Sarah Laskin (née Hoppen), dearly beloved and devoted wife of Michael, and loving mother of Sylvia and Freda. Deeply mourned by her sorrowing husband, daughters, sons-in-law, grandson, brothers, sisters, all relatives, and friends.—6, Leamington Road Villas, Bayswater, W.2.

LASKIN.—On Tuesday, May 28, 1946, Sarah Laskin. Deeply mourned by her brother-in-law and sister-in-law, Jacob and Edith Laskin, nieces and nephews.—195, Brondesbury Park, N.W.2.

LASKIN.—On Tuesday, May 28, 1946, Sarah Laskin, dearly beloved sister of Woolf and Alec Hoppen. Deeply mourned by her brothers, sisters, sister-in-law, nieces, and nephews.—10, Riverside Drive, N.W.11.

LEWIS.—On May 29, 1946, at 14, Rushton Crescent, Bournemouth, Florence Evelyn Lewis, beloved mother of Madeline and Malcolm and dear sister of Harold Lazarus, Ada Fano, Ella De Saxe, Olga Lazarus. No mourning. No flowers.

MICHAELSON.—On May 26, 1946, Jesse Samuel Michaelson, dearly loved husband of Mabel Michaelson and much loved father of Gladys and Ronald.

PHILLIPS.—On May 26, 1946, suddenly, Moss, husband of the late Mary Plotsker, beloved father of Norman, and brother of Alf, Lena, and Ethel. Deeply mourned and missed by his sorrowing brothers-in-law, sisters-in-law, nephews, and nieces.—11, Lacrosse Terrace, Glasgow, W.2.

ROSS.—On Sunday, June 2, 1946, Esther, widow of the late Benjamin Ross, late of Brushfield Street, Bishopsgate, in her 83rd year. Deeply mourned by her sons, daughters, grandchildren, and great-grandchildren.—31, King's Crescent, N.4.

ZIFF.—On Monday, May 27, 1946 (נתן זיף), Nathan Ziff, of 5, Gwynne House, Turner Street, London, E.1, beloved husband of the late Fanny Ziff, passed away suddenly. Deeply mourned by his sorrowing sons, Max, Leonard, Israel, Michael, Sidney, daughter, Anne, sisters-in-law, brothers-in-law, son-in-law, daughters-in-law, nieces, grandchildren, and Mechutanim. He has departed from our midst, but will for ever remain in our hearts. May his dear soul rest in everlasting peace.

ZIFF.—On Monday, May 27, 1946, Nathan Ziff. Deeply mourned by his sorrowing grandchildren, Stanley, Barry, and Bernard, Howard and Helen. We will always remember him.

ON ACTIVE SERVICE

COOPER.—Mrs. L. Cooper, 163, Zetland Road, Doncaster (late of Harrogate), has received official notification that her son, A.C.1 G. M. Nathan, 940019, **died** on February 15, 1945, while a prisoner of war in Japanese hands, Borneo Sandakan, P.O.W. Camp.

IN MEMORIAM

DIED ON SERVICE

SILVERT.—In proud and sacred memory of our beloved son and brother, Lt. Philip Silvert (R.A.S.C., Airborne), who **gave his life** for his country on D-Day, June 6, 1944.—59, Leicester Road, Salford, 7.

BECKER.—To the cherished and tender memory of Blooma Becker, who died Sivan 7, 5701. Her noble and lofty ideals will be our inspiration for ever, and in our hearts there will always be the memory of a noble, selfless, Jewish mother and wife. May her dear soul rest in everlasting peace. From her husband, sons, and daughters.—102, Wentworth Buildings, Goulston Street, London, E.1.

COHEN.—In cherished and unfading memory of our beloved Bertha, who passed away May 22, 1945 (Sivan 10, 5705). Always mourned and so sadly missed by her loving mother (Mrs. Rose Cohen, Nottingham), sisters, brothers, sisters-in-law, Bessie and Anne, nieces, and nephews.

In Memoriam—(Continued)

FOX.—In treasured memory of my darling husband, Joseph, who passed away so suddenly on May 22, 1945 (Sivan 10). Sweet memories of his love and devotion will ever remain in the heart of his sorrowing wife, Helen. Unbearably missed also by his only child Cyril, and loving family and friends.—51, Rawlinson Road, Southport.

FOX.—Treasured memories of our dear son and brother, Joseph Louis, taken from us suddenly Sivan 10, 5705. Never forgotten by his broken-hearted father, mother, brothers, Sam, Jack, Arthur, and Dr. William Fox, sisters-in-law, nephews, and nieces. God rest his dear soul in everlasting peace.—"Borieux," Middleton Road, Manchester, 8.

FOX.—Cherished memories of dearest Joseph, who died May 22, 1945. Sadly missed by Jeanne, Sidney, Betty, and Muriel.

GARCIA.—In ever-loving memory of our dear husband, father, son-in-law, and brother-in-law, George, who died on June 13, 1943. We do not forget him, we loved him too dearly to let his memory fade from our lives like a dream. May his dear soul rest in peace.

MARCUS.—In cherished and revered memory of our dearly loved husband and father, Peter Marcus, who passed to his eternal rest on June 13, 1932 (Sivan 9, 5692). May his dear soul rest in everlasting peace.—130, Anson Road, N.W.2.

MAURICE.—In sweet remembrance of our dear Robert (Bobbie), a devoted husband and father, who died June 11, 1941.—Jennie and family.

MITTELBERG.—In loving and unfading memory of our dearly beloved mother חיה אימע (Yetta), who departed from us on ב' בסיון (June 3, 1944). Deeply mourned by her devoted children. May her dear soul rest in everlasting peace.—99, Ridgmount Gardens, Torrington Place, W.C.1.

POSTER.—Cherished and loving memory of Michael, our dear husband and father, who passed away June 5, 1941. Deeply mourned and sadly missed by his wife, children, and grandchildren. God rest his dear soul in peace.

RUSSELL.—In loving memory of my dear husband, Myer [illegible] Russell, who passed away June 8, 1939.

SHAPIRO.—In ever loving memory of our dear husband and father, Max Shapiro, who died May 31, 1931. Always remembered by his wife and daughters.—7, Buckingham Avenue, Liverpool, 17.

SWIFT.—In cherished memory of the late Sarah Eve Swift (April 20, 1920) and George Swift (June 8, 1946), of Liverpool. Ever in the hearts of their children and grandchildren.

WOOLMAN.—Fondest memories of Wilfred, who passed away Sivan 11, 5705. Always in the thoughts of his devoted wife and loving children, Aubrey, Nava, and Sybil.

MEMORIAL STONES

SUNDAY, JUNE 9

CANTER.—The memorial stone in loving memory of the late Maurice Canter, will be consecrated at Rice Lane Cemetery, Liverpool, on Sunday, June 9, 1946, at 2.30 p.m.—"Lynwood," 24, Cooper Avenue North, Mossley Hill, Liverpool, 18.

DRAPKIN.—The tombstone in loving memory of Bertha, widow of A. J. Drapkin, of London, will be consecrated at Layton Cemetery, Blackpool, on Sunday, June 9, 1946.—18, West Park Drive, Blackpool.

PHILLIPS.—The memorial in loving memory of Sophie (Cissie) Phillips will be consecrated at Marlow Road Cemetery, East Ham, on Sunday, June 9, 1946, at 3.30 p.m. Will relatives and friends kindly accept this as the only intimation.—Sandpit Hall, Mimbridge, Woking, Surrey.

SILVERT.—The memorials in loving memory of the late Barnett David Silvert and Lt. Philip Silvert will be consecrated at the Rainsough Cemetery on Sunday next, June 9, 1946. To be followed by unveiling of tablets at the Home for Aged Jews. Conveyance leaves 59, Leicester Road, Salford, 7, at 2.15 p.m. Will relatives and friends please accept this as the only intimation.

SUNDAY, JUNE 16

BARNETT.—The memorial stone in loving memory of the late Kate Barnett will be consecrated at Edmonton Cemetery on Sunday, June 16, 1946, at 2 p.m.—17, Kensington Park Road, W.11.

DAVIES.—The consecration of the memorial to the loved memory of Matilda (Tilly) Davies will take place at Ditchling Road Cemetery, Brighton, on Sunday, June 16, 1946, at 3.30 p.m. Will relatives and friends kindly accept this as the only intimation.

GABEL.—The memorial stone in loving memory of the late Charles Gabel will be consecrated on Sunday, June 16, 1946, at 4 p.m., at Marlow Road Cemetery. Will relatives and friends kindly accept this as the only intimation.

HERTZENSTEIN.—The memorial stone in loving memory of Jeremiah and Mary Hertzenstein, late of 10, Good Street, Stepney, will be consecrated at Edmonton Cemetery on Sunday, June 16, 1946, at 2 p.m.—70, Burgoyne Road, Harringay, N.4.

Continued on next page

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Memorial Stones—(*Continued*)

HUNT.—The memorial stone in loving memory of the late John (Jacob) Hunt will be consecrated at Willesden Cemetery on Sunday, June 16, 1946, at 2.30 p.m.

MUSIKENSKY.—The memorial stone in loving memory of the late Rose Musikensky, of 60, Dunsmure Road, N.16, will be consecrated at Edmonton Cemetery on Sunday, June 16, 1946, at 2 p.m.—5, Church Street, N.16.

NOSSEK.—The memorial stone in memory of Rielly Nossek, only son of Hyman and Hetty Nossek, will be consecrated at Marlow Road Cemetery, East Ham, on Sunday, June 16, 1946, at 2.30 p.m. Will relatives and friends accept this as the only intimation.

OSTERMAN.—The consecration of the memorial stone in dearest memory of Annie Osterman, our beloved wife and mother, will take place at Marlow Road Cemetery on Sunday, June 16, 1946, at 4.30 p.m. Will relatives and friends kindly accept this as the only intimation.—117, Plashet Road, Upton Park, E.13.

VANPRAAGH-STEELE.—The consecration of the memorial stone in treasured memory of my late dear husband, Sydney Cecil Vanpraagh-Steele, will take place at Willesden Cemetery on Sunday, June 16, 1946, at 3 p.m. Please accept this announcement as the only intimation.—224, East Lane, North Wembley.

HARRIS.—The consecration of the memorial to Sydney Harris, late of Croydon, took place on Sunday, May 19, 1946. Mrs. Harris and children wish to thank all kind relatives and friends who attended.

BIRTHDAYS, FELICITATIONS, ETC.

Miss Renee Averley, 43, Oldhill Street, London, N.16, congratulates her dear parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. Averley, 20, Tennyson Street, Nottingham, on the occasion of their Silver Wedding, June 8, 1946.

PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Bloom, of 143, Russell Road, Birmingham, desire to thank relatives and friends for their expressions of sympathy received following the loss of brother, Eph. Bloom.

Mr. J. W. Jackson, of 39, Clissold Court, N.4, sincerely thanks the clergy of Dalston Synagogue, his colleagues, the Hon. Officers, members of Board of Management, Mr. C. Littman, Secretary, Mrs. F. Woolf, Mrs. H. Shapero, Mrs. Wallach, Mrs. Landau, relatives, and friends for visits and kind messages of sympathy received, in the loss of his darling wife, Gertrude.

Mrs. B. Koor and family sincerely thank learned clergy, Synagogues, organisations, relatives, and friends for their messages of condolence and visits in their sad bereavement.

The family of the late Mr. Barnett Needoff, "Neuville," 268, Great Clowes Street, Higher Broughton, Manchester, 7, thank clergy, relatives, and friends for their kind messages of sympathy and visits in their recent sad bereavement.

Mrs. Sophie Rosenberg and daughter, sister Rebecca, and brother Ben, of 202, Grove Hall Court, St. John's Wood, thank their relatives and friends for their visits and messages of condolence during their week of mourning.

The family of the late Mr. Joseph Savage, 20, Faraday Avenue, Manchester, sincerely thank clergy, relatives, and friends for their kind messages and visits in their sad bereavement.

Mr. M. Simnock and relatives wish to thank relatives and friends for their condolences and kind letters of sympathy in their recent sad bereavement.—41, Beechwood Avenue, Finchley, N.3.

Mr. J. Waldman and family take this opportunity of thanking all those friends who have extended their condolences on the recent death of Mrs. Waldman.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Myers, of 3, Fawley Road, N.W.6, wish to thank their children, relatives, and friends for gifts, flowers, and telegrams on the occasion of their Golden Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Caplan return sincere thanks to relatives, friends, and the Executive and members of Childwall Hebrew Congregation for congratulations on the engagement of their daughter, Estelle, and the more recent messages of sympathy and goodwill occassioned by the illness from which Mr. Caplan is now happily recovering.—91, Dunbabin Road, Liverpool, 16.

Stanley Felce, exclusive ladies' and gentlemen's tailor, regrets to advise that he cannot accept new orders for the present, but hopes shortly to be able to do so.—4, Kingly Street, Regent Street, London, W.1. (Phone: REGent 5747.)

Personal—(*Continued*)

We bombed Caen and Falaise. The relief of Normandy through the establishment of settlements and maintenance of welfare services is now the first aim of the Association of Friends of the French Volunteers (A.V.F.) who are carrying on; all members of the A.V.F. and those wishing to help should communicate with local branches or with the Secretary, A.V.F., 92, Onslow Gardens, London, S.W.7.

Young lady, aged 28, tall, living London, N.16, engaged in secretarial work, desires to meet another lady about the same age, with a view to friendship. Interests, music, dancing, etc.—Address, 8,265, Jewish Chronicle.

'Phone Mrs. Mandl for party arrangements. NEW 'phone no. GLA. 7365. NEW address: 3, Dartmouth Road, N.W.2.

Klinger Plastic Tiles for floors, walls, and tables. Attractive colours. Easily fixed. Particulars and sample 6 in. by 6 in. tile 1/-, inclusive purchase tax, post free.—Fluid Glass Products, Ltd., Yeoman Street, London, S.E.8.

Millinery. Gertrude Harris (late Margot Carron, Kent House, Regent Street) has pleasure in announcing the early resumption of business in new Mayfair shop and would be glad to hear from former employees to whom priority will be given in filling vacancies.—Please write to 34, Clarendon Court, N.W.2. (Phone: WILlesden 1869.)

Mr. Trick has joined the staff of Dolls Court Hairdressers. All clients, old and new, will be welcome. For your hair appointments 'phone SPEedwell 2636.

Contact Lenses.—Mr. Wm. Sudder-Dean, F.B.O.A., F.N.A.O., consults by appointment for the advice and fitting of contact lenses.—Write for leaflet, M8, Finchley Road, Hampstead, N.W.3; 15, Montpelier Parade, Harrogate.

Gents' Formal Wear for Weddings and Social Functions. Write, 'phone, or call, at Kritz, Suite 24, 140, Park Lane, London, W.1. (MAYfair 4373.)

"My Hat! I must remember to send it to GUY'S!" Felt hats in large quantities are still one of our needs.—Appeal Secretary, GUY'S HOSPITAL, London, S.E.1.

Receptionists (Medical and Dental). Postal tuition to prepare for above professions; ten weeks for each course; moderate fees;—Write for interesting prospectus, enclosing 2½d., to, The Medical and Dental Receptionists Institute Ltd., Dept. 4, 23, Mount Park Road, London, W.5. (Phone, PERivale 1976.)

Spectacles repaired and relaced. Speedy service by qualified opticians. Hatton Optical Co., Ltd. (Director: M. Davidson, F.S.M.C., F.I.O.), 19, Hatton Garden, London, E.C.1. (Phone, HOL. 8193.)

Put new life into your hat. Try DABitoff, the quick-action dry cleaner. Convenient non-spill cleaning pad fitted in every bottle outlasts the cleaning fluid. A few rubs and dirty marks disappear. 1/9 everywhere. Chemo-Plastics, Ltd., 59/60, Old Bailey, E.C.4.

COMMUNAL NOTICES

קה"ק כנסת ישראל

UNITED SYNAGOGUE

BRONDESBURY SYNAGOGUE
Chevening Road, N.W.6

PREACHER, to-morrow (Victory Sabbath), Dayan Morris Swift.

CENTRAL SYNAGOGUE
Hallam Street, W.1

CHOIRMASTER, Bass, and Contralto required.—Apply to the Secretary, 36, Hallam Street, W.1.

HENDON SYNAGOGUE
Raleigh Close, N.W.4

PREACHER, to-morrow (Sabbath), Rabbi Dr. E. Neufeld, M.A. (Candidate for office).

STOKE NEWINGTON SYNAGOGUE
Shacklewell Lane, E.8

ASSISTANT Beadle required.—Apply Secretary stating qualifications.

CRICKLEWOOD SYNAGOGUE
Walm Lane, N.W.2

THE latest date for applications for the vacant post of Minister is extended to Friday, June 21, 1946.

BRIXTON SYNAGOGUE HEBREW AND RELIGION CLASSES
Effra Road, S.W.2

ARRANGEMENTS are now complete to convey new pupils from Streatham and district to the above classes; car will wait at St. Leonards Church, 9.45, Telford Avenue 9.55, and will return children to these points after lessons. It is hoped that parents will take advantage of these free facilities.

EALING AND ACTION DISTRICT SYNAGOGUE
15, Grange Road, Ealing, W.5

SECRETARY (part time) required.—Applications, in writing to the Secretary, United Synagogue, Woburn House, Upper Woburn Place, W.C.1.

EDGWARE DISTRICT SYNAGOGUE
Mowbray Road

READER, this (Friday) evening and to-morrow (Sabbath) morning, June 7 and 8, the Rev. E. Newman (Candidate for office).

HIGHAMS PARK AND CHINGFORD SYNAGOGUE CLASSES
Marlborough Road, E.4

TWO teachers required. Sundays 10 a.m. to 12 noon; Wednesdays and Thursdays 4.30 to 6.30 p.m.; salaries according to qualifications and experience.—Applications to the Secretary.

MINISTERIAL APPOINTMENTS

(A) APPLICATIONS are invited for the office of Minister (whole-time) at the following Synagogues: Central Synagogue, 36, Hallam Street, W.1; Brixton Synagogue, 49, Effra Road, S.W.2 (residence available). (B) Applications are invited for the office of Reader (whole-time) at the Brixton Synagogue, 49, Effra Road, S.W.2. Applicants must be both able and willing to carry out the duties associated with a Minister of Religion taking full part in the congregational life, and able and willing to carry out the traditional reading of the sacred Scrolls required to be read at Synagogue Services.

Details as to the salary-scales can be obtained on written request to the Secretary, United Synagogue, Woburn House, Upper Woburn Place, W.C.1.

Applicants should be under 45, unless already in the service of the United Synagogue, must have (or be able to obtain) the Chief Rabbi's Certificate, and must pass a medical examination. Duties are as defined by the Laws, Byelaws, and Regulations of the United Synagogue, with such other duties as the Council or Board of Management may from time to time assign, including, if required, supervising and/or teaching in Hebrew and religion Classes. The election and engagement are subject to the Laws, Byelaws, and Regulations of the United Synagogue.

Applications must be in writing, stating age, qualifications, experience, etc., accompanied by **copies** of testimonials, and must reach the Synagogue concerned (addressed to the Honorary Officers) not later than June 28, 1946.

HIGHAMS PARK AND CHINGFORD SYNAGOGUE
Marlborough Road, E.4

KOSHER butcher required for above districts; good prospects; Jewish population 600.—Apply Secretary.

SOUTH LONDON

AT the Brixton Synagogue Memorial Hall, Effra Road, S.W., on Wednesday, June 19, at 8 p.m. prompt. Address by Mr. Hyman Stone, member of the Council of the A.J.A., on "An Anglo-Jewish Approach to our Problems." In the Chair: Mr. Thomas Edgar. All are welcome. No collection.

CENTRAL EXAMINING BOARD
Under the auspices of JEWS' COLLEGE, LONDON.
Woburn House, W.C.1.
PASS LIST

Diploma A.: Ephraim Rosenbloom (1)*, Schifra Strizower (1)*.
Intermediate.: Amandus Czollack (1), Hyman Israel Feldman (distinction) (8), Leslie Mockton (6), Tojwie Rafalowicz (1).
Intermediate Part I: Helen Horowitz (completed) (2), Moses Mannes (1), Barnet Salzman (3), Anna Shur (4).
Intermediate Part II: Solomon Camissar (completed) (1), Hilda Kosiner (2), Harry Singer (2), Noemi Tamaschoff (1).
School Certificate: Norman M. Oster (8), Emanuel Bennett (5).
*Subject to passing the Practical Teaching Test.
Classes: (1) Jewish Higher Education Centre, (2) Brick Lane Talmud Torah, (3) Great Garden Street Talmud Torah, (4) Glasgow Hebrew College, (5) Leeds Talmud Torah, (6) Manchester Yeshiva, (7) Dublin Talmud Torah, (8) Private Study.

M. STEPHANY, Secretary.

DERBY HEBREW CONGREGATION

APPLICATIONS are invited for the position of Shochet, Teacher, and Reader; living accommodation will be obtained; salary £400-£500.—Write to the Hon. Secretary, Mr. A. Carr, 85, Curzon Street, Derby.

MANCHESTER JEWISH BOARD OF GUARDIANS
184, Cheetham Hill Road, Manchester, 8

FULL-TIME Welfare Officer and Deputy Clerk. Owing to the withdrawal of successful candidate this position is again vacant, and applications are invited, including members from the Forces, stating age, qualifications, experience, and salary required, to the Hon. Secretaries.

MIDDLESBROUGH HEBREW CONGREGATION

THE above Congregation have a vacany for a Chazan, Reader, Teacher, and Shochet.—Apply, giving full particulars, age, and references, to Hon. Secretary, Nat. Craster, Clipstone, 93, Cambridge Road, Linthorpe, Middlesbrough.

ST. ANNES HEBREW CONGREGATION
Orchard Road, St. Annes-on-Sea

INVITE applications for position of Minister and Headmaster.—Please give full details to Hon. Secretary, L. S. Jeffay, 18, Cartmell Road, St. Annes.

SUNDERLAND HEBREW CONGREGATION
Ryhope Road Synagogue

THE services of a first-class Chazan required by the above Congregation; a good remuneration and position is offered to suitable applicant.—Please reply to R. Granham, Esq., Hon. Secretary, 149, Alexandra Road, Sunderland.

WITHINGTON CONGREGATION OF SPANISH AND PORTUGUESE JEWS

APPLICATIONS are invited for the position of Chazan/Minister to the above Congregation. Candidates will be required to have an extensive knowledge of the traditional Sefardi Liturgical Melodies, the ability to preach, and to intone the Sefer.—Applications with full particulars as to age, academic qualifications, testimonials, and any other relevant information, should be addressed to the Secretary, Synagogue Chambers, Queen's Road, West Didsbury, Manchester, 20.

PERSIAN HEBREW CONGREGATION
5a, East Bank, N.16

EXPERIENCED Hebrew Teacher required; two-hour lessons three times weekly: Palestinian pronunciation.—Please apply in writing to Rabbi C. K. Baddiel, 17, Amhurst Park, N.16.

AUCKLAND (N.Z.) HEBREW CONGREGATION

APPLICATIONS are invited for the position of Teacher and Choirmaster.—Write, stating age, qualifications, and experience, to Box 8,247, Jewish Chronicle.

PUBLIC NOTICES

Pursuant to the Trustee Act, 1925.
SARAH HENRIQUES, deceased

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Sarah Henriques late of 4, Holmesdale Gardens Hastings in the County of Sussex, Spinster who died on the 30th day of August 1940, and whose Will was proved in the Principal Probate Registry at Llandudno on the 25th day of October 1940 by Paul Goodman the sole Executor thereof are required to send written particulars to the undersigned by the 20th day of August 1946, after which date the Executor will distribute the deceased's Estate having regard only to valid claims then notified.

DATED this 28th day of May 1946.
LINDO & CO.,
34, Coleman Street, London, E.C.2.
Solicitors for the Executor.

EDUCATIONAL

THE
LONDON COLLEGE OF MUSIC
Great Marlborough Street, Regent Street, W.1
DIRECTOR: DR. H. BROMLEY-DERBY, M.V.O.
PRIVATE TUITION AT MODERATE FEES IN PIANO, SINGING, VIOLIN, ORGAN, ELOCUTION, ETC.
PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS IN MUSIC AND ELOCUTION HELD IN APRIL, JULY, AND DECEMBER
TEACHING PROSPECTUS OR EXAMINATION SYLLABUS ON APPPLICATION TO THE SECRETARY
'PHONE: GER. 6120

NORTH-WEST LONDON JEWISH DAY SCHOOL
28, Minster Road, N.W.2. (HAMpstead 2055.)

OWING to the formation of additional classes, the school is able to take a limited number of new pupils aged 5 to 8.—Parents should communicate with the Secretary immediately, as we have a waiting list for next term.

ARTICLES FOR SALE OR WANTED

ARK for sale, able to hold about 15 Scrolls; offers invited. Apply by letter to 155, Park Road, N.W.4.

BRIDAL veil, large tulle, must be in excellent condition; also orange blossom head-dress; separately or together; full description.—Address, 8,185, Jewish Chronicle.

HEBREW typewriter urgently wanted for use in Displaced Persons' Camp in Europe; gift would be welcome; willing, if necessary, to purchase.—Address, 8,227, Jewish Chronicle.

FURNITURE FOR SALE OR WANTED

BEAUTIFUL modern 4-piece bedroom suite, birdseye Maple (walnut edged), consisting wardrobe, tallboy, desk/dressing table, and stool.—To view 'phone PRImrose 2189, R., Aberstone, 90, Holmefield Court, N.W.3.

FOR SALE: Inlaid mahogany bedroom suite, 10 pieces, 5 ft. fitted wardrobe, 2 single beds, dressing table, chest of drawers, pedestal cupboard, 2 chairs, overmantle, towel rack. £450.—Rose, 29, Firsby Road, Stamford Hill, N.16. (STAmford Hill 6571.)

SALES BY AUCTION

BOURNEMOUTH. West Cliff. Excellent freehold private hotel premises, adjacent to cliffs; 30 bedrooms, 3 bathrooms, good public rooms; for sale by auction June 27.—Apply Fox & Sons (Hotel Dept.), 44-52, Old Christchurch Road, Bournemouth. ('Phone: 6300.)

POOLE. Well-known family and commercial hotel premises, in centre of town and adjacent to station; 22 visitors' bedrooms, large hall, garage (for 15 cars, etc.); site half-acre; auction sale June 27.—Apply Fox & Sons (Hotel Dept.), 44-52, Old Christchurch Road, Bournemouth. ('Phone: 6300.)

MESSRS. DE GROOT & CO. (R.G. de Groot, F.S.I., F.A.I.) will submit the following freehold residence for sale by public auction at the London Auction Mart, 155, Queen Victoria Street, E.C.4, on Wednesday, June 19, 1946, at 2.30 p.m.:

50, WOODLANDS, GOLDERS GREEN, N.W.11.

The accommodation comprises 4 bedrooms, 3 reception rooms, breakfast room, kitchen, bathroom, garage, etc.
VACANT POSSESSION ON COMPLETION

Particulars and conditions of sale obtainable from the auctioneers at their offices: 44, Bedford Row, W.C.1. (CHA. 8431/2.); 338, King's Road, S.W.3. (FLA. 2351.)

G.R.
By Order of the Home Office—without reserve

SALE BY AUCTION of approximately 130 cars and load-carrying vehicles, including 12 cars by Austin, Morris, Daimler, and Ford; 20 trucks by Guy, Ford, Bedford, Morris Commercial, Dodge, Austin; 100 lorries by Bedford, Fordson, Dodge, Dennis, Morris Commercial; to be held at the N.F.S. Depot, Clarkes Road, Ilford, on Thursday, June 20, 1946, at 11 a.m. Auctioneers: Mark Lieli & Son, 109, Fenchurch Street, E.C.3, 153, High Street North, East Ham, and 143, Bow Road, E. ('Phone: ROYal 5454.) On view 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., Tuesday and Wednesday, June 18 and 19 (admission to view and sale by catalogue only, price 6d.).

BUSINESSES WANTED

URGENTLY required businesses of all descriptions; write; representative will call.—Russell Gunton Ltd., 4, Broad Street Place, London, E.C.2. Also at Nottingham, Huddersfield, Kettering, and Colchester.

WANTED by genuine buyer, a sound retail business, one in which previous trading experience is not essential; living accommodation preferred but not necessary in N.W. London ample cash available.—Write in confidence, BM/MIDD, London, W.C.1.

BUSINESS PREMISES, SHOPS, PROPERTY, ETC., TO LET OR FOR SALE

BOURNEMOUTH. Large corner shop, 6 windows, moderate living accommodation; thickly populated thoroughfare; freehold, £5,000.

BOURNEMOUTH (Westbourne). Lock-up shop; 20 years' lease; £150 p.a.; £500 premium.

BOURNEMOUTH (Southbourne). Lock-up shop; short lease; £150 p.a.; £150 premium.

BOURNEMOUTH. Freeholds of two prominent adjoining shops and upper parts for sale; Old Christchurch Road; near Arcade, producing £1,000 p.a. exclusive; price £35,000. J. Grower and Co., F.V.A., Grosvenor House, Westbourne, Bournemouth, W.

EXTENSIVE freehold property for sale; prominent position East Coast town; suitable restaurant, dance hall, concerts, etc.; fully licensed; just decequisitioned; £18,000.—Address, 8,120, Jewish Chronicle.

HAMPSTEAD. Large detached freehold property, comprising approximately 40 rooms, bathrooms, lounges, and garages, etc; fully furnished; ideal for communal centre; price £21,000.—Sole Agents, Lewis & Tucker, 14, Connaught Street, W.2. (PADdington 9425/4171.)

WHITECHAPEL. Trustees sale of compact block of 8 shops with upper parts, two lock-up shops and dwelling house; let to sound tenants; producing £1,870 per annum with future increase; lease about 44 years; price £9,500.—Sole agents, Wenlock & Taylor, F.A.I., Kensal Rise, N.W.10. (LAD. 0122, Investment Dept.)

WHITECHAPEL. Trustees sale; five shops with upper parts, and 2 lock-up shops; busy position, producing £1,070 per annum; lease about 46 years; price £4,500.—Sole agents, Wenlock & Taylor, F.A.I., Kensal Rise, N.W.10. (LAD. 0122, Ext. 6.)

STAMFORD HILL. Bergholt Crescent; well-built house let to 2 tenants, producing £92 per annum after rates, w.r., and ground rent; lease 39 yers; price £750.—Sole agents, Wenlock & Taylor, Kensal Rise, N.W.10. (LAD. 0122, Ext. 6.)

STAMFORD HILL. Fairholt Road; soundly built house let as 2 flats, producing £70 per annum, subject to repairs; lease about 32 years; price £600.—Sole agents, Wenlock & Taylor, Kensal Rise, N.W.10. (LAD. 0122, Ext. 6.)

CLAPTON. Three clean weeklies, producing £107 per annum, nett.; lease about 37 years; price £900 or close offer.—Wenlock & Taylor, Kensal Rise, N.W.10. (LAD. 0122, Ext. 6.)

WHITECHAPEL. Block of 40 clean self-contained artisan flats, producing £684 per annum, subject to repairs; lease 37 years; price £6,250.—Wenlock & Taylor, Kensal Rise, N.W.10. (LAD. 0122, Ext. 6.)

LEWISHAM. Block of 12 pre-war self-contained flats, let at low rents, producing £332 per annum, nett.; price, freehold, £4,750.—Wenlock & Taylor, Kensal Rise, N.W.10. (LAD. 0122, Ext. 6.)

MODERN houses. Several blocks for sale from £2,500 upwards; East and N.W. suburbs; freehold and long leasehold.—Apply Wenlock & Taylor, Kensal Rise, N.W.10. (LAD. 0122, Ext. 6.)

CHISWICK. Sound shop investment, busy position; let on F.R. & I. lease for 21 years without break at £150 per annum, exclusive; low rent, with poss. of future appreciation; recommended; price £2,700. freehold.—Wenlock & Taylor, Kensal Rise, N.W.10. (LAD. 0122, Ext. 6.)

WILLESDEN. Modern block of 3 shops, all let F.R. & I. leases to established tenants; freehold, to show nearly 7 per cent net.—Wenlock & Taylor, Kensal Rise, N.W.10. (LAD. 0122, Ext. 6.)

BLOCKS of flats and shop investments for sale.—Apply, Wenlock & Taylor, Kensal Rise, N.W.10. (LAD. 0122, Ext. 6.)

OTHER CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS WILL BE FOUND ON PAGE 2

ARE you a good mixer? Certainly, if you mix your Pink Gin, and Cocktails, with VALSANA, the stimulating bitters.

M. Stern & Sons
(ESTABLISHED 1890)
36, COLVESTONE CRESCENT, Dalston, E.8
CATERERS OF DISTINCTION
'PHONE: CLISSOLD 4208
(9 a.m. to 6 p.m.)
Under supervision of the Kashruth Commission

Parliament

INCIDENT AT BELSEN

Government's Version of Demonstrations

A "private notice" question by Mr. Sydney Silverman in the House of Commons last Friday elicited a statement by Mr. John Hynd, Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, on events in Bergen Belsen camp. Mr. Silverman asked if the Minister had any statement to make about clashes and casualties reported to-day between Jewish displaced persons at Belsen and British troops, whether he was aware that those conflicts were the result of a decision by military government to prevent by the use of British and Polish armed forces ingress and egress to and from the camp, and what steps he proposed to take.

Mr. Hynd replied: I have made preliminary inquiries and find that the incident arose in the following way. During the last two or three weeks there has been a very serious increase in crime, including rape, robbery, and murder, in the area around Bergen Belsen camp. After consultation with the police, the Military Commander decided that it was essential to deny ingress to and egress from the camp, whilst investigations were carried out. A proclamation in Polish, German, and English was posted and British infantry, not Polish troops, were used to cordon off the camp. The troops available were not sufficient to keep the camp closed, and Jews not only crossed and re-crossed the boundaries of the camp but staged demonstrations and processions. The main procession marched to the gates of the camp in an attempt to force their way through the soldiers. The troops exercised the utmost restraint. There was no shooting whatsoever, but a British police officer used a low-pressure fire hose on the demonstrators until ordered not to do so by a British military officer. The only casualty was a British soldier slightly injured by a stone thrown by one of the demonstrators. There was no serious disorder.

Mr. Silverman: Has the cordon round the camp now been lifted?

Mr. Hynd: I have no official information on that, but I am informed that the cordon at the camp was lifted yesterday.

Earl Winterton: Are the persons in this camp under arrangement to go to America, or are they there indefinitely?

Mr. Hynd: The final disposal of the people in this camp, both Poles and Polish Jews, has not yet been finally decided.

Mr. Silverman's Gratitude

Mr. Silverman: Is my hon. friend aware that the speed and energy with which he has acted at very short notice, for which I am very grateful, has probably prevented a catastrophe which we should all have deplored? Will he impress upon the authorities on the spot that these people have lived through years of unimaginable horror, that their future is still dark and obscure, and that there is a limit to human endurance, even theirs?

Mr. Barnett Janner: Will the Minister give instructions that very careful consideration be given to the conditions of these heroic men and women in view of the very serious difficulties through which they have had to pass? These people have now been in camp for over a year. They are almost in despair because they have no indication that they are to have access to Palestine, which they want to enter as speedily as possible.

Mr. Hynd: While we thoroughly appreciate the difficulties and the psychology which must develop among these unfortunate people in the conditions under which they have had to live, at the same time it is only fair to say that the accommodation, food, and amenities which have been provided and are now available is a burden upon ourselves. In reply to Mr. Silverman, I should not like it to be thought that there has been anything of a particularly unusual character about these incidents, or that the fact that the incident is closed is due to any intervention on my part. What I have conveyed to the House is the story of what has happened. So far as I know, and according to unofficial information, I think that the incident is closed, that the camp is no longer cordoned off, and that there have been no casualties except that of a British soldier hit by a stone thrown by one of the demonstrators.

It is only right to point out that the official version of this incident which Mr. Hynd read out disagrees in certain material respects with an account of the events which we received from a most reliable source. According to this the trouble arose not because of the temporary closing of the camp boundaries, but first because of an official notice which gave rise to the impression that the authorities were resorting to collective punishment, and secondly, because of the offensive and jeering behaviour of German crowds gathered outside the camp.—Ed. J.C.]

PALESTINE CONTINGENT

Squadron-Leader Fleming, K.C. (Con., Withington), asked the Colonial Secretary whether any contingent of the Palestine Regiment had been invited to take part in the Victory parade on June 8.

Mr. Hall replied: The Palestine Regiment will be represented at the Victory Parade by a detachment 16 strong. The total strength of the Palestine Contingent is 54, made up as follows: Palestine Regiment 18 (comprising Jews and Arabs); Transjordan Frontier Force 18 (British and Arabs); Palestine Police 18 (British, Jews, and Arabs). Of these, 48 will march—16 from each source.

We rely on YOUR Generosity

Help us to help those who, through sickness, are unable to help themselves, and who look to us to ease their burdens. Please give generously.

JEWISH HOME of REST, Birchlands Ave., S.W.12

NATURALISATION

Mr. G. B. Drayson (Con., Skipton) asked the Home Secretary how many refugees from Nazi oppression had been granted British naturalisation since January 1, 1946, and how many of those had served in His Majesty's Forces.

Mr. Ede replied: Since January 1 much preliminary work has been done on claims for priority made on the several grounds which I announced, and a large number of cases are in various stages of advancement. Among the certificates actually granted to those who lodged their applications for naturalisation before November, 1940, it is estimated that about 250 have been granted to persons who can be classified as refugees. They include a few who have served in His Majesty's Forces, but the scheme for dealing with applications for priority on the ground of service with His Majesty's Forces did not come into effective operation until April, and it is only now that the first batches of recommendations from the examining tribunals are reaching me.

Mr. Quintin Hogg (Con., Oxford): Can the right hon. gentleman say what is the number of certificates granted in the relative period, so that we can see what proportion the 250 bears to them?

Mr. Ede: The total number of naturalisation certificates between January 1 and April 28, 1946, was 716. That includes all classes of naturalisation. I may say that we are getting the first dribbles at the moment, and I have no doubt that the stream will flow much more freely in a few weeks' time.

Mr. Peter Thorneycroft (Con., Monmouth) asked how many distressed persons had, in fact, been enabled to rejoin their relatives in this country under the scheme announced on November 13, 1945, specifying the numbers admitted from each country on the Continent, from the British zone in Germany, and from the camps for displaced persons in Europe.

Mr. Ede: 924 foreigners have so far been identified as arriving under the scheme for distressed relatives, but large numbers are known to be awaiting transport facilities. The statistics are based on arrivals at ports in the United Kingdom and do not show the place from which the individual started their journey.

VOLUNTARY WAR WORKERS AND THE CELEBRATIONS

Y.M.C.A.'s Strenuous Efforts

From Mr. LEONARD G. MONTEFIORE, O.B.E.
(Chairman, Jewish Hospitality Committee)

To the Editor of THE JEWISH CHRONICLE

SIR,—I understand and share Mr. Rubens's regret at the absence of any representative of the Jewish Hospitality Committee from the march in the Victory Parade of organisations affiliated to the members of the Council of Voluntary War Work.

The Secretary of the C.V.W.W. has written to say that "The selection of those to take part in the march was made by a Home Office Committee without any representative from the Council or even reference to us (the Council of the C.V.W.W.). The Home Office have consistently refused to make any alteration to those originally selected by the above-named Committee." The writer continues, "It is a matter for special regret that an organisation with a record such as the Jewish Hospitality Committee has had to be omitted from the Parade, but I can assure you that everything possible has been done in the matter so far as the Council of Voluntary War Work is concerned though our efforts have been unsuccessful."

Mr. Z. L. Willis, the General Secretary of the Y.M.C.A., writing to Mr. Simon Jacobs on May 29, says, "Please let me take this opportunity of saying again how very concerned and distressed I have been and still am by the refusal of the Home Office to agree that the Jewish Hospitality Committee should be represented in the Parade. Happily, neither you nor your Committee need any assurance that I have done everything within my power to overcome this."

Obviously on a parade of this kind, the number of organisations and individuals in the Parade has to be strictly limited, and there is not the faintest reason to suppose that any other than technical considerations of space and numbers influence the Home Office decision. Many other organisations who would like to have been included have had to be omitted. None the less, it is a very great pity that the J.H.C. flash will not be seen on this historic occasion.

I am, &c.,
LEONARD G. MONTEFIORE

37, Ludgate Hill, E.C.4

BOARD OF GUARDIANS

Proposed Change of Name

From Mr. SIDNEY BOLSOM

To the Editor of THE JEWISH CHRONICLE

SIR,—I note that Mr. Basil Henriques intends moving a resolution to change the name of the Jewish Board of Guardians. I gathered from a former report in THE JEWISH CHRONICLE that it would need a special Act of Parliament to make this legal, and that Mr. Henriques would be pleased to spend £500 of the Board's money (the approximate cost) to do this. The reason he gave, if I remember rightly, was that there was very little relief needed and hardly any Jewish poor.

I note, however, in this week's report in THE JEWISH CHRONICLE, that there has been an increase of 50 per cent in the Relief Committee's expenditure for the first quarter of this year compared with last year. I feel sure that Mr. Henriques's proposal, if carried, will cost the Board many legacies and the loss of many contributors.

As an old member of the Board, and a subscriber, I strongly protest that contributors' money should be wasted in such a useless manner, and the time of Parliament be taken up with such unnecessary matters in these difficult times. I trust that the resolution will be turned down in no uncertain manner at the annual meeting on June 20.

I am, &c.,
SIDNEY BOLSOM.

Lyndhurst,
Rosecroft Avenue, N.W.3.

[The project was voted upon at a meeting of the Board in April and reported in THE JEWISH CHRONICLE issue of the 12th of that month. Twelve voted in favour and twelve against. The President, Sir Lionel Cohen, then said that he felt he had to give his casting vote against the change, as such a step should not be taken unless there was a substantial majority in favour.]

UNITED SYNAGOGUE

Ministers' Salaries Raised

The Council of the United Synagogue, at its meeting held on Monday evening at the Adolph Tuck Hall, Woburn House, adopted, among other matters, the report of the Special Committee set up in March, 1944, to go into the question of local Combined Charities Funds; and recommendations by the Executive to raise the scale of salaries of Ministers and the Dayanim.

Sir Robert Waley Cohen presided. He began by dispelling a rumour which he said had got around that an appointment had been made to fill the vacancy of Minister at the Cricklewood Synagogue. The vacancy was, in fact, he said, still very wide open and no decision had been reached, and in order to make sure that every possible candidate was made available the date for applications had been extended.

Answering a question by Mr. J. Mendel as to whether his attention had been drawn to a speech made by Mr. H. Waris against the Visitation Committee, Mr. P. Goldberg, and the United Synagogue, at the annual meeting of the New Synagogue, the Chairman said he had no statement to make. The matter was noticed by Dr. Denis Geffen, Chairman of the Visitation Committee, with whom it rested, and he had said that some weeks before the speech he had set up a special Committee to go into these very matters.

Mr. J. Mendel further asked whether the President could indicate to the Council the action taken by the Hon. Officers in connection with the vacancy for the election of the Chief Rabbi.

The President having replied that they were proceeding in accordance with their constitution, Mr. Mendel wanted to know whether he could indicate what progress had been made.

Sir Robert replied: "I don't know that any progress is made in the appointment of a person to a vacancy until the person is actually appointed."

New Salary Scales

On the motion of Mr. Frank Samuel, the report of the Executive was adopted and approval was thereby given to increased salaries for Dayanim, a new scale of salaries for Ministers and Readers, to the declaring of vacancies for Ministers to the Central, Great, and Brixton Synagogues, and to the conferment of the title "Emeritus" on the Rev. I. Goldston in respect to the office he held for many years at the New West End Synagogue. Authority was also given to the Executive to treat as urgent the matter of acquiring new premises for the Beth Din. (Sir Robert informed the Council that the Hon. Officers were in negotiation for a building.) The report also included an item regarding the purchase of freehold property near the Hammersmith Synagogue, which the President described as an early effort in the direction, to which the Council attached so much importance, of acquiring premises for activities around the Synagogue.

Mr. Arnold Hertzberg moved the adoption of the report of the Special Committee set up in March, 1944, "to consider and report as to the desirability or otherwise of authorising the establishment of local "Combined Charities Funds" and the administration of such funds, and suitable regulations in the event of its being considered desirable to establish or carry on such funds."

The Committee, he said, had found that half the Synagogues had already set up, in varying forms and under varying titles, funds of the nature envisaged in the Council's resolution. It reached the decision that Combined Charities Funds at Synagogues were not only desirable but necessary, and recommended that they should be administered as far as practicable on a uniform basis by regulations to be drawn up for the purpose. The Committee had drawn up model regulations largely dealing with financial arrangements for such funds.

Reference Back Suggested

There was considerable discussion on the report and its reference back was moved. The objections raised were that autonomy would be taken away from the local committees, that it would enable members not to fulfil their fullest responsibility towards charity, that rival funds might be set up, one attached to the Synagogue and one dissociated from it.

Mr. Frank Samuel pointed out that there was nothing in the report which would oblige any Synagogue to have a Combined Charities Fund, or, if it had one not associated with the Synagogue, to bring it under the aegis of the Synagogue. It only laid down that if the name of the constituent Synagogue, and, therefore, the United Synagogue, were associated with the fund, certain rules should be observed.

Finally the report was adopted by a large majority.

The report of the Building Fund was adopted on the motion of Mr. P. M. Rossdale. It included a programme of renovations and repairs to a large number of Synagogues.

Mr. S. Spanjer moved the report of the Welfare Committee and paid tribute to those who had carried on under great difficulties during the war. He appealed for greater support from local communities for the Youth Fellowship scheme.

The War Damage Committee's report was also adopted.

Mr. Lionel Cohen, Sir Robert Waley Cohen, Mr. Leo Elton, Dr. M. Epstein, and Messrs. S. Josephs, T. M. Landau, Isaac Landau, H. Schiff, C. M. Shaw, S. E. Sklan, P. Taylor, and G. J. Tibber were elected representatives at the Board of Deputies; Sir Robert Waley Cohen, Dr. M. Epstein, and Mr. Frank Samuel, delegates to the London Board for Jewish Religious Education; Mr. Leo Elton to the Sabbath League; Mr. Lawrence Jacobs to the Jewish Board of Guardians. Mr. A. Wingate was elected Treasurer of the District Synagogues Council, Messrs. A. Wingate and M. A. Amias were elected to the Committee re Affiliated Congregations; and Mr. Alfred Woolf to the Standing Committee re salaried officers and other employees.

MR. E. PHILLIPS, formerly superintendent of the Plashet and West Ham cemeteries of the United Synagogue, has succeeded Mr. H. Amias as resident superintendent of Willesden Cemetery.

THE COUNTRY BANKER

'. . . . he kept a pack of hounds and dwelt in patriarchal style among his people—hospitable, freehanded and popular. He might be seen at times seated under the great elm . . . chatting with his neighbours.'

SO, in the last century, the country banker inspired and held confidence: the evidence of his worth was plainly to be seen. The rising tide of industrial development with its demand for a service which few private firms could provide caused the virtual disappearance of the country bankers, but on the firm foundation which he had created, the Westminster Bank continued to build, so that it is today able to offer a service which, in its scope and complexity, might be a source of some astonishment to those pioneer bankers of other days.

WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED

UNION OF ORTHODOX CONGREGATIONS

The Interests Of Kelal Yisrael

"The umbrella for Jewish Orthodoxy in this country," was how Rabbi Dr. S. Schonfeld described the Union of Orthodox Hebrew Congregations, when he spoke at the annual meeting of the Council of the Union, which was held on Sunday at 126, Green Lanes, N.16.

The President of the Union, Mr. G. Berger, was in the chair.

Dr. Schonfeld said they stood before a new epoch in the annals of British Jewry. A new element had emerged—a strong and lively element. They now had every institution necessary for a Kehilla. True, they were weak numerically, but they carried out a terrific lot of work.

Through their schools and refugee work, their fine Talmud Torahs, their *batei medrashim* and Synagogues, and their *mikvaot*, they were winning recognition. Theirs, he stressed, was the only institution which had saved *taharat hamishpacha* in this country.

Mr. H. A. Goodman said by their work in the last 20 years they had shown what it was to be a Jewish kehilla. They were not interested merely in the London or the Manchester kehilla but in that of Paris, Antwerp, Belsen, and even Jerusalem.

Speaking of the Board of Deputies, he said that unless, during the next period, the Board gave organised Orthodoxy the possibility of working together on all problems affecting Jewry, not in the interests of any party but in those of *kelal Yisrael*, they would say, "All these parties do not interest us and we shall create a representation of Orthodox Jewry in Great Britain which shall represent our interests. We shall be prepared to work together with the Deputies in all ways in which it is possible to work together. If not, we shall go our own way."

In the course of the discussion on the annual report, Mr. Frankel said he had asked someone why he did not belong to the Union and he had replied that it was because the Union was not a *kelal Yisrael* organisation.

To Serve the Whole of Jewry

Dr. Schonfeld said the Jewish Community must know that the Union existed to serve the whole of Jewry without regard to party, and all the work they did was *lishmah*. They were not a party organisation.

The question of education was raised, and the point was stressed by Mr. Rabinowitz that there should be a Jewish day school in every Jewish district.

The report pays a tribute to the late Chief Rabbi, who, it says, was a friend of the Union, which was associated with him in many of his spheres of activity.

The following resolutions, moved by Dr. Schonfeld on behalf of the Executive Committee, were carried:

"This Council of the Union of Orthodox Hebrew Congregations and Council of the Burial Society resolves that a levy of 1½ per cent should be imposed on all fees of contributions by the affiliated Synagogues, and that this amount should be paid to the Board of Orthodox Jewish Education."

"This Council requests all officers of affiliated Synagogues to arrange for the collections of these sums and to help in financing Jewish education."

The following is the result of the elections:

Messrs. G. Berger, President; H. A. Goodman and E. Nussbaum, Vice-Presidents; H. M. Lunzer, Treasurer; Rabbi S. Baumgarten, Dr. J. Braude, Mr. J. Weil, Rabbi A. M. Babad, and Messrs. P. Landau, D. Lichtig, and M. Goldstein, Executive Committee; H. A. Goodman, M. A. Retter, R. W. Oppenheimer, and M. Schwartz, Representatives at the Deputies. Mr. H. A. Goodman was elected to the Advisory Committee for Ecclesiastical Affairs.

UNITED SYNAGOGUE
Under the auspices of the Welfare Committee
A Conference of Synagogue Youth Committees and Representatives of Jewish Youth Organisations
To discuss THE UNITED SYNAGOGUE YOUTH FELLOWSHIP
will be held on
TUESDAY, JUNE 18, at 6 p.m.
at ADOLPH TUCK HALL, Woburn House
Chairman: Dr. ISRAEL FELDMAN.
Speakers: the Rev. M. BERMAN, M.B.E., B.A., the Rev. I. I. SWIET, the Hon. EWEN E. S. MONTAGU, O.B.E., K.C.
DISCUSSION
Tea will be served between 5 and 6 p.m.

JEWISH RELIEF UNIT
THIS WEEK'S REQUEST
TOYS, GAMES, and all EDUCATIONAL EQUIPMENT
for children, aged 0 to 16, be sent to the A.J.R., 1, Broadhurst Gardens, N.W.6

THE PALESTINE PROBLEM AND ITS SOLUTION
By Dr. Siegmund Kaznelson
A NEW SCHEME: National Separation; Territorial Partition and No Minorities
A new volume just published in Jerusalem
Wood-free paper in cloth, 12/-; War paper edition, 10/-. Postage 6d.
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THE FEDERATION OF SYNAGOGUES

New Joint Secretary Appointed

The General Council of the Federation of Synagogues, at its meeting on Sunday, at 64, Leman Street, E.1, endorsed the recommendation of the Hon. Officers and Finance Committees and unanimously appointed Mr. H. Lewis as Joint Secretary of the Federation, at a salary and representation expenses of £1,000 a year. (Mr. Lewis was at one time headmaster of the West Hampstead Jewish Day School, and held a Government appointment during the war.)

Mr. Aaron Wright, the President of the Federation, presided over the meeting.

Reporting on the proposed opening of a Synagogue in West Hampstead, Mr. Wright said that they had succeeded in getting the larger building of this property and the hall derequisitioned. They had the nucleus there of a fine congregation, which he hoped would prove a source of strength to the Federation as a whole.

Mr. A. Mann reported on a number of meetings held in connection with the opening of a new Synagogue in Willesden, and said that there were bright prospects there. The building, which needed decorating, had been a modern school, and they proposed opening a kindergarten there.

Fuller Use of Rabbis' Services

The Council was asked to vote £1,500 for the work of the Vaad Harabbonim to cover emoluments, for a trial period, to Rabbanim for duties specified as follows in a report on the subject:

"The Hon. Officers and Finance Committees have considered a scheme submitted by Rabbi Kopul Rosen, after consultation with the Rabbis of Federation Synagogues, for the fuller use of the services of the Rabbis on behalf of the Community. Such services would include arrangements for the answering of Shaalot on definite days in various parts of London where a Rabbi is not at present available; the giving of Shiurim; the supervision of Mikvaot; supervision of Kashrut in certain institutions after discussion and agreement with the Kashrut Commission, and other work."

Dr. B. Homa, Chairman of the Federation, said that he regarded this matter as of prime importance not only to the Federation but also to the Jewish Community as a whole. They had in the Federation a number of Rabbis, and it was necessary that they should be given opportunities of carrying out all the functions that went with the development of a Jewish Kehilla. When he looked round London and saw vast areas in which thousands of Jews were living, and no single provision was made for elementary things such as the answering of Shaalot, he thought such a state of affairs was a disgrace.

Mr. M. Pugachow said he thought that it would be better to give the Rabbis increased salaries rather than grants which would cause competition for each particular piece of work.

Mr. L. Nirenstein and Mr. J. Kahan both said that some of the Rabbis objected to the grants being made for a trial period.

The Chairman said that the Federation did not pretend that this was the solution of the economic problem of the Rabbis. One of these days they hoped to provide the salaries that the Rabbis ought to have. The problem was a much bigger one than £1,500 a year. They did not demand these services from their Rabbis. Their business was so to organise things as to give them the opportunity of rendering these services and to give them a very modest honorarium in recognition.

After further discussion, the recommendations were adopted.

London Board of Mikvaot

Mr. A. B. Olivestone said that the Executive some months ago set up a special committee which studied the whole question of the London Mikvaot and they found that conditions were deplorable. It was found that the work of reorganising and rebuilding the Mikvaot was too big a task for the Federation itself, and so a London Board of Mikvaot was set up on which were represented various Orthodox congregations in London. An appeal was being issued for £25,000.

He moved a recommendation of the Hon. Officers and Finance Committees that £1,000 a year for the next two years be allocated for the London Board of Mikvaot; of this, £500 be paid to the Board immediately, and the matter be further considered in six months' time, when a detailed report of the Board's activities will be available. The necessary financial resolution was included in the agenda of the Burial Committee.

It was further recommended that the General Council agree to send six representatives to the London Board of Mikvaot.

This was agreed to.

The Chairman, moving a recommendation for the appointment of a new Joint Secretary to work with Mr. Julius Jung, their present Secretary, said that in the past year their work had increased tenfold and it was necessary to expand their executive machinery by such an appointment. Mr. Jung had been their Secretary for 21 years—a very difficult period in the history of the Federation—and they all knew how much energy, devotion, and loyalty he had put into his work. Their work had now become extraordinarily heavy, and it was unfair and intolerable that the burden of it all should fall on one man.

The new post, continued the Chairman, had been advertised and a considerable number of candidates interviewed. The Selection Panel recommended Mr. Lewis, and this was endorsed by the Hon. Officers and Finance Committees.

After a discussion, the recommendation was unanimously agreed to.

The following were elected as the Federation's representatives at the Board of Deputies: Messrs. S. Gerstler, J. Goldberg, A. Glassman, M. Lederman, S. Sherwood, and Aaron Wright.

A meeting of the Burial Committee was then held, and financial resolutions were adopted, co-terminous with those passed at the Council meeting and providing for the allocation of £1,500 for the work of the Vaad Harabbonim during the next year, and £1,000 a year for the next two years for the London Board of Mikvaot.

Tributes were paid to the work of Mr. H. Steinhart, the Gabbai of the Hon. Chevra Kadisha, for his work.

SEFARDI CONGREGATION

Changes In Services Again Debated

The second adjourned meeting of the Yehidim of the Spanish and Portuguese Synagogue, held for the purpose of considering various changes recommended by the Elders in the Divine Service, took place on Sunday at the Vestry offices of the congregation in Heneage Lane, E.C.3.

The meeting, over which Mr. Charles Sebag-Montefiore presided, opened with Mr. Vivian I. Gaster's moving a resolution under whose terms the meeting would decide that further discussion be adjourned for six months, with a view to reconsideration of the proposals by a Joint Committee of representatives nominated by the Mahamad and of those opposing the proposals, and that this Committee should also examine alternative methods of retaining the full interest of the younger Sefardim.

There was, said Mr. Gaster, very strong opposition to the precise proposals which had been put forward. Some were questions of departure from their ritual as they had known it. The suggestions themselves were, to his mind, slightly confused, as they seemed to suggest shortening the service on the one hand and lengthening it on the other.

The motion was seconded by Mr. Raphael de Sola, who said they did not want two parties in the Congregation.

Avoiding a Split

In replying to the discussion that followed, the Parnas-Presidente, Mr. Robert N. Carvalho, said they welcomed the suggestion that if possible these differences should be resolved without their coming to a head in the form of a division. He made it clear that anything that was ever brought before the Yehidim or the Elders must have the sanction of the recognised ecclesiastical head of the Congregation.

The motion was eventually carried in amended form, as follows:

"That this meeting of Yehidim, while appreciating the care and attention which has been given by the Elders to the proposals put forward, decides that further discussion be adjourned for six months (with the exception of Ib), with a view to their reconsideration by a Committee to be nominated by this meeting, and that this Committee should also examine alternative methods of retaining the full interest of the younger Sefardim."

The necessary Committee was elected.

The meeting agreed to the proposal Ib that, "to improve decorum by preventing the entry of worshippers into the body of the Synagogue during the rendering of the Kedusha and the Blessing by the Cohanim, as well as during the taking out and the return of the Sefer to the Echal, a cord should be placed across the doorways when these parts of the Service are reached.

CENTRAL BRITISH FUND

How Jewish Brigade Helped D.P.s

Major Edmund de Rothschild presided at a meeting convened by the Finchley Social Circle at the Finchley District Synagogue on Wednesday of last week and described some of his experiences with the Jewish Brigade in helping to alleviate the distress of the surviving Jews they met in Europe after VE Day.

At that time they were in Northern Italy, where they met the first Jewish D.P.s. Many who heard that there were Jews in uniform who had been fighting came flocking over the border, and they passed them on down to the heel of Italy, which was the nearest place from which they could get to Palestine, as so many of them wanted to go there.

There were two classes for rehabilitation, those who would be able to settle down again in their old communities—in Greece, Italy, and France for instance—and those who would never be able to do so. Those they hoped and prayed would be allowed to go to Palestine with the 100,000 certificates recommended by the Committee.

Major de Rothschild recalled that they were the first troops in British uniform to enter the American zone. When they came to Mannheim, they found across the gates the word "Judenrein." Their convoy, with himself in the leading vehicle, on which there was a large Magen David, passed through streets lined with Germans. The cry went up, "Die Juden kommen." From among the crowds a small knot of people ran out and kissed the Magen David, crying "Shalom."

Gave Up Their Rations

They of the Brigade gave up their rations to those people and tried to succour them to the best of their ability, just as, when they were in Italy, they had helped the refugees there in various ways.

Life in Europe was still chaotic, Major de Rothschild concluded, and he mentioned, among other things, what the Central British Fund was doing, the Marrainage Scheme, and the contribution they had made to the Youth Aliyah for building children's homes in Palestine.

Mr. Oscar Joseph gave some of his impressions of his recent visit to Italy, Greece, and Austria. The conditions in the camps in all those places were similar. In no case were they good; in some cases they were extremely bad. The worst part of their suffering, however, was the mental torment, the uncertainty of their future, which was eating into their very souls. About 5,000 in Italy were on Hachsharah and these people were less discontented. They at least had something to look forward to.

Mr. Joseph spoke of the work which the Central British Fund had done since its inception, and said that of the million pounds appealed for since last year they had had £720,000 in cash and promises, of which just over £300,000 was in actual cash. They had spent nearly all their resources, and unless they could enlist the support of the whole community there was a serious danger that their work would have to be curtailed.

The Rev. M. Bloch moved a vote of thanks to the speakers.

CHIEF RABBI'S COUNCIL

Relief Work in Poland

[COMMUNICATED]

Dayan H. M. Lazarus presided at a recent meeting of the Executive of the Chief Rabbi's Religious Emergency Council, when special consideration was given to the question of appeals.

Delegates of provincial Representative Councils attended and stressed the need for clarity. They had, it was stated, discussed the matter with the late Chief Rabbi and had made certain recommendations. These were accepted by the meeting, and provincial representatives were co-opted on to the Chief Rabbi's Council. It was agreed that only one appeal annually should be issued by the Council to cover all its affiliated charities.

Dayan Grunfeld and Captain Samuel Hertz drew attention to the pending Memorial Appeal in honour of the late Chief Rabbi, and it was decided to invite the co-operation of the Representative Councils in this scheme.

Rabbi Dr. Schonfeld reported on his second visit to Poland. He stressed the importance of the activities of the Vaad Hakehillot (Zrzeszenie Religijne Zydow Polskich), established as a result of the efforts of the Chief Rabbi's Council. This central office, it was reported, controlled and supported the religious and welfare activities of over 50 Kehillot, 40 soup kitchens, two orphanages, a number of schools, and other religious institutions. The Vaad Hakehillot, in association with the Polish Rabbinate, stated Dr. Schonfeld, was carrying on extensive activity in connection with the recovery of Jewish orphans from convents and the homes of Polish peasants, and it was engaged in the problem of Jewish emigration from Poland, as well as in the reception of the tens of thousands of Polish Jewish repatriates from Russia.

The United Jewish Relief Appeal and its affiliated bodies, it was added, had allocated approximately £10,000 for relief and rescue work in Poland, and it was decided to approach the Central British Fund for a substantial grant for the Polish Jewish Communities.

Mr. Arthur Mozes, the Supplies Officer of the Council, has reported on his recent visit to Prague, Vienna, and Budapest.

JEWISH ORPHANS IN EUROPE

Chief Rabbi Herzog's Efforts

From Miss S. WEINBAUM
(Secretary, World Union Hapoel Hamizrachi)

To the Editor of THE JEWISH CHRONICLE

SIR,—Mr. Arieh Handler, our Executive Director, has just returned from a four-week visit to the Continent which he undertook on behalf of Youth Aliyah and Hapoel Hamizrachi. He visited Holland, Belgium, France, and Switzerland, where he endeavoured to acquaint himself, in particular with the position of Jewish youth in those countries.

In the course of his visit, he also met the representatives of the Mizrachi and Hapoel Hamizrachi in Eastern Europe.

The problem of Jewish children in non-Jewish homes is one of the most serious facing Jewry to-day, and Mr. Handler's impression is that there are more Jewish children in these homes than is generally or officially acknowledged. In fact, there is a tendency to underestimate the number, and the problem as such has scarcely been tackled in any adequate manner.

For this reason Rabbi Herzog's present visit to the Continent is so very opportune. His contacts with the State and Church bodies in all these countries has already had a stimulating effect. It will take some time before really concrete results are achieved, but it is now up to the Jewish Communities in these countries to follow the lead Dr. Herzog has given and to continue the work of rescuing the children.

One of the first steps will have to be to place funds at the disposal of the Chief Rabbi so that homes can be set up for the children. Further, 100 Madrichim, teachers, and youth leaders will have to be sent to Europe for the sole purpose of searching out the children and then living together with them in homes.

The main work of rehabilitation will start, as Dr. Herzog has said, when the children arrive in Palestine, but at the moment the task is to find the children and place them in Jewish surroundings.

I am, &c.,
S. WEINBAUM.

Albany Mansions,
Charing Cross Road, W.C.2.

LONDON BOARD OF MIKVAOTH

Permanent Fund to be Established

From Mr. ISAAC LANDAU (*President*) & Others

To the Editor of THE JEWISH CHRONICLE

SIR,—As reported in your journal recently, a London Board of Mikvaoth has been established. This Board is representative of all Orthodox sections of the Community and is not affiliated to any one organisation.

It is our intention to care for all existing Mikvaoth, to improve and renovate them, and to establish new facilities for Taharath Hamishpachah wherever the need arises. We are at the moment actively concerned with the establishment of a suitable Mikvah in the East End of London, and are also considering erecting a modern one in North-West London. During the war, many of the London Mikvaoth were destroyed by enemy action, and this fact has led to the neglect of the vital Mitzvah of Taharath Hamishpachah which goes to the very root of the purity of Jewish family life. We are of the opinion that by creating adequate and attractive facilities, greater adherence to this fundamental principle of Judaism would result.

We are launching an appeal for the purpose of helping to maintain the existing Mikvaoth, and to form the beginning of a fund to build fresh ones when conditions permit. We appeal to the Community to respond generously to our appeal, and to send their donations to the Treasurers, London Board of Mikvaoth, 19a, Leman Street, E.1.

We are &c.,
ISAAC LANDAU
OSCAR PHILIPP } Vice-Presidents
S. E. SKLAN
ABA BORNSTEIN } Treasurers
HUGO LUNZER
A. B. OLIVESTONE } Secretaries
J. BRAUDE

Office of the Federation of Synagogues,
64, Leman Street, E.1.

The Refugees

INTERNATIONAL REFUGEE ORGANISATION

Specialised Autonomous Body Proposed

[*From our Correspondent*]

The Special Committee on Refugees and Displaced Persons, appointed by the Economic and Social Council of Uno to set up a new International Refugee Organisation, has completed its report to the Council, after sittings lasting eight weeks.

When, last Friday, I asked Mr. Hector McNeil, Chairman of the Special Committee, how long he envisaged the proposed new International Refugee Organisation would have to remain in being, he replied, somewhat vaguely, that a term of three years had been mentioned.

Sir George Rendel (United Kingdom delegate) dissented, and suggested five years.

It is a decision that will have to be made finally by the General Assembly of Uno; for the degree of permanency of the new body will depend not upon humanitarian but political factors.

This is made clear in the comments of the Rapporteur, Mr. R. Bousquet (France), which appear as a preface to the Report, which was agreed to in final plenary assembly last week.

This Special Committee is still in being, for they may be called upon by the Economic and Social Council when considering the recommendations.

They began their work on April 8 and finished on June 1. They had the difficult job of making proposals for the settlement on the international plane of more than 3,000,000 human beings.

From the first it was clear that unanimous decisions would not be made. There was almost always a difference of opinion between the countries of origin of refugees and displaced persons (the so-called Slav bloc) and the countries of temporary reception.

However, the Committee did perform some essential tasks. They did define the extent and nature of the problem and draw up the charter of the proposed new body. By majority vote, the Committee decided in favour of a specialised autonomous body of a non-permanent character.

The next steps rest with the Economic and Social Council and the General Assembly. Speed of action is vital. Mr. McNeil hopes that a body of some sort will be able to begin operations soon after September. Let us hope he is not being too optimistic.

Senator Arthur H. Vandenberg has announced that he has been officially advised by the U.S. State Department that the American Representative on the Inter-Governmental Committee on Refugees has been instructed to favour adoption of Nansen passports or their equivalent for the benefit of displaced persons or so-called Stateless persons in former war areas.

160,000 POLES FOR BRITAIN

The "Observer's" Bitter Conclusion

The OBSERVER in a recent issue made the following comment upon Mr. Bevin's decision to admit General Anders's Army of 160,000 Poles to settle permanently in this country:

One hundred thousand Polish soldiers of the Anders army will soon land on British soil. Their political outlook—for this has been a political army *par excellence*—is at least controversial. Old hostility and more recent experiences of exile in Russia have driven many of those soldiers into an absolutely irreconcilable attitude towards their country's eastern neighbour. The grievance against Russia has rankled so strongly that quite often they have vented it in a most extravagant manner. Where they were stationed in Italy, no Left Wing party—whether Communist, Socialist, or only Liberal—could feel safe from their wrath and vengeance.

Nevertheless, many of them fought bravely side by side with the British, whose Government is now repaying to them a debt of honour by accepting them into the British community. Great Britain is thus demonstrating to the world that, true to its tradition, it still offers asylum to those who believe themselves to be politically homeless, though the people who are now coming over here are certainly not the Huguenots of our time.

It is impossible not to think in this context about another, more unfortunate, category of people whom the war has condemned to terrible uprootedness and homelessness—the few Jewish survivors of Belsen, Auschwitz, and other extermination camps. The survivors of Belsen are still living near the place of their torture—in the British zone, and spending their days there in enforced, dreary idleness and hopeless expectation of relief. They are fewer in numbers than the Anders army—probably one-tenth of it. Yet no country in the world has yet offered them asylum, and no Government has shown itself sympathetic enough to organise them into some sort of a Resettlement Corps, in which they could train for new life. The glory of the uniform is apparently incomparably greater than that of "the martyr's gore."

Criticism in "Evening Standard"

The EVENING STANDARD of Monday contained an article by Charles Winstone entitled "The Polish Invasion" on the same subject.

"How many," he asks, "of the 160,000 Polish troops whom the British Government have agreed to enrol in a Resettlement Corps located in this country fought in the German Wehrmacht during the war?"

He goes on to estimate that 30,000 of these Polish immigrants enlisted in the German Wehrmacht during the war and fought not with Great Britain but against her. These ex-German soldiers, he explains, are of course the last people to apply for repatriation to their native land whatever promises of amnesty may be held out to them.

"So British citizens," he complains, "are now being asked to welcome into their homes some 30,000 of their ex-enemies. This intolerable imposition has been foisted upon them by a Government which, it seems, has not bothered to investigate a question which closely affects every citizen in the country."

COL. L. H. GLUCKSTEIN, K.C., presided recently at Friends House, Euston Road, when an address was delivered to a large gathering, under the auspices of the Union of Liberal and Progressive Synagogues, by Rabbi Dr. I. I. Mattuck, on "The Jewish Way of Life: The Guidance of Judaism for the Individual and Society," the third and last lecture of a series.

Land of Israel News

PREPARING FOR THE 100,000

Jewish Agency Negotiating Big Loan

Negotiations are being conducted by the Jewish Agency with American financial groups for a big loan to finance the absorption of 100,000 immigrants and to carry out extensive development plans in Palestine, it was reported in Jerusalem last week.

The Jewish Agency, it is believed, is to purchase the hutments and equipment of American military camps in the Near East for transfer to Palestine to house new immigrants. Six special camps are to be erected during the next few weeks at various points in the country and are to be made ready for the reception of immigrants.

The Jewish Agency in Jerusalem has received news from America that the United States Government will take care of the transport of 100,000 Jewish immigrants from Europe if the recommendation of the Anglo-American Committee is approved.

ZIONIST CONGRESS FIXED FOR DECEMBER 23

The 22nd Zionist Congress will open in Jerusalem on December 23. This was decided on by the Jewish Agency Executive in Jerusalem on Monday night. They issued instructions that elections of delegates shall be held not later than October 23 and all Shekel accounts must be closed not later than August 23.

REFUGEE SHIPS AT HAIFA

Police Seek Their Confiscation

Hearings on the request of the police for the confiscation of the refugee ships Tel Hai and Charles Wingate were opened at the Haifa Prize Court last week-end.

Counsel for the defence argued that the vessels were apprehended by British naval craft outside Palestine territorial waters and that, therefore, there was no infringement of the Order making vessels entering Palestine territorial waters in order to land illegal immigrants liable to confiscation.

LAST GROUP UNDER WHITE PAPER QUOTA

The last immigrants to be admitted to Palestine under the White Paper quota of 75,000 certificates disembarked on Sunday at Haifa from the Rumanian vessel Transylvania.

The ship arrived last Friday, late in the afternoon. On board were 230 immigrants, all of them in possession of immigration certificates. They included 80 Chalutzim and young people from Rumania and 150 immigrants from Bulgaria. Those from Bulgaria were the last group of immigrants to whom certificates out of the balance of the White Paper schedule has been allotted.

Ten Jews attempting to enter Palestine from the Lebanon last week-end were arrested by Lebanese police.

ERITREA DETAINEES RETURN

A group of 23 Jews who had been detained in the Asmara camp in Eritrea have been brought back to Palestine, where they are at present interned in the camp at Latrun. They were expected to be released within a few days.

A full list of the returned prisoners is not yet available, but it is understood that they include Dr. Shimshon Yunichman and Mr. Eliahu Meridor.

GOVERNMENT'S GIFT TO UNIVERSITY

Mr. J. Rosen, Manager of the Ultra Electric Company of Great Britain, who has arrived in Palestine to take part in a big scientific conference now taking place in Rehovot, told representatives of the press last week that the British Government had donated a large number of physical instruments and machinery to the Hebrew University in recognition of its scientific war effort and its contribution to victory. The instruments fill fifteen large cases.

Mr. Rosen pointed out that only two other universities, Oxford and Cambridge, have been honoured by the Government with similar gifts.

ABDULLAH'S PROTEST TO THE KING

According to information received in Jerusalem from Amman, King Abdullah has received a reply to a protest he had cabled to King George against the recommendations of the Anglo-American Committee of Inquiry (states the J.T.A.).

It is stated that King George declared that the report of the Inquiry Committee was receiving the careful consideration of his Ministers, who are awaiting the views of the Arab Governments before reaching a conclusion.

JAMAL'S THREAT

Jamal Husseini, head of the Palestine Arab Party and cousin of the ex-Mufti, addressed an Arab meeting on Sunday sponsored by his party, at which 3,000 Arabs were said to have been present. He told them that they must be prepared to "defend their country with their blood," as before them stood 70,000 members of Hagana, "ready to smash us."

In the surrounding Arab countries, however, he went on, they had supporters who were now under training and who would come to their aid no matter what their Governments decided.

Every reference made in the speech to the ex-Mufti was cheered by the audience.

Land of Israel cont. on p. 8, in col. 2

Preliminary Announcement.

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Palestine Movement

"EVERY POSSIBLE STEP"

President Truman's Assurance on the 100,000

President Truman last week assured Senators Albert W. Hawkes and H. Alexander Smith, of New Jersey, that he is taking every step possible under the present conditions to accelerate the transfer of 100,000 Jews to Palestine (reports the J.T.A. from Washington).

The President told the two Senators, who visited him, that some steps would be taken very shortly to expedite the matter.

The Secretary of State, Mr. James F. Byrnes, at his first press conference in Washington since his return from Paris last week, declined to answer a question whether any progress had been made in regard to the transfer of 100,000 Jews from Europe to Palestine. He referred the questioner to the official statement of May 22 which denied that there was a conflict between the President and the State Department concerning the immigration of these 100,000 Jews.

Jewish Dominion League

Continued from page 1

fully considered thought to the Palestine problem as it was to-day. He regarded the retention of Palestine as that of a constituent part of the British Empire. He was a little disappointed that the recommendations of the Committee for the provision of immediate facilities for 100,000 Jews to get to Palestine had not been implemented. He believed that Lord Strabolgi's idea of submitting proposals with the ultimate objective of making Palestine a Dominion, from the spiritual, intellectual, and economic point of view, would be an essential part of British statesmanship in the future.

Lord Chorley said that the Report of the Committee had really established a foundation on which at last a sound building could be erected in Palestine. He thought that everybody whose heart was in the right place must entirely endorse their recommendation that so many of those Jews who had been subjected to those terrible times in Central and Eastern Europe should be allowed to get to their Promised Land as quickly as possible. They must all agree as to their disappointment that there was some delay in the Government's endorsing this proposal.

He did not know, he said, that he was prepared here and now to give his support to the proposal that Palestine should become a Dominion of the British Commonwealth of Nations, but it was a very intriguing idea and one which should receive close consideration and careful analysis and, possibly, in due time, support.

Squadron Leader S. Segal, M.P., said that as time went on attempts had been made to allow the recommendations of the Committee to recede rather into the background and to fall back on other alternatives. He could not help regretting it.

Mr. Harry Hind, M.P., said that although he was not committed to the League's solution, he was attracted to it for one outstanding reason, and that was that it seemed to him to offer an opportunity not only of retaining Palestine within the British Empire, but of retaining the good will of all the present inhabitants of Palestine. The problem had got to be solved this year.

The Marquis of Donegall and Lt.-Col. H. Morris, M.P., also spoke.

LAND OF ISRAEL, continued from prev. page

JEWISH SAILOR GIVEN SIX-YEAR SENTENCE

The trial was held before a military court in Haifa last week of Peter Mariusch, one of the thirteen ratings who were arrested some time ago after leaving the destroyer Chevron, following the discovery of a bag of explosives in the ship's storeroom. He was charged with the illegal possession of explosives, and was sentenced to six years imprisonment, with special treatment.

The court refused to hear the testimony of Mr. Richard Stubbs, Public Information Officer, whom the defence wanted to testify with regard to the official communiqué, which gave the impression that sabotage of the ship was intended. "The court does not charge the accused with intention to sabotage the destroyer," the Presiding Judge said in rejecting the request.

The verdict is subject to confirmation by the General Officer Commanding in Palestine.

Eleven of the ratings were earlier released, and the twelfth, Chaim Rothschild, was administratively sentenced to one year's detention in the Latrun camp.

Palestine Delay

Continued from page 1

Inquiry, Mr. Shertok said they had no reason to be enthusiastic about it. Its political philosophy was completely alien to the spirit and substance of Zionism. But the report was not a Zionist document. They were free to accept what they liked and reject what they felt they had to.

The question which worried them was whether the whole inquiry was not in vain. Some of the Committee's recommendations were promissory notes for the future, but two were cheques drawn on the Government by people authorised to do so. The cheques had been presented: would they be honoured? If not, why the whole Committee?

They had read, continued Mr. Shertok, that a conference in Cairo had decided that if 100,000 Jews were admitted to Palestine, the Arabs would retaliate. It was not clear what they would retaliate against. But, with all due deference, they might be reminded, addressing themselves as they did to the British and American Governments, that it was not at bottom the will of the American or British Governments that they had to face up to. What they had to take note of as a factor, very modest, very limited in scope, was the national will of the Jewish people. Palestine was no longer purely, nor predominantly, in terms of weight, Arab. The Jews were also there and they were not going to submit to oppression—and for them oppression included the refusal to let in Jews. And neither the Jews in Palestine nor those outside could be forced into a straitjacket of anti-Zionist policy.

There had been all sorts of insidious hints, went on the speaker, about their having to give up their claim to statehood in return for the 100,000 immigrants. No nation worthy of its name would barter away its ideals against the lives of its members. To them statehood was not a mere ideal. All their efforts had to be bent towards shortening the road to that. There should be no despair if they did not succeed, providing they did not give it up. Statehood was essential for them to make headway in a world where progress and existence depended in a daily increasing measure on State power. Statehood was essential for them to be able to hold their own in a hostile world around them. There were two things on which there could be no giving way—the right of every individual Jew in need of Palestine to go there, and the right of the Jewish people as a whole to make of Palestine a Jewish State.

Mr. Barnett Janner, M.P., presided and moved a resolution, later carried, reiterating the policy of the Zionist Federation that the only solution to the problem of Palestine and the Jewish people was the establishment of Palestine as a Jewish State; calling on the Government to take immediate steps to implement the recommendations of the Committee of Inquiry in regard to the admission of 100,000 Jews; and registering disappointment that the Government had not yet adopted a policy which would bring an end to the misery of European Jewry, condemned a year after liberation to live in the midst of their persecutors in conditions which were a reproach upon civilisation.

Binational State Amendment Defeated

Hashomer Hatzair moved an amendment which called for a binational state but which was defeated by 136 votes to 11.

Mr. Berl Locker replied to the discussion which took place.

In the evening, Mr. Paul Goodman presided at a general Zionist session and he read out the policy adopted for the Zionist Congress. Their policy, he said, was that of Theodor Herzl and Max Nordau; it had animated Nahum Sokolow and Chaim Weizmann.

Professor S. Brodetsky gave an address on what the General Zionists stood for. They were not opposed to anyone, he said. They were in favour of everybody. It was more important at the next Congress even than in 1939 to maintain the unity of the Congress and to prevent it from breaking up into its groups. It was important to re-establish the unity of Zionism, which to-day, he thought, meant the Jewish people. The problem was how to establish inside the Zionist movement all over the world that group of Zionists calling themselves General Zionists which stood for an all-inclusive policy and which in fact carried the main responsibility of representing united Jewry, united Zionism, and, as far as Palestine was concerned, a united Yishuv.

Their greatest weakness, he said, was shown by the situation in Palestine. They were responsible for collecting the resources for the Movement and they had seen people settling in Palestine, but one type was almost invisible and that was the General Zionist.

They had three objects: the elections to the Congress; the organising of General Zionists all over the world and immediately in Europe, so that they should be able to come to the Congress; and to see that their Movement became a permanent organisation.

Mr. Moshe Kolodny, the first General Zionist Shelach from Palestine to the Continent, spoke of his visit to Poland and other countries.

Mr. L. Bakstansky replied to the discussion.

The following lists of candidates for election to Congress were selected by voting (in order of votes received):

London: Sir Simon Marks, Mr. Barnett Janner, M.P., Mrs. I. M. Sieff, Mr. S. S. Silverman, M.P., and Mr. Aaron Wright, Miss Hannah Stein, Mr. A. L. Easterman, the Rev. B. Cherrick, the Marchioness of Reading, the Rev. J. K. Goldbloom, Professor Samson Wright, Mrs. Dora Goldstein, Mrs. J. Hodess, and Mr. Paul Goodman. Provinces: Professor S. Brodetsky, Mr. Norman Jacobs, Mr. Fred Nettler, J.P., the Rev. A. S. Super, Mrs. A. Nahum, Dr. Walter Pinner, Mr. Samuel Davies, and Councillor A. Moss.

Poale Zion Meeting

During the same evening, a meeting of the Poale Zion was held, over which Dr. Levenberg presided. Mr. Melech Neustadt, Secretary of the World Confederation of Poale Zion, gave an address. He said he thought the sale of Shekalim in this country had been disappointing and he urged greater efforts.

The list of selected Poale Zion candidates to Congress is as follows:

London: Dr. S. Levenberg, Messrs. Berl Locker, N. Jackson, M. Rosette, J. Jeziersky, A. Richtiger, H. Hooberman, S. Adler-Rudel, H. Myer, J. Bechler, and S. Green. Provinces: H. Forst, L. Caplan, and Councillors L. M. Lever, B. Weinrib, and K. C. Cohen.

Imperial and Foreign

AMERICAN JEWISH CONGRESS

Pres. Truman's Vague Message

Means of combating racial prejudice, as well as problems confronting the Jews of Europe such as emigration, restoration of property, cultural rehabilitation, and the revival of Jewish communal life, were discussed at the national convention of the American Jewish Congress which was held in New York last week. A special panel was set up to consider the Palestine problem and discuss the implications of the Anglo-American Committee's report.

The opening session was addressed by Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, Dr. Stephen S. Wise, and Rabbi Irving Miller.

The following message was received from President Truman:

"You meet in circumstances happier in some respects than you and your people have known in more than a decade. Because of the victories won by the arms of the United Nations no Governments are left standing in which racial prejudice and racial oppression are matters of deliberate national policy. The decrees that sanctioned and ordered harsh, even mortal, discrimination against the Jews have been stricken from the statute books and their authors stand indicted before high tribunals as offenders against the moral laws of civilisation. . .

"Yet the overthrow of the worst transgressors against the innate dignity of every individual, whatever his race or his creed, has not of itself solved the problems confronting your people. Even as you mourn the six million who have died in the tortures of Nazism, you are keenly aware of the plight of hundreds of thousands of others who still, a year after the victory, have no homes to which to return, no families with which to forgather, no occupations to which to resort.

Helping Victims

"Whatever can with justice and with fairness be done to alleviate the condition of these persons must be done, and steps are now being taken that will result, I hope, in their being assured opportunities to establish homes and families in other surroundings where they can live and work in security and peace.

"At the same time, none of us can any longer believe that the problems of any one people or of any one nation can be dealt with separately. The security and the welfare of any one group are irrevocably bound up with the security and the welfare of all others. What must be sought, therefore, are not separate but total solutions of the problems that confront the world to-day. To the extent that, by united efforts, conditions can be created in the world under which all peoples and all nations will be given opportunities freely to exchange the products of their toil, to rebuild their communities, to look to the future with confidence, to that extent will each unit of human society be safeguarded in its right to pursue happiness in accordance with the dictates of its conscience.

"The American Jewish Congress, I feel sure, meets with the conviction and the faith that those whom it represents and for whom it speaks can integrate their efforts with those of other free peoples in the interests of democracy. In the belief that only through such integration can all the peoples of the world know peace, I extend to your convention my greeting and bespeak your assistance in the great tasks that challenge the best efforts of all of us."

Addressing the Palestine panel of the convention, Dr. Stephen S. Wise called upon the American Government to end "the cynical game" with the lives of Jews desiring to go to Palestine.

Reaffirming the demand for the establishment of Palestine as a Jewish Commonwealth, Dr. Wise said that "the Arab bluff must be called."

Liquidate D.P. Camps

The convention decided to press for the immediate dissolution of all Jewish displaced persons camps. It also expressed the determination of the American Jewish Congress to do everything possible to aid the surviving Jews in Europe and to assist those who wished to remain in their present countries of residence in their reconstruction efforts. Another decision arrived at was to try and establish a co-ordinated policy of emigration for those Jews who wished to leave Europe. Finally it was resolved to seek to open the doors of Palestine, the United States, and the countries of the British Commonwealth for the immigration of Jewish refugees.

Addressing the convention on Saturday night, Dr. James McDonald said that the delay in carrying out the recommendation of the Inquiry Committee for the admission of 100,000 Jews to Palestine constituted a threat to the security and peace of the world. The situation of the displaced persons in Europe, he said, presented one of the most acute tensions in the world, but also one of the tensions which could be most easily relieved. By their failure to implement the recommendations of the Inquiry Committee the Governments of Great Britain and the United States were failing not only to ease the plight of the Jews, but also to make significant contributions towards easing the world tension.

Captain Joseph Shubow, a U.S. Army Chaplain, who recently returned with the first shipload of post-war immigrants, criticised junior officers of the American Army and representatives of the American Military Government for their lack of understanding of and sympathy with liberated Jews and displaced persons. He praised the efforts of American generals, whose generous policy, he stated, was being sabotaged by the lower ranks.

Rabbi Robert S. Marcus, a former 9th Air Force Chaplain, confirmed Chaplain Shubow's criticisms and also denounced what he described as the incompetence of Unrra personnel.

A resolution urging Jewish groups not to enter into any negotiations on a permanent solution of the Palestine problem until the 100,000 Jews whose immediate transfer from Europe has been recommended by the Committee of Inquiry, had entered Palestine, was adopted by the convention at its concluding session on Sunday night.

SENTENCED LANDSBERG D.P.s

An "Example" As A "Warning To Others"

Utterly dumbfounded at the conviction and sentences of nineteen of the twenty displaced Jews accused of participating in a riot at Landsberg, the Central Committee of Liberated Jews in the U.S. zone in Germany has issued a statement declaring that it would "avail itself of all lawful means" to obtain the annulment of the savage sentences ranging from two years to three months recently meted out by an American Military Government court at Augsburg.

The Committee pointed out that the accused persons were all victims of Nazism and asserted that since "the principle applied in every military court is that one is responsible only for acts committed by himself, it seems almost unbelievable that in this case an 'example' should be made, as a warning to others." The statement said that the Committee agreed with the defence that the sentences could not and must not be enforced and added that it was convinced that higher authorities to whom appeal has been made would "do justice."

At the same time, the Committee called upon all D.P.s to maintain order and not to commit any breach of the peace. In view of indications that demonstrations were planned in some D.P. centres, it appealed to local and regional committees to maintain order.

D.P.s TO GO BACK TO CAMPS

Jewish refugees who have lived in Italian towns for over two years since their liberation from concentration camps are staggered by the decision of Unrra to discontinue assistance for them unless they agree to return to camps. It is pointed out that the decision is humiliating for the refugees and threatens their very existence.

A large meeting of Jewish refugees to protest against the decision was held in Rome last week. Cables of protest were sent to President Truman and Mr. Fiorella La Guardia, Director General of Unrra.

THE KUNMANDARAS POGROM

The pogrom at Kunmandaras, in Hungary, on May 21, in which, as reported in last week's JEWISH CHRONICLE, three Jews were killed and many more gravely injured, was caused by the spreading of ritual murder rumours, following the disappearance of a child, by a notorious former member of the Arrow Cross party, a teacher named Janos Nagy.

The names of the murdered Jews are Joseph Rosinger, Laszlo Molnar, and Ferenc Bereer.

An official statement on the Kunmadaras incident said that, following examination of the facts and the interrogation of a large number of persons, it had been established that no preliminary arrangements had been made for beating up Jews, that there was no central direction, and that the excesses were due solely to mass hysteria.

Ten persons who took an active part in the assaults are under arrest as well as 68 others who played a leading part in the demonstration, the statement added.

Jews in Trieste

Continued from page 1

the Nazi occupation. In order to avoid persecution, many Jews had acquired false documents, and by this order it was no longer a punishable offence to possess such documents. The order also repealed the Nazi racial laws and allowed the Jews once more to enter schools and universities, to re-register their names on the rolls of the professions and arts, and re-admitted them to academies and professional societies.

As to restitution of property, however, the position has not changed since the days of the Nazi rule. Following repeated requests from the Trieste Jewish Community to put the position right, a letter was received from the H.Q. Allied Military Government signed by Colonel A. C. Bowman, Senior Civil Affairs Officer, in which he wrote:

"The local situation in Trieste is entirely different from that of Italy, because the Nuremberg Laws were fully enforced under the German administration. This had . . . made the problem more serious, as the amount of property confiscated by the Germans in this small area was equal in value to the whole of the property confiscated in the rest of Italy."

"Passing the Buck"

The letter further stated that a similar situation had arisen in Austria and mentioned the fact that no action was being taken by the Allied Military Government there, the entire problem being left for the permanent government. In conclusion, Colonel Bowman said that he regarded the matter as of such importance that he had had to submit it to his superiors for instructions.

The Jewish Community then addressed a letter to the Supreme Allied Commander's office. This was on December 21, 1945. In reply the Secretary of the Supreme Allied Commander wrote on January 12, 1946, that "the subject matter raised by you is within the competence of the Allied Military Government authorities of the 13th Corps, who will no doubt take whatever action is necessary."

As the Area Commander had referred the matter to Supreme Headquarters and Supreme Headquarters had referred it back to the Area Commander, a deadlock was created. The only hope for Trieste Jews seemed to lie in British and American public opinion compelling their Governments to alter the position.

In dozens of instances, well-known Nazis continued to occupy Jewish homes, while the Jews themselves remained homeless. It would almost appear from these cases, specific details of some of which it is hoped to give in a future edition of THE JEWISH CHRONICLE, that the military authorities in Trieste favoured former Nazis.

PERFORMANCE BELIES PROMISE

Rumanian Jews Still Being Ill-Treated

[*From our Correspondent*—BUCHAREST]

With the prospect of early elections in Rumania, the Government Coalition's "Bloc of Democratic Parties" has published a joint programme. Included in this programme are demands for the freedom of religion, a fight against racial hatred, and equal rights for all nationalities in the country.

Jewish repatriates from Soviet Russia have been getting a very hostile reception from the anti-Semitic population when they try to settle in the areas of Transylvania allocated to them by the Government.

In some places in the Deava district, antagonistic villagers stoned the newly-arrived repatriates, and landlords refused to let empty houses to Jews.

The Jewish Community at Sfantu Gheroghe has received a letter signed by "the District Iron-Guard Organisation," grossly insulting Jews and the Red Army.

The Ministry of the Interior has promised to take "strong measures."

When 24 Rumanian Jewish repatriates, among them some pregnant women, on their way home from Belsen, arrived in Prague, they found that no preparations had been made for their reception, although telegraphic advice of their arrival had been given.

Czech police and railway personnel took care of the displaced Jews and asked the Jewish Community to provide shelter and food for them. The Rumanian Consulate, when approached by the Community Council, said that nothing could be done for the repatriates over the week-end.

This is not the first time the Consulate has refused to provide Jewish repatriates with food and travel documents. Frequently, Rumanian Jews arriving in Prague from camps are forced to go to Vienna to obtain the necessary documents. Previously a Rumanian repatriation commission, headed by Dr. Abrahams, functioned in the city. When the Consulate was established, the commission was dissolved because of false charges made by Rumanian S.S. men. And then the Consulate even refused to issue travel documents to the members of the commission.

THE SLOVAK JEWISH TRAGEDY

The tragic fate of Slovakian Jewry can be gauged from official figures issued by the Government. Out of a total of 130,000 Jews in the country in 1938, 67,000 were known to have been butchered by the Nazis. There are 30,000 survivors still in the country. Of the remaining 23,000, some managed to escape in time. The fate of the rest is unknown; they are described as "missing."

The organisers and perpetrators of the recent pogrom in the Slovakian town of Topolchny have not yet been tried. This omission is causing deep concern to Jews. Criminal proceedings were started against 48 persons, but only eight were arrested, and these were subsequently released.

The local Jewish Community Council has sent a petition to the Prime Minister, urging immediate action against the culprits. The fact that they are now perfectly free to go about, the Council points out in the petition, has a very bad effect, as it leads the population to believe that crimes against Jews can be committed with impunity.

No proceedings whatever have been taken against soldiers who participated in the outrages, nor against the chief instigators, the Commander of the Gendarmerie, Valach, and the Gendarme Krisko.

In the Slovak village of Kolvasov, 11 Jews were murdered six months ago. Members of the local police who did nothing to prevent the crime or to apprehend the murderers have not yet been punished or tried for neglect of duty.

The Nazis produced 65 anti-Semitic films between 1933 and 1945. They included "Jew Süss," "Grenadier Strasse," and "Die Familie Rotschild," and were shown in 3,176 cinemas in Germany to 33,000,000 people, and in 792 cinemas in Nazi-occupied countries.

Rescuing Europe's Orphans

Continued from page 1

camps in Italy only five children, among 5,000 Jews.

Dr. Herzog stressed the sacredness of the duty of saving the remnant. Large funds would be needed for the work, he said, and he intends to launch an appeal to English and American Jewries in the near future.

In France the position was extremely vague, as estimates of the number of Jewish children vary from 600 to 8,000. They are under the control of "Corso," a governmental organisation for war orphans.

In Holland, as reported in last week's JEWISH CHRONICLE, there are 2,600 children in the care of the Government, which has power to determine their fate. Dr. Herzog is proceeding to Holland to take up the question. Afterwards he will go to the camps in Germany.

In Belgium there are children in monasteries and with private families. Altogether, it is believed that there are 500. The Belgian Committee "A.I.V.G." has done good work, and the Vaad Hatzalah has already rescued a number of children. When Dr. Herzog visited the home, he was very touched to see the small children who had only just been rescued. They recited the *Shema* when the Chief Rabbi entered.

The Belgian press has given prominence to Dr. Herzog's visit, the newspapers describing the patriarchal figure and distinguished personality of the Chief Rabbi.

During his visit to Antwerp, Rabbi Herzog, who is accompanied by Rabbi Gold, delivered an address in the Machsikei Hadass Synagogue, which, although partially restored, still bears signs of Nazi sacrilege.

Dr. Herzog's younger son, who is accompanying him on his mission, and acts as his secretary, is himself a noted Talmudist and a linguist.

Whenever you see this picture, you will know that the paragraph following gives news of the Central British Fund activities to help the Jews on the Continent, on behalf of Anglo-Jewry.

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JUNE 7, 1946—SIVAN 8, 5706

THE LIGHT—AND THE DARKNESS

WHILE to-morrow's Victory Celebration will, for some, bring relief to tired nerves and momentary oblivion of innumerable cares, in others it will awaken tragic memories, and, in still others, oppressed by the gravity of the times, perhaps impatient questioning. These last will include those who agree with sentiments, expressed by more than one public figure, that the country's crisis to-day is the equivalent in all save the military sense of another Dunkirk and, as such, calls not for fireworks but for another display of the Dunkirk heroism. Such an attitude, they explain, is theirs not because they are kill-joys, but because, as they claim, they are realists. Seen against the background of continuing strife, both inside nations and amongst them, of the homelessness of millions, and of the famine that is even now stalking through great areas of the Continent of Europe, Victory celebration at this hour seems to them something of an inappropriate irrelevance, even an inexcusable diversion of the national mind and effort from weightier and more pressing considerations. They are, at any rate, entitled to their views.

Yet when the last fireworks have faded out, and the last celebrants have wended their weary way home, it may be counted something not important gained that, if only for a brief spell, those people who were so able have experienced a cessation of anxiety. Thereafter, the creeping sense of frustration, of bewilderment, of disillusionment with the harvest of the war so different from the radiant promise of their dreams and of some of their leaders, will reassert themselves. More conclusively than ever they will recognise that war is a curse, to be chosen only when, as in the case of the physical conflict now victoriously ended, the alternative is submission to far worse horrors still. Considered in the light of this truth the cavillings at to-morrow's festivities lose some of their validity, for there is surely legitimate cause for rejoicing in the destruction of the greatest menace to mankind that has ever arisen, that menace which its unspeakably evil authors believed would endure for a thousand years, as their leader put it.

Nevertheless, it needed no eloquence from the Primate on the subject of the deterioration that has overtaken the world situation to remind us of the problems that still baffle mankind and the sufferings that persist and grow. Why should these things be, on the morrow of resounding victory? The tragedy, the grand paradox, the real challenge of our age, resides in the fact that all the time the vast majority of the peoples of all countries are yearning and struggling for the same things—security, peace, and a livelihood; just those things which war destroys. Why then, with such aims shared by mankind, should war and the threat of war persist? A week which has seen the commemoration by Jews throughout the world of the God-ordained Decalogue—the system of Justice under Law—is a significant moment to ask these searching questions. It has been held that there co-exists in every man a polarity of tendencies—on the one hand a lust for domination, and, on the other, the reverse, a spirit of self-abnegation, of resignation, of submissiveness sometimes so total as to reconcile its hosts to abandoning all concern for their own welfare and even for their own lives. It is as though man could only declare either "I will dominate," or "I will utterly give up my own will." Of this phenomenon the career of Hitler, with the complete acquiescence of his millions of devoted slaves as well as of, as some apologists say, vast numbers of the German people who differed from him, may provide a striking example. Hitler's passion for the dominance of his "Herrenvolk," disguised as a claim for "Lebensraum," took no account of justice or the law of nations, and neither his army nor the dissident elements among his populace had the will to resist when resistance could have thwarted his plans. So arrived the most devastating war in history!

The coarse and glaring version of the process as exemplified by Hitler is not its only form. The process is at work in the kindred obsession of national sovereignty, which scorns all compromise and considerations of relative justice—an evil that possesses great and small nations alike. It is seen at its deadly work even in Uno's Security Council, reducing that Organisation's labours to futility and raising the question whether this one great hopeful product of the war, hailed with such glowing anticipation, is destined to prove stillborn. And from this misconception of national sovereignty springs the limitless international phobia, that fear which government has of government which breeds suspicion and drives them for ever to seek security. This search for national security completes the vicious circle, for it is, in effect, the most fruitful mother of strife. All the leading nations are industriously engaged in it, for all the world as though Uno had not been brought into existence for the very purpose of ensuring it. No Organisation, surely, has ever before been subjected to so damning a vote of no confidence at the hands of its chief creators! But the effect on the confidence of the common man of this attitude based on fear can only be to weaken his belief in the preservation of peace and thus to prepare the way for another war. Nothing is sometimes so inconspicuous in the calculations of the security-hunters as an appreciation of the dictates of justice—especially if it means justice to those peoples that appear to stand in the way. It is a case of security at any price! Justice to individuals? Yes; in several lands it may be found, to the honour of their peoples. But justice between nation and nation? The concept has never taken sufficient hold of Governments and politicians. It has figured little in the religious admonitions of European civilisation, except in the Jewish law and Jewish teaching. It may be objected, and indeed has been, that after all there is no such thing as absolute justice. But that is to misconceive the whole problem. The justice between nations which is the message of Judaism, the one religion which both affirms the goodness of life and pronounces the conditions upon which alone it may be good, is a direction, an ideal, unattainable in perfection, but unerring as a guide, a principle, and a directive in international as in human affairs.

All this angling for security at all costs, these claims for hundred per cent national sovereignty, this pride of power and lust for domination reveal a mentality long outdated by the march of events, for science has demonstrated that if there is no such thing as absolute justice neither is there such a thing as absolute security or unassailable power. The atomic bomb was produced by three powerful countries. But at any moment a lesser country may discover a fresh engine of destruction more devastating by far, and in that event away goes the certainty of security and power of the larger nations, and their dominance, like Jonah's gourd, disappears overnight. If this sombre truth could sink into the minds of statesmen everywhere, the dawn of real all-round security would perhaps be at hand, and men everywhere would turn to the only escape from their dread dilemma—the Divine will and guidance, awaiting only man's reliance on God's Law. It is this conception of nations turning from international anarchy and absolute sovereignty to a system of ordered justice between nation and nation which is of the essence of Jewish Messianism—a concept that Jews themselves have tragically neglected under the popular illusion of "progress." It is time the true sense of Jewish election, with its accompanying sense of Jewish responsibility to mankind to show them the only path out of their dilemma, stirred again in Jewish hearts and minds. Man's own ingenuity in the form of scientific control of nature has brought him to the point where the alternatives are plain for all to see. It is no longer a case of wriggling and evading, of nation seeking selfish advantage by cleverness, skill, or trickery over nation. The greatest blessedness of man, peace, and the most terrible alternative, destruction, are being revealed in their terrific simplicity. Let us face them courageously and dare to recognise the basic truth of Judaism's approach to these problems contained in the awful pronouncement given us through the Prophet's lips:

"I am the Lord, and there is none else. I form the light, and create darkness, I make peace, and create evil: I, the Lord, do all these things."

PALESTINE—THE LATEST PROPOSAL

THE latest "plan" for Palestine to win a certain amount of current popularity has been supported in the last few days by powerful articles in the ECONOMIST and the Sunday OBSERVER. Its basic argument is the contention that the intransigence of the rival parties, which, it is contended, provides the principal difficulty, is due almost entirely to—lack of responsibility. The presence of the British in control in Palestine, so the argument contends, is actually a cause of the trouble, seeing that Jews and Arabs alike, being assured of the British Army's intervention in the event of their being attacked, are tempted to compete in irresponsible behaviour. As the writer in the ECONOMIST puts it, as long as the British are there the Arab or Jewish politician has everything to lose and nothing to gain by reasonable conduct; "the lower his nuisance effect on the Mandatory, the more likely is he to be ignored." Therefore, the argument proceeds, withdraw the British keepers of the peace and shift the responsibility for preserving it onto the shoulders of the Palestinians themselves. They could then, in the words of the OBSERVER correspondent, get down to those lessons of give-and-take, and of accommodating themselves to others, which could never be completely learned except in independence, just as a child does not learn to walk until the holding hand is lifted. The ECONOMIST would, to vary the metaphor, teach the child to swim by throwing it into the water. The premises of this argument was supported in a letter to THE TIMES on Monday from Sir Hubert Young and others. But these do not so much favour "throwing the child into the water to teach it to swim," but rather giving the said "child" "self-governing powers over a wide field, leading eventually to complete self-government."

CHOOSING LESSER EVILS

THIS "solution" of the problem will, of course, raise heavy doubts. Both the OBSERVER and the ECONOMIST, for instance, agree that the sudden withdrawal of the British power would entail a serious danger—one of them calls it a certainty—of some amount of violence. Even the more gradual plan of THE TIMES letter would not be free from this risk, involving, as it would, the disadvantages of a mixed and changing government without the final responsibility which is the essence of the "cure." This method of gradualness or self-government by easy stages certainly has not worked in India. The whole question is whether, with the British police and gendarmerie gone, and the local population faced, for the first time, with the responsibility of preventing the country from sliding into chaos, Arab and Jew would, confronted by that "brute fact," as the ECONOMIST calls it, be drawn together in common interest.

THE PEACEFUL MAJORITY

"THE undoubted preference of a majority of both Arabs and Jews for a quiet life would," says the ECONOMIST, "work in favour of co-operation and compromise," and "the consequences of a statesmanlike gift of independence, carefully planned, might be far less bloody than a superficial appraisal would suggest." In other words, the new departure would be based on agreement rather than on those differences upon which so much—too much—stress has been laid. Of course, the Jew is compelled to ask how his primary purposes of free immigration and land purchase are to fare under a system of Palestine self-government. The argument is advanced that in any constitution that might be framed "the principle on which the Committee has so rightly insisted can be safeguarded, that the new constitution must not be one in which a mere numerical majority is decisive." Would the "quiet-lifers" among the Arabs be prepared to accept that proviso? All this means that the proposal to which our contemporaries have given publicity is very much in the nature of a gamble, but not more so than the new plans in respect of India and Egypt—indeed far less so in the case of Palestine with its million and a half inhabitants, the vast majority racially and religiously akin, than in that of India, with its 400 variegated millions largely beset by traditional communal strife. Everything depends on the sovereign virtue of the sense of responsibility induced by the practical necessity of having to work out a way of living in peace. As a factor in resolving rival population difficulties, its efficiency and value are, at any rate, worth at least a modicum of consideration in a world still staggering under the incubus of the doctrine of force. Three conditions would, in any case, have to be attached to this latest solution of the Palestine problem. If it were tried, it must be fairly tried. There would have to be no last-minute attempts to affect "the balance." It must safeguard Britain's strategic interests in the Mediterranean; otherwise it could not hope to receive her assent. And Britain, in return, must be prepared to defend Palestine against all external attack, from however near or far.

THE U.S. WAR MEMORIAL SCHEME

THAT members of the Jewish Community, which bore an honourable part in the war and made its not unworthy sacrifices, should commemorate those of their brethren who fell in that great struggle for civilisation and for Jewish ideals, is plainly quite right and fitting, and the announcement first made in April that the United Synagogue, for its part, has a scheme of this kind ready to be taken in hand will be received with satisfaction. It is to be a scheme for linking youth with the Synagogue, making the Synagogue, with its religious background, the focal centre of Jewish life. This ideal has, indeed, long been cherished as one valuable means of revivifying Judaism in this country, and has the significant merit of keeping alive the essentially religious purpose for which the war was fought. The scheme will go some way to remedying the inadequate social provisions too often existing for our young people to enjoy the company of their fellows under the inspiring Jewish influence of the Synagogue, and will, therefore, be a valuable counter-blow to the pernicious process of drift and intermarriage which are so disastrously endangering the Jewish future in this country. No more compelling reasons could be found for commending it to Jewish generosity and, in the long run, to enlightened Jewish self-interest. It will demand a large expenditure, if it is to be brought to fruition—£750,000—but not too large for the high and vital objects that are sought, or for the momentous and moving events to be commemorated. The appeal will be supported in Synagogue pulpits on Victory Sabbath. It should command enthusiastic response.

A YESHIVA'S APPEAL

THE Yeshiva Etz Chaim, as was announced, is arranging to acquire additional premises in North London for the extension of its work, this being largely necessitated by the shifting of population that began long before the war and which has been much accentuated since. Of the excellence of its work for advanced Jewish education there is, or should be, no need to speak. One need only mention, in that connection, that three such distinguished Rabbis as Rabbi Professor Israel Abrahams, of Capetown, Rabbi Professor Louis Rabinowitz, of Johannesburg, and Rabbi Kopul Rosen, now in spiritual charge of the Federation of Synagogues, were among is alumni. The Yeshiva was the first institution of its kind to be formed in this country. It is to-day, with its more than 100 students, and its many attending after working hours, the one outstanding Yeshiva left in Europe after the tidal wave of Nazi savagery. Its instruction is in increasing request, not least by those intent on becoming teachers themselves and so making good a grave deficiency in our educational organisation. And it is instruction unfalteringly given in the long and unbroken Jewish tradition from which the main stream of Jewish religious life here and in America has been largely derived. It has frequently been pointed out that the vital inspiration of Jewish education has always come from its great scholars and thinkers, and from its highest seminaries, and that, therefore, Jewish education in general is most in need of the highest educational activity, and with this secured, elementary education will of necessity follow. It is the principle that governed British education when the Universities were the first educational establishments to be founded, with the Grammar Schools following later, and the elementary schools several centuries after that. Viewed in this light, the Yeshiva can be seen as an institution indispensable to the survival of Judaism in these islands. For the purpose of securing its new classrooms and hostel, a sum of £20,000 is asked of our Community. It is an almost paltry amount in complete disproportion to the absolutely priceless services the Yeshiva renders and, one is tempted to add, to the heavy sums poured out for institutions and movements which would be hard put to it to claim equal importance. It is to be hoped, therefore, that there will be a rapid response to the appeal by those who really and truly treasure the survival of Jews as Jews, let alone our religious faith.

Social and Personal

DAYAN H. M. LAZARUS will celebrate his 67th birthday on Tuesday.

A son (David Selwyn) was born on May 26, 1946, to Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel ARON (Eleanor Davis), of 88, Eyre Court, St. John's Wood, N.W.8.

A son (Anthony Richard) was born on Tuesday, May 28, 1946, at the Lund Nursing Home, Lancaster Grove, Swiss Cottage, to Sara (née Rubie), wife of Joseph ARONSERAU, of 37, Harman Drive, Hendon Way, N.W.2

A son (Anthony Trevor) was born on May 8, 1946, in the St. David's Wing, Royal Northern Hospital, to Jeanne, wife of Mr. Jack BELL, of 102, Herent Drive, Ilford, Essex.

A son (Harold Brian) was born on May 24, 1946, at the Mount Chapel Allerton Nursing Home, to Irene (née Stone), wife of Ted BERWIN, of 38, Westcombe Avenue, Leeds, 8.

A son (Godfrey Bruce) was born on June 1, 1946, at the Westminster Hospital, to Mr. and Mrs. Sydney DYAN (Hetty Shapero), of 15, Greenhalgh Walk, Hampstead Garden Suburb, N.2.

A daughter was born on May 28, 1946, at Queen Charlotte's Hospital, W.6, to Peggy (née Britton), wife of Edward N. EPSTEIN, of 14, Brondesbury Park, N.W.6.

A son (Andrew Neil) was born on May 31, 1946, at Miss Lund's Nursing Home, 9, Lancaster Grove, Swiss Cottage, to Joy (née Abelson), wife of Paul FEITELSON, of 59, Brampton Grove, Hendon, N.W.4.

A daughter (Susan Elaine) was born on Thursday, May 30, 1946, at the Kelvin Nursing Home, Glasgow, to Irene (née Green, of 114, Haggs Road, Glasgow, S.1), wife of Theodore M. GLOBE, of 32, Aigburth Drive, Liverpool, 17.

A daughter (Judith Eve) was born on May 23, 1946, to Rita (née Rose), wife of Sydney GOLDSTEIN, of 31, Craigwell Road, Prestwich, Lancs.

A daughter was born on June 3, 1946, at Highfield Nursing Home, Stanmore, to Ross (née Lighstone), wife of Captain John Edward LEBENS, A.D.C., B.A.O.R., of Leicester and 41, Lake View, Edgware.

A son was born on Wednesday, May 29, 1946, at Tangier House, Manchester Road, Heywood, Lancs., to Anne Ray (née Portnoy), wife of Dr. Ivor LIBMAN.

A son (Ian Trevor) יצחק תביא was born on Saturday, June 1, 1946, at 20, Manor House Drive, Brondesbury Park, N.W.6, to Edith (née Stark), wife of Hyman LISS.

A daughter (Monica Linda) was born on May 22, 1946, at the Strathleen Nursing Home, to Mr. and Mrs. S. LUBELL (née Hamin), of 41, Filey Avenue, N.16.

A son (Howard David) was born on Friday, May 31, 1946, at the Strathlene Nursing Home, Muswell Hill, to Bella (née Nathan), wife of Lionel MELTZER, of 7, Lichfield Road, Northwood Hills, Middlesex.

A daughter (Lindsay) was born to Mr. and Mrs. Jack OBRART on May 28, 1946—36, Edgeworth Crescent, Hendon, N.W.4.

A son was born on May 31, 1946, to Eta (née Veeder), wife of Major Lionel (Leo) ORDMAN, Army Dental Corps, M.E.F., of 4, Fort Road, Prestwich.

A son was born on Wednesday, May 29, 1946, to Eve (née Greenberg), wife of Joseph ROSENBERG, of 23, King Lane, Leeds, 7.

A son was born on May 30, 1946, at the Hampstead Nursing Home, Belsize Grove, N.W., to Miriam (née Zack), wife of Louis ROSENBLATT, of "Rosecrest," Hillcrest Gardens, Finchley, N.3.

A daughter was born on Saturday, June 1, 1946, at St. Annes-on-Sea War Memorial Hospital, to Dorene (née Zigmond), wife of Joseph M. SASSOON, of 16, Osborne Road, St. Annes-on-Sea.

A son (Leonard Barry) לאה באר was born on Saturday, June 1, 1946, at the Boston Hospital (private wing) to Sally (née Lazarus), wife of Alfred SHAW, of "Shawlands," 20, Hope Gardens, Boston, Lincs.

A daughter (Lesley Carolyn) was born on Wednesday, May 29, 1946, to Frances (née Weitzman) and Alan WAX, of 58, Wellington Avenue, London, N.15.

BARMITZVAH

Leslie Martyn, younger son of Mr. and Mrs. Harold S. PHILLIPS, of 15, Downview Court, Worthing, will read a portion of the Law at the Brighton and Hove Synagogue, Middle Street, Brighton, on Saturday, June 15, 1946.

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

MR. RICHARD ARTMAN AND MISS COHEN

The engagement is announced of Richard, youngest son of Mrs. Sara Frieda Artman and the late Mr. Chaim Artman, of 11, Addison Street, Nottingham, to Rochelle (Rae), elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Morris Cohen, of 1, Sholebroke Place, Leeds, 7.

MR. OSCAR BENJAMIN AND MISS COHEN

The engagement is anounced of Oscar Benjamin, LL.B., youngest son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Benjamin, of 19, Greenfield Villas, Llanelly, to Bertha, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Morris Cohen, of "Ellmor," Western Avenue, Llandaff, Cardiff (formerly of Ammanford).

MR. SIMON BRENNER AND MISS LEE

The engagement is announced of Simon Brenner, Grad. R.Ae.S., youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Brenner, of "Deanscote," The Bishop's Avenue, N.2, to Phyllis, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Lee, of 156, Holders Hill Road, N.W.7.

MR. S. CAHILL AND MISS POSENER

The engagement is announced of Solomon, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Cahill, of 3, Ashfield Crescent, Antrim Road, Belfast, Northern Ireland, to Louie, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Posener, of 2, St. Paul's Terrace, Newcastle-on-Tyne, 4.

MR. ALAN H. FRANKEL AND MISS GREENBAUM

The engagement is announced of Alan H. Frankel, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Frankel, of 9, Viceroy Lodge, Hove (late of Mill Hill, London), to Eileen, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. Greenbaum, of 34, Withdean Crescent, Brighton. There will be a reception at 7.30 p.m. on Sunday, June 16, at Courteney Lodge, Kingsway, Hove.

MR. H. GILLMAN AND MISS WOOLFSON

The engagement is announced of Harry Gillman, youngest son of Mrs. Gillman and the late Mr. Isaac Gillman, of 11, Deanston Drive, Shawlands, Glasgow, to Joyce, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Woolfson, of 80, St. Andrew's Drive, Pollokshields, Glasgow. An "At Home" will be held from 3 to 6.30 p.m. on June 9, 1946, at 80, St. Andrew's Drive. No individual invitations are being issued.

MR. SYDNEY GORDON AND MISS BICKLER

The engagement is announced of Sydney, younger son of Mrs. Gordon and the late Mr. G. Gordon, of 11, Bentcliffe Avenue, Leeds, 7 (late of Sheffield), to Rona, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. N. Bickler, of 51, Grange View, Leeds, 7. There will be a reception at the Corner House, Moortown, on Sunday, June 16, from 3 to 6 p.m. Individual invitations are not being issued.

MR. HARRY KAYE AND MISS RICHTIGER

The engagement is announced of Harry, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Jack Kaye, of 28, Quebec Avenue, Southend-on-Sea, to Rebecca, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. I. Richtiger, of 169, Cranley Gardens, London, N.10.

MR. BERNARD KLEPPER AND MISS SMALL

The engagement is announced of Bernard, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Klepper, of 162, Bury New Road, Manchester, 8, to Phylis, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. Small (Smolenski), of "Mizpah House," Victoria Street, Southport.

MR. P. LEBOR AND MISS BEER

The engagement is announced of Philip, younger son of Mr. and Mrs. I. Lebor, of 17, Aylestone Avenue, London, N.W.6, to Bessie, only daughter of Mrs. Beer and the late Mr. Peter Beer, of 22, Woodlands Road, Manchester, 8. An "At Home" will be held at "The Shrubbery," Bury New Road, Prestwich, from 3 to 6 p.m., on Sunday, June 16, 1946. Individual invitations are not being issued.

MR. DAVID MAGIER AND MISS HOFSTADTER

The engagement is announced of David Magier, of 7, Cowper Street, Leeds, to Ilon, daughter of the Rev. M. and Mrs. Hofstadter, of 49, Valley Drive, Harrogate (late of Bratislava).

MR. E. MANDELMAN AND MISS ISAACS

The engagement is announced of Emanuel (Manny), second son of Mrs. R. Mandelman and the late Mr. A. Mandelman, of 121, Long Acre, W.C.2, to Julie, only child of Mr. and Mrs. B. (Fudgy) Isaacs, of 17, Dudley Court, Upper Berkeley Street, W.1.

MR. M. MERCADO AND MISS BONSTEIN

The engagement is announced of Maurice (Mickey), elder son of Mrs. F. Mercado and the late Mr. S. Mercado, of 93, Holmleigh Road, Stamford Hill, N.16, to Mavis, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. Bonstein, of 87, Streatham Court, High Road, Streatham, S.W.16.

MR. WALTER ROBBINS AND MISS SIMONS

The engagement is announced of Walter (Sol), of 163, King Street, Hammersmith, W.6, second son of Mr. and Mrs. S. Robbins, to Norma Patricia (Pat), only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harold Simons, of 19, Kingsgate Avenue, Finchley, N.3.

MR. HARRY ROSE AND MISS MARCUS

The engagement is announced of Harry, only son of Mrs. J. Rosengarten and the late Mr. A. Rose, of 109, High Street, Clapham, S.W.4, to Gloria, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Marcus, of 80, York Road, Southend-on-Sea.

MR. LESLIE I. RUBIN AND MISS BECKER

The engagement is announced of Mr. Leslie I. Rubin, A. Comm. A., elder son of Mrs. L. Rubin and the late Mr. Samuel Rubin, of "Berachah," 41, Sinclair Drive, Mossley Hill, Liverpool, 18, to Beatrice (Beattie), daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Morris Becker, of 51, Osbaldeston Road, London, N.16.

MR. IAN SHERWOOD AND MISS SILVER

The engagement is announced of Ian, second son of Mr. and Mrs. S. Sherwood, of 74, Aylestone Avenue, Brondesbury Park, N.W.6, to Muriel, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. Silver, of 27, Hillcrest Avenue, Edgware.

MR. RALPH WILDER AND MISS RAVEN

The engagement is announced of Ralph, son of Mr. and Mrs. I. Wilder, of 27, Cavendish Road, Brondesbury, N.W.6, and "Holmlea," St. David's Road, Llandudno, North Wales, to Sylvia, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward E. Raven, of "Dansylmur," 71, Brim Hill, Hampstead Garden Suburb, N.2.

MR. A. M. ZUCKERMAN AND MISS MINTZ

The engagement is announced of Maurice, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Zuckerman, of 7, Serpentine Road, Selly Hill, Birmingham, 29, to Freda, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Max Mintz, of 117, Alexandra Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, 5.

CAPTAIN M. S. CHAYEN, M.C., R.A.M.C., AND MISS FUCHS

The marriage will be solemnised on יום טוב Thursday, June 13, 1946, at 2 p.m. at 71, Lordship Road, London, N.16, of Mark, second son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Chayen, of 1, Lancaster Gardens, Southend-on-Sea, to Lea, youngest daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Salamon Fuchs, of Oradea, Rumania. There will be a reception at Mozart House, Albion Road, N.16, from 3 to 6 p.m. Individual invitations to friends and relatives are not being issued.

MR. ABRAHAM LEWIS AND MISS RUBNER

The marriage will be solemnised on Sunday, June 9, 1946, at 1.30 p.m., at the Hampstead Synagogue, Dennington Park Road, N.W.6, of Abraham (Bob) Lewis, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. M. Lewis, of 32, Fairholt Road, N.16, to Regina, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Rubner, of 49, Cholmley Gardens, N.W.6.

MARRIAGES

SERGEANT DANIEL BROWN AND MISS COHEN, S.Q.A.I.M.N.S./R.

The marriage was solemnised on April 14, 1946, in Palestine, of Daniel Brown, B.Sc., only surviving son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Brown, of Melbourne, Australia, to Millie Cohen, S.R.N., S.C.M., second daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Louis Cohen, of Dudley, Worcestershire.

SILVER WEDDINGS

MEERLOO : COHEN.—On June 9, 1921, at Hampstead Synagogue, the marriage was solemnised of William Meerloo to Ruby Cohen. An "At Home" will be held on Saturday, June 15, 1946, from 3 to 6 p.m.—54, Grove Hall Court, St. John's Wood, N.W.8.

SILVERSTONE : GROSSMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Silverstone (Edith Grossman) attain their 25th wedding anniversary on June 9, 1946. Festivities are being postponed until the return of Mr. Silverstone from Johannesburg, South Africa.—34, Broomhall Place, Sheffield, 10.

SOMPER : KANAL.—On June 7, 1921, the marriage of Henry Reginald Somper to Deborah Kanal was solemnised at the Great Synagogue. Present address: 18, Wendover Court, Finchley Road, N.W.3.

SERVICES AND PREACHERS

LONDON

SUNDAY, JUNE 9

St. John's Wood Road (Liberal).—The Rev. Leslie I. Edgar, M.A., Hon. C.F., Service at 11.30 a.m. Subject: "Victory & its Fulfilment."

FORTHCOMING EVENTS

LONDON

SATURDAY, JUNE 8

Finchley Y.I. Society, Kinloss Gardens, N.3.—Our V Party begins at 10.30 p.m. Dancing, Refreshments, Buffet. Bring your own alcoholic drinks. Admission 1/6.

SUNDAY, JUNE 9

Anglo-Palestinian Club.—Lecture by Mr. Menahem Rosin on "The Jew on the Seven Seas," 8 p.m. Chairman: Lt.-Col. Frank Bustard, O.B.E.

Hampstead Jewish Youth Club, Dennington Park Road, N.W.6.—Social Evening: Dancing and Indoor Games, 8 p.m. Playreading on Thursday, 8 p.m.

New West End Synagogue Communal Centre, St. Petersburgh Place, W.2.—Victory Dance to Band, for Members and their friends, 7.30 to 11 p.m.

University of London J.U.S.—No Meeting. Woburn House closed.

Willesden Jewish Centre, Heathfield Park, N.W.2.—Victory Celebration and Gala Ball, 7.30 p.m. Spot prizes, Novelty dances, etc. Supper and Running Buffet. Members 3/6; Visitors 5/-.

MONDAY, JUNE 10

Ivri Social and Literary Society.—Grand Victory Ball, 7.30 to 11.30 p.m. (See advert. on back page.)

B.Y.I.S. Swimming, Seymour Hall Baths, Seymour Place, 8 p.m. Members only.

TUESDAY, JUNE 11

Bnai B'rith.—Lecture by Rabbi Kopul Rosen on "Mysticism and Messianism," 33, Seymour Place, W.1, 8.15 p.m. prompt. Visitors welcome.

Hashachar, Cricklewood Y.F.S.—"The Jewish State," by Mr. S. Rowson. Cricklewood Synagogue Hall, Walm Lane, N.W.2, 8.15 p.m.

Harrow Senior Judeans (over 20's).—Introductory Meeting, Brains Trust, at the Synagogue, 31, Vaughan Road, Harrow, 8 p.m. prompt.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 12

Anglo-Palestinian Club.—Lecture by Mr. Shlomo Aronson on "Mendele Mocher Seforim," 8 p.m. Arranged by the Hebrew-Speaking Circle. Visitors from Palestine cordially invited.

Maida Vale Society.—Record Concert, "Famous Arias," 131, Elgin Avenue, W.9, 8.30 p.m. Visitors welcome.

New West End Synagogue Communal Centre.—Mr. Camille Hoare on "The World Jewish Congress," 8.15 p.m.

University of London J.U.S.—Dance, Adolph Tuck Hall, 7.30 to 11.15 p.m. (For further details see back page.)

Willesden and Golders Green Y.I.S.—"Hanover Night," Synagogue Hall, Walm Lane, N.W.2, 8 p.m.

Willesden Jewish Centre.—Lecture by Mr. Harold Gibson, M.C., on "Vital Experts," 8 p.m. Arranged by the Central Office of Information.

THURSDAY, JUNE 13

Anglo-Palestinian Club.—Lecture by Mr. Leonard J. Stein on "Present-day Jewish Problems," 8 p.m.

Dance with Trevor Ray's Club, Victoria Ballroom, Leicester Square (above Café de l'Europe), 7 to 11 p.m. Adm. 4/-.

Harrow Senior Judeans (over 20's).—Appreciation of Classical Music at the Synagogue, 31, Vaughan Road, Harrow, 8 p.m. prompt.

Mcmorah (Senior) Literary and Social Club.—Opening Social and Dance, Crowland Road School Hall, N.15 (No. 5, Tottenham Sun.) 7.30 p.m. Members & Guests 2/6.

St. John's Wood and Maida Vale Zionist Society.—Grand Social and Dance. Admission 2/6.

TUESDAY, JUNE 18

Y.P.C.—Dance, Victoria Ballrooms, Leicester Square, W.C.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 19

South London.—Address by Mr. Herman Stone, member of the Council of the A.J.A., on "An Anglo-Jewish Approach to Our Problems." Brixton Synagogue Memorial Hall, Effra Road, S.W.2, 8 p.m. prompt. In the Chair: Mr. Thomas Edser. All are welcome. No collection.

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CALENDAR AND DIARY

Sivan 30 days
Friday, June 7, to Friday, June 14
(Sivan 8 to Sivan 15)

Friday (Sivan 8), June 7. Sabbath begins at 8.

Saturday (Sivan 9), June 8. Portion of the Law (Torah) נשא Numbers iv. 21 to end of vii. Portion of Prophets (Haftara), Judges xiii. 2-25 [Ethics 1].

Sabbath ends (in London) at 10.10

Friday (Sivan 15), June 14. Sabbath begins at 8.

BIBLE READERS' UNION

Saturday, June 8 .. .. Exodus 15
Week ending, Saturday, June 15 .. Exodus 16-22.

Particulars can be obtained from the Bible Readers Union, Woburn House, Upper Woburn Place, London W.C.1.

NOTABLE DAYS IN 1946 (5706-7)

5706				1946	
II Adar	11	Fast of Esther	Thurs.	March	14
"	14	Purim	Sunday	"	17
Nisan	15	Passover, 1st day	Tuesday	April	16
"	16	" 2nd day	Wed.	"	17
"	21	" 7th day	Monday	"	22
"	22	" 8th day	Tuesday	"	23
Iyar	18	33rd day of Omer	Sunday	May	19
Sivan	6	Pentecost, 1st day	Wed.	June	5
"	7	" 2nd day	Thursday	"	6
Tammuz	17	Fast of Tammuz	Tuesday	July	16
Av	9	Fast of Av	Tues.	August	6
5707					
Tishri	1	New Year, 1st day	Thursday	Sept.	26
"	2	" " 2nd day	Friday	"	27
"	4	Fast of Gedaliah	Sunday	"	29
"	10	Day of Atonement	Saturday	Oct.	5
"	15	Tabernacles, 1st day	Thursday	"	10
"	16	" 2nd day	Friday	"	11
"	21	Hashana Rabba	Wednesday	"	16
"	22	Shemini Atseret	Thursday	"	17
"	23	Simchat Torah	Friday	"	18
Kislev	25	Chanucah	Wed.	Dec.	18

Rashe Chodashim.—Shevat, Thursday, January 3. *I Adar, Saturday, February 2. *II Adar, Monday, March 4. Nisan Tuesday, April 2. *Iyar, Thursday, May 2. Sivan, Friday, May 31. *Tammuz, Sunday, June 30. Av, Monday, July 29. *Elul, Wednesday, August 28. *Marcheshvan, Saturday, October 26. Kislev, Sunday, November 24. *Tebet, Tuesday, December 24.

*The previous day also is observed as Rosh Chodesh.

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GAUMONT MANCHESTER
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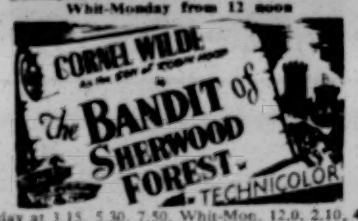
Sunday from 2.30. Weekdays from 12.45
Whit-Monday from 12 noon



Sunday at 3.15, 5.30, 7.50. Whit-Mon. 12.0, 2.10, 4.25, 6.40, 8.50. Tues. to Sat. 1.0, 3.30, 6.5, 8.45.
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PROFESSOR ROWLEY
(Professor of Semitics at the Manchester University)
will be addressing the
MANCHESTER TORAH VA'AVODAH
on WEDNESDAY, JUNE 12, at 8 p.m.
at MAMLOCK HOUSE
The subject will be "Archaeology and the Bible"

COMMUNAL NOTICES

COUNCIL OF MANCHESTER AND SALFORD JEWS

MANCHESTER Jewish Youth Committee require an Organiser-Secretary qualified to develop Jewish Youth activities in the area. Enthusiast with experience of Youth work. Salary, £400 to £500 per annum.—Applications, stating age, experience, and details of qualifications, to be sent to Mr. Samuel Davies, Chairman, Jewish Youth Committee, 11, Albert Square, Manchester, 2.

Provincial News

MANCHESTER'S NEW JEWISH SCHOOL

Wilton Polygon Site Chosen

Proposals for the new Manchester Jews' School were discussed at a meeting held last week at the Midland Hotel.

Mr. Herbert Nathan, J.P., who presided, said that the Wilton Polygon site had been selected, but as twelve acres were needed, playing fields might have to be found at some short distance from the school.

The sum of £10,000 would be needed for the School—which would consist of primary and secondary departments—but this could be collected over a period of seven years, said Mr. Nathan. He appealed to those present to support the Jews' School and not new smaller ones, which would only hinder their plans.

The Communal Rabbi, Rabbi Dr. A. Altmann, envisaged a higher education which might follow after the school training—a sort of University which would be higher than the present Yeshiva.

Mr. S. Davies thought that they could build a prefabricated building on the site in about eighteen months' time instead of waiting until the new school was built.

Councillor G. D. Franks said that three applications were at present before the Salford Corporation which were supposedly representing the Jewish Community, but as this was not so he thought that a deputation from the Council of Manchester and Salford Jews should go to the Corporation to give the true facts. Mr. Davies explained that there was nothing to stop an individual opening a private school, and the Communal Council had decided that it would not be dignified to bicker with members of their own Community in public.

Councillor L. Lever wanted to know whether the Jewish Community was going to be behind the other Communities who were already negotiating for their own schools.

Mr. Nathan announced that the name of the school would definitely be the Manchester Jews' School, with, possibly, "1946" added in brackets.

SYNAGOGUE MEETINGS

CENTRAL

Mr. B. Lewis, presiding at the annual meeting of the Central Synagogue, said he hoped that they would appoint a spiritual leader as soon as possible.

The balance-sheet, submitted by Mr. M. M. Cohen, showed an income of £7,925 against £7,447 last year.

Election results: Messrs. H. Lewis, President; H. Lea, Vice-President; M. M. Cohen, Treasurer; I. H. Nemeth, Warden; B. M. Lewis, Warden Beth Hamidrash; M. Canton, Hon. Secretary; I. Casket, M. Jaffe, and Dr. S. Levenberg, Representatives at the Deputies; Messrs. S. Bloom, H. Lewis, and T. Margolis, Representatives at Communal Council; A. Gadian, M. Harris, S. Klevan, S. S. Levy, B. Lewis, H. Lewis, S. Phillips, and I. Shapero, Representatives at Shechita Board; S. Bloom, S. S. Epstein, A. Gadian, S. Klevan, B. Lewis, and S. S. Levy, Eldermen; and I. Ash, J. Bernstein, L. Bernstein, S. Bennett, L. Davies, J. Gluck, J. Geisler, B. Horwitz, L. Kreger, T. Light, I. Lipman, T. Margolis, S. Phillips, I. Shapero, W. Shonick, and D. Siegelman, Committee.

The retiring President, Mr. B. Lewis, was elected Hon. Life President.

GREAT

At the annual meeting of the Manchester Great Synagogue held at the Yeshurun Hall, the retiring President, Mr. Laurence Marks, said that plans had been made to enlarge the Synagogue at Stene Court, Singleton Road.

The Treasurer, Mr. B. Wilkins, reported an increase in the assets of the Synagogue, during the past year, of over £800.

Election results: Messrs. H. A. Nathan, J.P., President; Councillor A. Matz, Vice-President; I. Ephraim, Warden; B. Wilkins, Treasurer; J. Alexander, H. Bonving, H. Davies, Councillor G. D. Franks, Philip Gold, A. Goldman, I. Goldman, M. Hytner, J. Mamlock, Sterling, I. Wolfson, D. Wilkins, and Dr. R. S. Ross, Committee; and Messrs. A. Davies, A. Donn, and I. Seligson, Hon. Auditors.

HEATON PARK

The President, Mr. Eli Fox, giving his report at the annual meeting of the Heaton Park Synagogue, stated that there had been an increase both in the membership and in the Synagogue's activities.

Election results: Messrs. S. M. Sherman, President; M. Rosen, Vice-President; B. Landes, Treasurer; L. David, Warden; and W. Verber, Hon. Secretary.

HIGHER BROUGHTON

Election results: Councillor A. Moss, J.P., President; Messrs. Samuel Davies, Vice-President; S. N. Hyman, Warden; R. Rosenberg, Treasurer; R. Friend, Hon. Secretary; H. Finklestone, Hon. Solicitor; H. Epstein and H. Veeder, Hon. Auditors; Dr. J. Shlosberg and Mr. S. Davies, Representatives at the Deputies; and Messrs. I. Bernstein, M. Bernstein, H. Harris, D. Jeffs, Councillor L. M. Lever, Messrs. C. Marks, I. Marks, S. Needoff, L. Robinson, I. Sandler, and H. Woolstone, Council.

"CURSED WITH EMANCIPATION"

Anglo-Jewry "Losing its Soul"

In an address at the Manchester Jewish Forum on "Anglo-Jewry and Aliyah," the Rev. B. Casper said it was time for Anglo-Jewry to begin to re-orientate itself.

"In England," he said, "we have been cursed with emancipation. We have imbibed so much of our English environment that our own Jewish background has been watered down. . . . Are we really breathing freely? We are like fish out of water. We have got our bodies to prosper but we have not noticed that we are losing our souls."

Anglo-Jewry must send its sons to the Yishuv. If they believed in the New Judea they must go and help to build it. The Jews of Palestine talked of Jews in this country as the assimilated Jews. If they did not make the effort of going back they would become completely cut off.

Where was the Yishuv going to turn for recruits? The main sources—Poland and Russia—had dried up.

Jews who wanted to be saved as Jews must work

Continued at foot of next column

THE MINISTRY IN LEEDS

United Hebrew Congregation Seeks United Action

Owing to the bereavement of the Hon. President of the United Hebrew Congregation, Mr. A. M. Hurwitz (the death of whose father, Rabbi H. Hurwitz, was announced last week), Mr. Henry Freedman presided at the annual meeting.

Mr. Freedman expressed the Congregation's and Community's sense of loss at the passing of their senior Rabbi and also made sympathetic reference to the death of Mr. B. Waldenberg.

Describing the Congregation's work during the year, Mr. Freedman referred to the new constitution which had been adopted, and said that the United Hebrew Congregation was doing all it could to amalgamate all the Synagogues in its sphere of influence. A further step of unification had been the formation of the Joint Cemetery Board, including the Beth Hamedrash Hagadol, and the Chapeltown Congregation.

The Leeds Community, went on the speaker, was faced with the pressing problem of a Communal Rabbi, and also the appointment of further Ministers, and they were endeavouring to influence the other Congregations to achieve united action in this direction.

Mr. J. Gillinson (Treasurer) presented the financial statement for the year, which showed a total income of over £9,000. In a reference to the Moortown Synagogue, he said it was confidently hoped to launch a scheme for the erection of a new Synagogue and Communal Centre.

Mr. Barnett Janner, M.P., presenting a report on the Board of Deputies, dealt, among other matters, with its work of helping Displaced Persons, and its efforts to combat the growth of anti-Semitism.

The following were elected Representatives at the Deputies: Prof. S. Brodetsky, Messrs. Barnett Janner, M.P., S. M. Ellis, Victor Gollancz, Basil Sandelson, and M. Silman.

In the Congregation's annual report, signed by Mr. Hurwitz, appears the following reference to inter-congregational relations:

Every effort has been made to stimulate good relations between our Congregation and its neighbours. Inter-change of preachers and readers has proved a great success. I have openly declared that my ultimate aim is the amalgamation of all Leeds Congregations, with our own, in one United Congregation, and some steps have been taken in this direction. If progress has been slow, it does not indicate that success is far off. The Joint Synagogue Council has received our whole-hearted support and that Council will certainly facilitate the complete merger of all Congregations, which alone can make a vigorous and healthy Jewish life possible.

SOUTH WALES HOME FOR AGED

The Home For Aged Jews for South Wales and the West of England, situated at 10, St. John's Crescent, Cowbridge Road, Cardiff, opened its doors recently for the admission of eleven old folks. They were welcomed by the Matron, Miss Bernstein, late of the Manchester Home For Aged Jews, and by members of the Board of Management, who afterwards held their first meeting in their own premises.

Many gifts were received from the South Wales Community, and many more have been promised.

The Chairman, Mr. Henry Silver, announced that the official opening ceremony would be performed in the near future by Dayan H. M. Lazarus.

At a meeting held by the Cardiff and District Jewish Ex-Servicemen's Association, at which Major Louis C. Cohen presided, Capt. H. H. Roskin reported on the efforts which were being made to secure a 100 per cent. record of Jewish personnel who had served in the various services. The Hon. Secretary is Mr. Henry E. Samuel, 32, Plantagenet Street, Riverside, Cardiff.

In memory of his parents, the late Abraham and Etty Shibko, a bed was presented to the Cardiff Royal Infirmary by Mr. Sidney Shibko, at the cost of 1,000 guineas. The unveiling was performed by Mrs. Sidney Shibko. Sir Ivor B. Thomas, J.P., accepted the bed on behalf of the Infirmary and praised the Jewish Community for the help it had given. The Rev. H. Jerevitch, member of the Board of Management, read the dedication prayer.

RESIGNATIONS AT SWANSEA

A meeting of the Swansea Congregation received the resignations of the Rev. J. Weintrobe, Minister for 15 years, who has been appointed Secretary of the Mizrachi Organisation of Great Britain; the Rev. H. Fineberg, Chazan-Shochet for 22 years, who intends leaving for Palestine; and Mr. J. Freedman, second Reader, teacher, and collector for over 20 years, who is going into business.

Mr. Walter Hyman, President, said it was a compliment to them that their Minister should have been selected for such an appointment.

The meeting was a stormy one, controversies arising over constitutional matters and the election of a representative at the Deputies. Mr. L. Palto was re-elected to that position.

Continued from previous column

for their salvation as Jews—they must go to Palestine themselves.

Asked at question time to comment on allegations made in that same room by Colonel Robert Henriques (reported in THE JEWISH CHRONICLE of April 19) that the standard of religion in the Jewish Brigade was very low and that it was difficult to get a minyan, Mr. Casper said: "Colonel Henriques obtained this information from his brother who was a Major in the Brigade. If ever there was a man who appeared not religious it was his brother. This Major was in command of a battery of artillery in the Jewish Brigade and was present when I held a Service for the whole battery. It was not a parade—they came voluntarily."

Then in a ringing voice the speaker declared: "I give the direct lie to any who would slander the Brigade in this way. Let it be known from the Senior Chaplain of the Jewish Brigade that there was more true religion in that group which constituted the Brigade than I had ever seen anywhere else."

BIRMINGHAM SCHOOL TO BE MODERNISED

Religious Education Tax

In the course of his report to the members of the Birmingham Congregation at the annual meeting held at the Communal Hall last Sunday, the Rev. Dr. Abraham Cohen referred to the new lease of life which their Hebrew Schools had been granted by the local Educational Authority, and said it would be their endeavour to modernise the school. Plans, he said, had been formulated for the erection of a stage, and the introduction of wireless and film lessons.

Dealing with the new situation in Anglo-Jewish education, arising from the Conference last November, Dr. Cohen said this would affect Birmingham in three directions: (1) A Central Co-ordinating Committee would be established, to survey the whole field, and prevent overlapping; (2) Birmingham would act as the Central Committee for the West Midlands Region; and (3) much more money would have to be found, and the present system whereby all expenditure on religious education was borne by the Congregation could not continue. The old bad system of regarding religious education as a charity must cease. Although he was reluctant to impose special taxes, there was no other way to raise the money required.

Mr. Ivan Shortt, who presided, said the appointment of the Rev. C. Pearl as Education Officer, and the reorganisation of ministerial duties had been conspicuously successful.

Mr. Jack Cotton, Treasurer, said the fact that there was a loss of £276 on the year under review showed the wisdom of taking the precaution last year of improving the revenue by a small increase in seat rents.

Mr. Louis Cassell was elected a Life Member of the Council. As a result of a ballot the following were re-elected: Messrs. M. Cohen, J. Cotton, H. Gompertz, H. P. Rich, and I. Shortt. Two new members elected were Messrs. P. Bloom and G. E. Gompertz.

GERMANY IN DEFEAT

At the International Centre, Suffolk Street, under the auspices of the Birmingham Jewish Refugee Club, Mr. A. A. Shenfield gave an address on "Germany in Defeat," based on his observations whilst a member of the Allied Control Commission. Dr. H. Deutschkronn presided.

The Germans as a group, said Mr. Shenfield, showed a readiness towards self pity, and what was happening in Germany was calculated to feed that malady of a diseased mind. Politically the Germans were as children and savages, and most of them were not prepared to accept the verdict of the war, believing that Hitler was not wrong, but just unlucky and unsuccessful.

The difficulty of re-educating Germany, added the speaker, was made all the more problematical, because of the divisions and quarrels among the four Great Powers.

LIVERPOOL CHILDREN'S HOLIDAY HOME

A meeting of the Committee of the Liverpool Jewish Children's Holiday Home, held at 5, Oxford Street with Mr. A. Levy in the Chair, discussed the reopening of Tanlan Hall, North Wales, as a Convalescent and Holiday Home.

It was proposed that steps to restart the Home should be taken as soon as possible. There was a great shortage of household linen, blankets, etc., which the Committee would investigate.

The following were re-elected: Mrs. S. Samuels, President; Mr. A. Levy and Mr. M. J. Glassman, Vice-Presidents; Mrs. Louis M. Lyons, Treasurer; and Mrs. J. Hulman and Miss S. Ettinger, Hon. Secretaries.

At a meeting of members of the Great Synagogue, Grove Street, Mr. A. Mass, of Bristol, was elected Representative at the Deputies. After the meeting a reception was held in honour of Messrs. M. Goldstein, A. Levy, and C. Shock, and presentations of silver sauce-boats were made to them for their services to the Synagogue. Mr. Jack Bloomberg, the President, and many others paid tributes.

The Social Sections of the Poale Zion and Young Zionist Societies held a dance at Reece's Ballroom, Parker Street, in aid of the United Jewish Refugee Fund. A number of City Councillors and many prominent Liverpool Zionists attended. The Poale Zion Society meets every other Tuesday at Zion House for literary meetings. The Young Zionist Society meets on Thursdays at Zion House for literary and social events.

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J.N.F. PROGRESS IN GLASGOW

Sound progress in the work of the Jewish National Fund in Glasgow was reported at a meeting of the local Commission held in the Zionist Centre, at which Mr. H. Woolfson presided.

Mr. J. Mellick, the Treasurer, stated that the income since September, 1945, was £3,000, compared with £2,134 for the corresponding period of the previous year.

In the Forest of Freedom campaign, stated Lt.-Col. J. H. Collins, O.B.E., the total number of trees contributed up to date, was 4,500.

Mr. L. Haase, Golden Book Convener, said that the total of inscriptions so far was 14, and he called for greater efforts in this direction.

Mr. I. Naftalin, Convener for the box campaign, said that collections from this source from September, 1945, until May 17, totalled £925—an increase of £383 over the same period of last year. The number of new boxes placed this year was 179, while pledges in all totalled 290.

Auction Brings £3,000

The final figures of the auction sale recently organised by the Glasgow J.N.F. Commission, disclosed at a meeting of the Sale Committee, at which Mr. I. Lazarus presided, showed a balance of £3,023, which will be devoted to the establishment of settlements in Eretz Yisrael for children rescued from Europe. Mr. S. Blin was thanked for his work for the auction.

Mr. I. Blin, on behalf of his brother, presented the cheque to the Rev. B. Cherrick, Chief Organiser of the J.N.F.

JEWISH EDUCATION IN EUROPE

A.J.A.'s Participation

Speaking on "The A.J.A. and Jewish Problems of To-day" at a meeting of the Glasgow branch of the Association, held in the Central Hotel, Sir Henry J. d'Avigdor Goldsmid, D.S.O., said that there was no Jewish education in Europe to-day outside the United Kingdom, and it was absolutely vital to remedy this state of affairs. The A.J.A. were now working in association with the Alliance Israélite Universelle on the question.

He thought the A.J.A. had achieved a resounding success as a result of representations they had made regarding the share of reparations to non-repatriable victims of the Nazis, said Sir Henry. He considered this was a triumph for the method of direct approach to the Government, as against the method of filibuster.

Discussing the Ica (Jewish Colonisation Association), with which the A.J.A. was closely associated, the speaker said that they had done an enormous amount of work, and their activities were now almost entirely directed to Palestine. They were spending money on relief work in Europe, as well as on colonisation, and they would have a considerable part to play in the rehabilitation of the Continent and the building up of Palestine.

Referring to the recent proposal to secede from the Deputies, he said the A.J.A. were seeking to continue their work on an equal footing. There was no reason why there should not be friendly working between the two bodies.

Mr. Granville Heilbron, J.P., presided. Captain A. E. Barnett, who proposed a vote of thanks to the speaker, announced that the membership of the Glasgow branch was about 70.

TRIBUTES TO GLASGOW MINISTER

The Rev. A. L. Rubinstein was honoured by the Netherlee, Stamperland, and Clarkston Congregation, at a gathering at the Couper Institute to mark his departure to take over the ministry of the Giffnock and Newlands Congregation.

Dr. I. Burton, who presided, reviewed the history of the Congregation since its formation six years ago, and he praised Mr. Rubinstein for the notable part he had played in bringing it to its present flourishing condition. Their Hebrew Classes, for instance, had started with six children, and now had 65.

Among others who paid tributes were Rabbi N. Shapiro, on behalf of the Glasgow Yeshivah, and the Rev. I. McIntosh, Minister of the Stamperland Church of Scotland.

On behalf of the Congregation, Mr. S. Shroot, Chairman, presented the Minister and Mrs. Rubinstein with a silver fruit bowl.

Mr. Rubinstein, on behalf of Mrs. Rubinstein and himself, presented the Congregation with a Sefer Torah mantle, to mark the completion of a happy ministry with them.

BELFAST—Jewish fellow-graduates and friends of Captain Leopold Herbert, M.C., who was killed in action in Sicily in July, 1943, subscribed £400 to endow a prize at Queen's University in his memory. Presenting the cheque to the University's Centenary Fund, Rabbi J. Shachter said that Capt. Herbert was beloved by all who came in contact with him. The Vice-Chancellor, Dr. D. Lindsay Keir, said the University was grateful, not only for the benefaction but also for the opportunity of joining with the Jewish Community in honouring the memory of a gallant officer whose career would be a source of abiding pride. Queen's would be glad to feel that his name would now be permanently associated with its own.

BRADFORD—A luncheon, given under the auspices of the Women's Zionist Society in support of the United Palestine Appeal, at the Jewish Institute, was addressed by Miss Helen Waren, the American actress, who described her experiences amongst the Jews in Western Europe whilst working with U.S.O. (the American equivalent of Ensa). In response to Miss Waren's stirring appeal, many donations to the Appeal were given. A certificate for 12 trees in Palestine was presented by the Chairman (Mrs. L. A. Silman) to Mrs. G. K. Hecht, former Treasurer of the Society, in recognition of her services.

Mr. B. Brown has been re-elected representative of the Bradford Hebrew Congregation at the Deputies.

GRIMSBY—A one-act play performed at the Jewish Club, Cleethorpes Road, by seven girls of the Grimsby Jewish Youth Movement raised nearly £9 for the Jewish Blind Society.

A REPLY TO CHIEF RABBI HERZOG

We have received from the Liberal Jewish Synagogue, St. John's Wood Road, a copy of a letter which has been addressed to Rabbi Dr. Isaac Herzog, Chief Rabbi of Palestine, by Dr. Bethel Solomons, of Dublin. It was a reply to Dr. Herzog's letter to Mr. Robert Briscoe, T.D., a quotation from which appeared in our issue of May 24.

In the course of his reply, Dr. Solomons writes:

Your shock in learning of the establishment of a Progressive Congregation in Dublin was mild in comparison to mine on reading your letter circulated in your community.

When, for instance, you refer to the "Nazi gas-ovens," you know as well as I that Hitler never asked any of his unfortunate victims whether they worshipped at a Liberal Synagogue, an Orthodox Chevra, or anywhere else. Indeed, your epithet "malignant growth," applied to fellow-Jews, strikes a repulsive note.

But what amazes me most is that you should have rushed into writing without making any inquiries from the people concerned. This is the least consideration to be expected from anyone who had been away from Dublin for nearly ten years.

I am sending you a copy of an outline of the objects of the Progressive Congregation with which I have the honour to be associated. You will, therefore, see that, far from jeopardising the Torah, what we put forward is a positive plan for making its message intelligible to every Jew. I agree that unless such an approach to Judaism is boldly undertaken, our children, faced with the only alternative of your interpretation, will be forced into its complete disavowal and rejection. Surely you are not totally blind to the religious attitude of the majority of Jewish youth to-day.

I am satisfied that the people active in the establishment of the Progressive Congregation in Dublin are inspired by the purest and holiest motives.

Under the auspices of the Dublin Progressive Jewish Congregation, a conversazione was held at the Hibernian Hotel to meet Mr. and Mrs. M. Briscoe, of the South London Liberal Jewish Congregation. Mr. L. Elvan presided. Mr. Briscoe spoke of the creation and development of his Congregation and the value and significance of Liberal Judaism for modern Jewry.

EDINBURGH—The following were elected at the annual meeting of the Chevra Kadisha, held in the Synagogue Hall, Salisbury Road: Messrs. E. H. Furst, J.P., Chairman; J. M. Baker, Vice-Chairman; N. Ginsburg, Treasurer; H. J. Green, Secretary; R. Cohen, J.P., E. H. Furst, J.P., and I. Levinson, Trustees; D. Bennet and L. Gandz, Auditors; and the Rev. M. B. Ordman, Shammash Rishon.

HULL—At the annual meeting of the Old Hebrew Congregation, held at the Beth Hamedrash, Osborne Street, Mr. L. Rapstone, President and Treasurer, resigned from the treasurership, which he had occupied for 20 years. He was re-elected President and was thanked for his great services to the Congregation, particularly during the war years. Mr. D. Robinson was elected Treasurer, and Mr. Rapstone was elected representative at the Deputies.

MERTHYR TYDFIL—A reception was held in honour of the Rev. K. Yoffe, who is leaving Merthyr Tydfil to take up an appointment of Chazan-Shochet with the Nottingham Congregation. Mr. Yoffe was presented with a gold wristlet watch in appreciation of his services to the Congregation during the past seven years.

Obituary

PROF. ISAAC GRUNEWALD

Sweden's Leading Painter

Professor Isaac Grünewald, of the Stockholm Academy of Art, and generally regarded as the leading Swedish painter, was killed, with his wife, in an aeroplane crash, while flying to Stockholm from Oslo.

The funeral, yesterday week, at the Jewish Cemetery, Stockholm, was attended by over a thousand people distinguished in Swedish life, including Prince Eugene, the King's brother, who is himself a distinguished painter.

Chief Rabbi Dr. Ehrenpreis, who was a personal friend of Professor Grünewald, officiated. Among the Professor's portraits is one of Chief Rabbi Ehrenpreis, which was commissioned by the Stockholm Jewish Community.

Dr. Ehrenpreis reminded the gathering that Professor Grünewald, though born in Stockholm, had been the son of poor Jewish immigrants from Poland, and was brought up in a traditional Jewish home. His work, he said, showed the influence of Polish Jewish life. His pictures were like painted Psalms.

Mr. BARNETT NEEDOFF (Manchester) who died suddenly following his collapse at a meeting of the World Jewish Congress branch on Sunday, was the founder, and Treasurer for over twenty-five years, of the South Broughton Synagogue; member of the Council of Manchester and Salford Jews, and for many years was a representative at the Board of Deputies. He was founder and leader of the Manchester Tontine Society. "In his love for Jewish education" (writes Rabbi J. Chesner, of South Broughton Synagogue), "he founded the Barnett Needoff scholarship at the Manchester Talmudical College. His philanthropy was abounding. His modesty and pleasing disposition won for him the deep regard of all." One of his sons is Councillor Sydney Needoff, Vice-President of the Manchester Talmudical College.

Other recent deaths include **Mr. Joseph Bregman** (Tel-Aviv), 65, a delegate to several Zionist Congresses and a co-founder with Dr. Weizmann of the Chovevei Zion at Pinsk; **Dr. Meilech Chmelnitsky** (New York), 61, who while in Vienna had been correspondent of the New York Jewish daily, FORWARD, and joined the editorial staff on going to New York in 1939; **Mr. Lazar Kahan** (Shanghai), 60, one of Poland's leading Yiddish journalists and novelists before the war; **Mr. Moshe Greidinger** (Haifa), 60, who took a leading part in Zionist affairs in London before leaving in 1929 for Palestine, where he owned a citrus plantation near Kfar Saba and built three cinemas at Haifa; **Mr. Michael Traub**, a leading member of the staff of the Keren Hayesod head office in Jerusalem, who died in New York, aged 51.

FOOD FACTS

RATION BOOKS

Distribution of the new ration books began on 27th May, 1946

TO GET YOUR RATION BOOK

(1) Watch for the advertisements in your local papers, and for posters telling you when and where to go.

(2) Fill in page 4 of your present ration book and leave it in the book. Take your ration book and identity card with you when you go for your new book.

(3) If you can, help by taking the ration books of relatives, friends or neighbours as well as your own, even if they ought to go on some other day.

(4) If your identity card does not bear your right address or if you have lost it or it is in a very bad condition, see your Food Office about it before going for your new ration book.

(5) If you hold a green ration book as an *expectant mother* and you have to produce a fresh medical certificate at the Food Office before 21st July, you can get your new ration books there at the same time.

(6) If you hold a *yellow identity card* and have to renew it at the Food Office before 21st July, you can get your new ration book at the same time.

AFTER YOU GET YOUR RATION BOOK

(1) Write your address on the front cover, and your name, address and National Registration number on the front cover of the clothing book.

(2) Remove the clothing book and put it away in a safe place until you are told you can use it.

(3) Fill up page 6 of the ration book with the name and address of your **present** milk retailer and of the retailers for other foods with whom you choose to register. You cannot change your milkman.

(4) Then fill up page 8 or, in some cases, the loose sheet of counterfoils.

(5) A special card will be given to you with your ration book for you to re-register for milk with **your present retailer.** Fill up this card also.

(6) Next you must re-register as below.

RE-REGISTRATION WITH RETAILERS

MILK. When you have filled in the special card for re-registration for milk **give it to your present milk retailer or to his roundsman.** If you fail to do this your milkman may not be able to supply you with milk after 20th July.

OTHER FOODS. You will have to re-register with retailers for meat and groceries but you may change from your present retailers if you wish. Take the ration book to your chosen retailers of these foods to cut out the counterfoils. Do not cut them out yourself.

The new registrations for milk and for other foods will come into force on 21st July, 1946, and are necessary to enable you to get your supply of essential foods.

Why re-registration for MILK?

There cannot be fair distribution of milk without proper records. Since the present records were set up, nearly five years ago, there have been millions of changes and complete new records are necessary. Therefore the present milk registrations will all be cancelled when the present ration books end on 20th July, and everyone must register anew with their present retailers.

THE MINISTRY OF FOOD, LONDON, W.1. FOOD FACTS No. 207A

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16

The Charm of a Smile
The smile that fascinates is the smile that reveals the gleam of pearly teeth. Don't risk it by using a gritty dentifrice.
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LIBERAL SYNAGOGUE

Dr. Mattuck on Proselytisation

Rabbi Dr. I. Mattuck, speaking at the annual meeting of the Liberal Jewish Synagogue held last week at 28, St. John's Wood Road, said that among the services which the Synagogue was rendering the Community was that of accepting proselytes to the Jewish faith who were refused by the Orthodox ecclesiastical authorities.

Dr. Mattuck began his address by referring to the handicap from which they suffered through the crippling of their building by bomb damage. They looked forward to the restored building, he said, not only for their own sakes but for the sake of the services the Synagogue performed in the Community. A decided movement had set in, he continued, in their direction that was shown not only by the rapid and considerable increase in their membership since the war but also by other signs too numerous to mention.

There were many Jews looking for a religious home in Judaism which only their Synagogues could supply, said Dr. Mattuck. They were impelled by their experience of war. They were influenced and impelled by their feeling for Judaism. They wanted a living Judaism and that was why so many of them turned to the Liberal Synagogue for help. In meeting their need they were rendering an important service to the Community.

There was, he went on, another service they rendered the Community which needed some emphasis. During recent years the number of applications they had received to accept proselytes had increased, partly because the Orthodox Jewish ecclesiastical authorities had adopted a policy whereby they practically refused to entertain an application from a non-Jew who wanted to become a Jew. Recently the Beth Din issued a statement in which they condemned marriages in which the man was a Jew and the woman not a Jewess. It was significant that that condemnation did not extend, at any rate as far as that statement was concerned, to cases where the woman was a Jewess and the man not a Jew. They, too, did not like intermarriage but they did not discriminate which was the Jewish and which the non-Jewish party. They did not dislike intermarriage on social grounds but on religious grounds, and the religious grounds could be removed when the non-Jewish party sincerely and fully accepted Judaism and was accepted into it.

Crisis in Orthodoxy

A large section of the Community, continued Dr. Mattuck, the organised section, was passing through a crisis, which involved the future of Orthodox Judaism in this country. It might at any moment reach its climax. For too long the religious life of the Community suffered from ambiguity; to put it politely, and it was astounding that only a few weeks ago the Chief Rabbi of Palestine should in a letter practically have given approval to that. He had said: "Let us believe in the Divine character of the Commandments even though we violate them." So far had Orthodoxy gone in sanctioning that kind of ambiguity that one in that position was prepared to give his approval to it. If religion required one thing more than any other it was sincerity, which meant conformity between belief and practice. So it was that that crisis which had been suppressed, but could not be suppressed for very much longer, would clarify the situation and once and for all dispel the ambiguity, and then it would be possible for all sections to co-operate.

Col. L. H. Gluckstein, K.C., who presided, presented the annual report and said it was particularly gratifying to report that since the end of the war they had an increase in the membership and many inquiries from people returning to London.

[The membership of the Liberal Synagogue at the present time is 1,570. The annual report states that 75 new members joined last year.]

Major Ronald Simon moved the adoption of the accounts.

Col. L. H. Gluckstein was re-elected President; Capt. Michael Franklin and the Hon. Lily Montagu, O.B.E., retiring members of the Council, were re-elected; and Messrs. M. B. Baron, L. Falk, M. J. Levy, S. Salmon, and H. Soref, Col. L. H. Gluckstein, Lady Hartog, and Miss Hilda Schlesinger, were elected Representatives at the Deputies.

PROPOSED SYNAGOGUE FOR STREATHAM

[COMMUNICATED]

The formation of a Synagogue in the Streatham area was discussed at a meeting held last week in Streatham at which over 200 were present.

Mr. S. Clyne, presiding, said that a committee was in existence which was investigating the possibility of establishing a Synagogue in the district.

Dayan M. Swift stressed the need for a Synagogue because a large number of people in the Streatham and surrounding districts had no Jewish religious or communal life whatsoever, and the religious education of the children was, therefore, being neglected.

Brixton Synagogue, he said, had provided certain facilities, but the classes had not been a success.

After a discussion, a formal resolution, moved by Mr. Gillman and seconded by Mr. Westbury, that immediate steps be taken for the setting-up of a Synagogue in the Streatham area, was unanimously agreed upon.

Mr. B. B. Lieberman and Mr. Jackson, the Chairman of the committee, also spoke.

Over £600 was subscribed towards the proposed building fund.

Those interested should write to the Secretary, Mr. S. Aarons, 10, Streatham Court, S.W.16 (Streatham 2055).

EAST HAM (ASSOCIATE) SYNAGOGUE

The annual meeting of the East Ham, Manor Park, and Ilford (Associate) Synagogue was held at the Synagogue Chambers, Carlyle Road, Manor Park, E.12, recently. A satisfactory financial statement was presented.

The election resulted as follows:

Messrs. S. Granditer, Chairman; M. Finkel, Vice-Chairman; I. H. Weinstein and M. Galinsky, Wardens; M. Galinsky, Treasurer; Councillor H. D. Cowan and Mr. M. Levine, Auditors; Mr. I. H. Weinstein, Representative at the Deputies; and Mr. H. Conrich, Secretary.

JEWISH SOLDIERS IN VICTORY PARADE

Reception By Ex-Servicemen's Association

A reception was held at Bloomsbury House, London, W.C.1, on Monday, for Jewish personnel who have arrived in England to attend the Victory Parade. It was organised by the Association of Jewish Ex-Servicemen and was preceded by a private dinner given at the Kedassia Restaurant, New Oxford Street, at which Major Webber presided.

Major Edmund de Rothschild greeted the guests in Hebrew, and particularly welcomed Lt. Y. Granovsky, of the Jewish Brigade, who had been wounded in Italy.

Major Webber again presided at the reception. He was glad, he said, to see comrades from Palestine, Transjordan, South Africa, and Canada, and he expressed regret that the Jewish Brigade contingent were unable to be present as they were not arriving in England till the following day. He specially mentioned as among those present Capt. Fleischman, M.M., the first member of the Rhodesian Forces to earn that decoration; his colleague, Sgt. Lowenthal, M.M., and Capt. L. Babrow, M.C., South African Forces.

Mr. C. Sebag-Montefiore, referring to the unity of Empire Forces, said that the object of the Association was to continue the feeling of comradeship engendered by the war, and in doing that they were helping the Jewish cause. Nothing could break down prejudice more than common sense, he said.

Col. H. Morris, M.P., welcomed the visitors on behalf of the Executive, and said he was delighted to see so many military representatives from Palestine, particularly, as an ardent Zionist, especially as he was himself a member of the 1st Jewish Battalion that went to Palestine in the 1914-18 war.

Major Webber thanked the artists who presented an entertainment.

LABOUR AT BOURNEMOUTH

In the course of an article on the forthcoming Labour Party Conference at Bournemouth, Professor Harold Laski writes in REYNOLDS NEWS:

"Not is it possible for a Party committed, as the Labour Party is committed to the fulfilment of the Jewish National Home in Palestine, to avoid insisting to the Government that the first recommendation of the Anglo-American Commission, that upon the admission of the 100,000 refugee Jews, be carried out with the swiftness that magnanimity ought to compel. Mr. Attlee's remarks upon the Report have gravely disturbed many of us who have admired his immense increase of authority and prestige since he took upon his shoulders the great burden of the Premiership."

J.R.E.B.'s LAST MEETING

The meeting of the Jewish Religious Education Board, presided over by Dr. N. Lucas, at Woburn House on Thursday of last week was the last to be held by this body, which has been merged into the London Board for Jewish Religious Education.

In moving the last financial report, the Treasurer, Mr. S. London, said they had received about the same income as in 1944.

A resolution was carried by which the Board's investments and other assets and all its liabilities as at December 31, 1946, are transferred to the new London Board for Jewish Religious Education.

A last gathering to be arranged by the Board is to be held in July.

SUMMER SCHOOLS AND CAMPS

An announcement from Maccabi House, 73, Compayne Gardens, N.W.6, gives the information that "once again Maccabi Summer School will be open this summer after a lapse of seven years." Maccabi has had a modern building placed at their disposal by the Town Council of Lowestoft. Arrangements for Kasher food are being made. It is anticipated that the cost will be approximately £5 per week. The School is to be held during the first and second weeks of August.

Bnei Akivah is again arranging summer camps for Anglo-Jewish youth between the ages of 11 and 17 during August. This year there will be one camp only for the whole of England, Scotland, and Wales, situated in the Yorkshire countryside about five miles from the seaside resort of Filey. The juniors of 11 to 14 will go from July 30 to August 13, and the seniors of 14 to 17, who will be expected to help in the harvest, will go from August 14 to 28. Applications should be addressed to the Bnei Akivah Camps Department, Albany Mansions, 87, Charing Cross Road, W.C.2.

Particulars of E.N.A. Harvesting Camps are obtainable from 85, Lordship Park, N.16.

The Federation of Zionist Youth announce they are holding a Summer School at a "lovely 16th century house with all modern amenities, situated 7½ miles from Bristol, within easy reach of Bath, Weston-super-Mare, and Cheddar Gorge." Application should be made to the F.Z.Y. Office, 67, Great Russell Street, W.C.1, by June 12.

NELSON STREET SYNAGOGUE

A year of steady progress was reported at the annual meeting of the Nelson Street Sephardish Synagogue, E., at which Dr. J. Seidenberg, M.B.E., presided. The balance-sheet showed income of £2,216, and expenditure of £2,007.

Reports on the work of the Deputies were given by the Chairman and Mr. F. Katz.

Mr. G. Cherns reported on the work of the London Board for Jewish Religious Education, and the 33⅓ per cent levy for education was carried unanimously.

The following were elected:

Dr. J. Seidenberg, President; Messrs. G. I. Aaronson and L. Coleman, Vice-Presidents; P. Nussbaum, Treasurer; J. Brown and L. Coleman, Wardens; E. Gepstein and J. Spritz, Auditors; G. I. Aaronson, F. Katz, and Dr. Seidenberg, Representatives at the Deputies.

N.W. LONDON SYNAGOGUE

There was unanimous agreement on the Communal taxation scheme for Hebrew education at the annual meeting of the N.W. London Synagogue, Caversham Road, N.W., held recently. The report on the progress of the classes was presented by Rabbi B. D. Klien, and Mr. K. Kornbluth spoke on the work of the Deputies.

The election resulted as follows:

Messrs. R. Freeman, Hon. President; J. Cohen, President; A. Rajbenbach, Warden; S. Bloom, Treasurer; R. Freeman, M. Nossek, and A. Gordon, Trustees; L. Alshwang, A. Appleboam, R. Brunner, E. Fuchs, L. Gis, A. Gordon, A. Kriven, E. Lipman, I. Moscovitch, M. Nossek, A. Rajbenbach, S. Schlesinger, N. Glatt, and Dr. A. I. Silverman, Board of Management; Mr. R. Brunner, Chairman, Education Committee; and Mr. K. Kornbluth, Representative at the Deputies.

PRIZES AT WEST HAM CLASSES

The Mayor of West Ham (Mrs. E. C. Cook, J.P.) presided over a large gathering (which included many members of the West Ham Borough Council) at the Communal Hall, Earlham Grove, E.7, on Sunday, when Mrs. Nathan Morris distributed the awards at a prize-giving of the West Ham District Synagogue Hebrew Classes.

Mr. M. Barnett, the headmaster, in submitting his report, said that their greatest problem was that of obtaining a sufficient teaching staff. One teacher had charge of a class of 73! There were over 100 boys and nearly 70 girls on the roll. Their premises needed to be extended and provision made for a children's synagogue.

Dr. Nathan Morris, in an address, praised the singing of the children, observing that he had not heard better in Palestine. He said that his experience had taught him that, when approached in the right way, the Jewish child showed itself to have a natural leaning towards acquiring a knowledge of their ancient faith. The Community's self-imposed task of taxing itself to the tune of £50,000 yearly for the purpose of Jewish education was a great and noble thing.

Cinema Or Synagogue?

The Rev. Ephraim F. Einhorn said there seemed to be a new question presenting itself to Jewish children every Shabbat morning: was it to be Synagogue Service or cinema club? Children should pledge themselves to confine their cinema-going to evenings when Hebrew classes were not in session.

SIYYUM AT GOLDERS GREEN TALMUD TORAH

The Golders Green Talmud Torah (writes the Rev. A. Carlebach) was able to celebrate what is, for a London Talmud Torah, a rare, if not unprecedented event: a Siyyum on Massecheth Makkoth, which had been studied by the senior form under Rabbi L. Jacobs within the short period of two terms.

A festive gathering assembled at the Elkah Segal House, to hear the following eight boys (out of 16) develop each his own Talmudical theme: Norman Davis, Norman and Philipp Beckman, Felix Horovitz, Harry Ullmann, Kenneth Felsenstein, Henry Wanderer, Meir Neuwirth.

Speakers, in paying tribute to the enthusiasm and success of teacher and pupils, stressed the fact that this Siyyum was giving the lie to two assumptions that had been axiomatic in Anglo-Jewish education: that pupils of secondary and public schools, especially those preparing for "Matric" and "Higher," would not attend daily Shiurim; and that it was impossible to give boys of school age a sound grounding in Talmud by teaching it in sufficient quantity. The event had shown that it was possible, and, because possible, necessary, to provide a Jewish education based on the realities of living Jewish tradition as handed down through the ages.

GREAT GARDEN ST. SYNAGOGUE

The annual meeting of the Great Garden Street Synagogue was held at the Synagogue, Greatorex Street, E. The following were elected: Messrs. J. Webber, Hon. Life President; B. A. Perkoff, President; M. Kasler, Vice-President; B. Domb and A. Smith, Treasurers; J. Medalyer and M. Plaskow, Wardens; B. Eisner, Deputy Warden; J. Levy, I. Kravatsky, A. Brookstone, and I. Halpern, Auditors; and B. A. Perkoff, H. Lubbock, S. Witte, and Freeman-Bass, Representatives at the Deputies.

CATFORD SYNAGOGUE

Mr. P. Maltby presided at the annual meeting of the Catford Synagogue held recently.

Resolutions dealing with the following were passed: formation of a membership group of the Sabbath League; approval of the U.S. Youth Fellowship scheme; and support of, and participation in, the education scheme of the London Board for Jewish Religious Education.

The election resulted as follows:

Messrs. J. H. Bloomfield, President; H. Levy, Chairman; H. N. Cooper, Vice-Chairman; B. Dale, Financial Representative; B. Lefcovitch, H. Bornstein, and S. Newman, Wardens; B. H. Bloomfield, J. Harris, I. Harris, S. Rabinovitch, S. Segal, S. Silver, and Dr. R. Wigoder, Board of Management; and Mr. P. Maltby, Representative at the Deputies.

TRIBUTES TO IZIK MANGER

Tributes to the well-known Yiddish poet, Izik Manger, were paid at a function which was held at the Hotel Esplanade on Tuesday by his friends to celebrate his 45th birthday.

Those who spoke were Dr. J. N. Steinberg, the poet, Slonimsky, Mr. B. Margulies, Mr. Blit, and Mr. Manger.

Among those who sent messages were Dr. Rawidowicz, the left wing of the Poale Zion (Paris), the Jewish Journalists' and Writers' Association, of Paris, and "Unser Stimme" (Paris).

Mr. Manger's father and brother were killed by the Nazis in Russia.

SERMON FOR THE WEEK

TRIAL BY ORDEAL

"This is the law of jealousy, when a wife, being under her husband, goeth aside, and is defiled." —(Numbers v. 29).

WHEN one bears in mind that trial by ordeal was the established rule rather than the rare exception in the primitive world, then the wonder is not that our Torah should devote a whole chapter to it, but rather that this should be the only recorded instance of supernatural aid being invoked instead of a judicial trial and circumstantial evidence. Even then, the Talmud assures us, the actual "test" of the *Sotah*, the woman suspected of conjugal infidelity, lapsed into desuetude some years before the destruction of the second Temple. When one is told on the authority of Frazer's "Golden Bough" that, among the early Romans, claims to kingdoms would as often as not be settled by single combat whose issue was accepted as conclusive evidence of the rightful possessor; when, down to historical times, the Umbrians unfailingly submitted their private disputes to the ordeal of battle, the victor proving beyond all shadow of doubt that justice dwelt with him; when the ordeal by poison was so rampant in West Africa as almost to exterminate the aborigines; and when, to this day, some of the wild Beduin in the Sinai peninsula and the native tribes of India still resort to such barbaric practices, then the supremacy of Judaism stands revealed as the religion that was the first to shake off blind magic and crass ignorance.

The inclusion of this "trial by ordeal" is not only to teach us the lesson of supremacy, but also because it has many other worth-while things for us to remember. Prior to our Sidra, the Torah had submitted laws concerning national welfare, regulations governing the Sabbath and Festivals, dietary laws, family purity, and so on; now it turns its attention to the private lives of man and woman, which, too, must be holy. When a man suspects his wife of unfaithfulness, he must not take the law into his own hands, allowing his impulses to dictate actions which he would probably rue in the days to come. No; he must take her to the priest in God's sanctuary, where the "test" was qualified by so many stipulations as almost to render it unworkable.

THE suspicious husband had to bring his wife to the supreme Jewish High Court (Beth Din Hagadol) in Jerusalem, where the process described in our Sidra was meticulously followed, and where judgment was given according to the findings recorded. But the sages add that the bitter waters had their dire, miraculous effect not only on the guilty woman but on the man with whom she had sinned, wherever he happened to be at that moment. Moreover, contend these Rabbis, only in a case where the husband himself was free from any taint of immorality and enjoyed a stainless character, could the waters have any effect on his wife: for if he were himself perjured by guilt, he had no right to sit in judgment on others. Thus the Talmud characteristically adopts a usage surrounded by superstition and breathes into it a message whose value the march of time cannot dim.

As if all this were not enough, the Talmud proceeds to tell us that if the woman who had been taken to Jerusalem for public judgment were absolutely innocent, then the waters she had been forced to drink had a remarkable curative effect. As a result she would emerge from an ordeal in which her reputation had been at stake feeling healthier and even more handsome in appearance. A study of the Talmudic interpretation of this "law of jealousy" makes it quite clear that it was primarily intended to serve as a protection for the wife, as indeed all the Jewish laws regarding marriage and divorce are, if they were only properly interpreted and rightly understood. In those ancient and barbaric times, when people, Jews included, believed much but knew little, when magic so often sat enthroned in the seat of strict justice, it was Judaism that first took up the cudgels in defence of the weak and the oppressed; and, with an eye to the subsequent abolition of the custom altogether, surrounded it with so many precautions and conditions as to render it well-nigh impossible of execution.

THIS chapter of the *Sotah* will have its value added to further by a glance at what immediately precedes and what directly follows this "law of jealousy." Immediately before we are told not to be niggardly in our gifts to the Temple, whether it be in the shape of restitution for guilt, atonement money, or heave-offering, and the like: "Whatsoever any man giveth the priest, it shall be his" (v. 10). Why, then, does the law of the *Sotah* follow immediately this command? Say the Rabbis: to warn man that if his meanness prevents him from being generous and fulfilling his obligations towards his faith, his family happiness will soon be disrupted, and the sunshine of his home will be darkened by the black clouds of suspicion. It is a fanciful but forceful reminder that greed and niggardliness break up happiness.

Directly following our chapter is the one which deals with the law of the Nazarite, that sincere but misguided individual who labours under the impression that the best way to eschew the sin of which the *Sotah* was suspected is to flee from it altogether; "to utter a vow and consecrate himself unto the Lord," by not partaking of wine and other legitimate pleasures, and by neglecting his appearance to the point of uncouthness. The logical sense of Judaism looks askance at such asceticism and such unnecessary privations of the body. At the end of his period of negation, he had to bring "*a sin offering*," for to go from one extreme to another is likewise to be condemned. Judaism does not expect us to be angels, even if it exhorts us always to walk as much as possible in the ways of truth. In no other religion is the adherent cautioned so much to beware of the extremes of too much and of too little. Fitting is the conclusion of the laws governing the *Sotah* and the Nazir —the woman suspected of sipping from the cup of sensual pleasure, and the man shunning the walks of life—with the pronouncement of the Priestly Blessing (vi. 22-27). For blessings, material *as well as spiritual*, dwell only with him who follows the middle path.

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YOUTH ACTIVITIES

MACCABI ASSOCIATION LONDON
73 COMPAYNE GARDENS N.W.6

SUNDAY, JUNE 9. Open Night.
THURSDAY, JUNE 13. Literary Section. "East of 88 degrees East." Speaker: F. O. Salmon, Esq. 8 p.m.
Maccabi Association, London, welcomes Maccabi members and ex-members of the Forces to a Reunion Dinner in the Lord Melchett Hall on Sunday, June 16, 1946, at 6.30 p.m. Admission by invitation only.

St. John's Wood Jewish Youth Centre
33/35, Abbey Road, London, N.W.8
SUNDAY, JUNE 9. "Victory Night." 8 p.m. Come and celebrate with us! Bonfire, sing-song, dancing and refreshments.
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 12. Dramatics. First meeting. Trial playreading of J. B. Priestley's "Mystery at Greenfingers." 8 p.m. Also Table-Tennis, 7.30 to 10.30 p.m.

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Sports and Clubs

OLD BOYS' ASSOCIATION

A Link Between Generations

Lord Nathan, presiding at a meeting at the Old Boys' Club last week to consider the formation of an Old Boys' Association, commended the proposal as a useful method of maintaining a link between the different generations of club members and rendering assistance to the Jewish Youth movement.

Mr. H. S. Schildkraut, who convened the meeting, said that the Association would provide an opportunity for former members of Jewish clubs to give back something in the way of service and by other means to a movement which had meant so much in their youth.

The proposal was enthusiastically supported by Messrs. Frank Renton, Jack Bowman, John Dight, Sam Honey, S. Brief, L. J. Hydleman, J.P., and T. J. Phillips and unanimously adopted.

A provisional committee was appointed to draw up a constitution.

Old boys of the various constituent clubs of the A.J.Y. who are interested in the matter are asked to communicate with Mr. H. S. Schildkraut, Old Boys' Club, 241, Mile End Road, E.1.

SOUTH TOTTENHAM—The South Tottenham Congregation announce the inauguration of a Senior Section of the Menorah Literary and Social Club, membership of which is open to men and women over 21. Future meetings are to be held at the Crowland Road Synagogue Hall, N.15, on Thursdays, and alternate Sundays starting June 16. Further information may be obtained from the Hon. Chairman, Mr. L. Sherbourne, 49, Wellington Avenue, South Tottenham, N.15.

GRAFTON ATHLETIC CLUB—At a recent meeting held at A.J.Y. House, the Grafton Athletic Club decided to hold a relay race for their "Alex Myer" Memorial Shield next month. The last winners (in 1939) were Victoria Park Harriers. This year only a "token" relay will be contested for the trophy, consisting of a half-mile, quarter-mile, and two "legs" of 220 yards each. The Grafton team has been provisionally chosen and consists of the following: H. J. Mead (half-mile), A. A. Gole (quarter-mile), J. Vandenburg and L. Shields (220 yards each).

RAMBLERS—At the first annual meeting of the Senior Rambling Group, held at the Bonnington Hotel, Southampton Row, a successful year was reported. The membership is now 65. The following were elected: Miss Betty Leveson, Ramble Organiser; Mr. Bernard Sackman, Treasurer; and Miss Ray Feller, Hon. Secretary.

CROYDON CONGREGATION

Presiding at the annual meeting of the Croydon Congregation, Dr. A. Fry reported that during 1945 £2,500 was raised by the Croydon Jewish Ladies' Guild, the Morris Millett Lodge, the Croydon Zionist Society, and the Central Jewish Benevolent Fund. Of this, £1,500 went to European relief and £1,000 to the United Palestine Appeal.

Mr. S. S. Alexander gave the meeting details of the new London Board for Jewish Education.

The following were elected: Dr. A. Fry, President; Messrs. J. Wimborne, Vice-President; I. Berg, Treasurer; S. Binstock, Warden; and S. S. Alexander and H. Weissberg, Representatives at the Deputies.

CAREERS · ADVICE

Lying at Grays, Essex, is the training ship "Joseph Hertz," the modern yacht which, after serving during the war as H.M. destroyer Cutty Sark, has been bought by the Jewish Marine League for the training of Jewish boys who wish to follow the sea as a career. Applications for entry are now being accepted. The training is divided into three categories (all for ages 16-20): (1) seaman's; (2) marine workshop; and (3) marine salvage. Seaman's training covers a period of nine months, and includes among its subjects general routine and discipline, knots and splices, boat sailing and handling, elementary chart work, signalling, elementary cargo work, anchors and cables, marine lifting gear, practical ship upkeep, etc. Marine workshop training (also nine months, the first part of which includes a grounding in seamanship) includes instruction in the making of fishing nets, marine mats and fenders, cargo slings and nets, heavy wire and rope splicing, rigging, and so on. Marine salvage instruction also occupies a nine-month course, and deals with, among other matters, diving suits and equipment, practical diving, pumps, principles of wreck-lifting, heavy lifting appliances, towing, general labour connected with salvage, etc. A boy, on being selected, will be placed in one of the three categories (his own choice being considered first) at the discretion of the commanding officer, Captain N. F. Israel, D.S.C. On completion of the proposed course, boys will receive, if successful, a Certificate of Training (issued by the Jewish Marine League), together with their indentures. Of course, as with any other school, while every effort will be made to place boys in suitable employment after their training, no guarantee can be given in that respect. The address of the Jewish Marine League (with whom British Ort is collaborating) is 85, New Cavendish Street, London, W.1.

Inquiries from readers who require advice relating to careers and education, in whatever branch, are invited. Letters should be addressed to:

CAREERS ADVICE, THE JEWISH CHRONICLE,
20, High Street, High Wycombe, Bucks.
Do not forget to enclose a stamped addressed envelope for reply.

BALFOUR SERVICES CLUB

Workers' Thanks For Farewell Party

The following communication from Rafe Barnett and Gail Music, voluntary workers at the Balfour Services Club whose war-time hospitality activities for the Forces have now ceased, expresses appreciation for the recent farewell party at the Paramount Salon de Danse which the Executive of the Club gave to the voluntary workers. They write:

"Mr. Albert Segal was entirely responsible for all the arrangements and as always entered wholeheartedly into the spirit of the affair and considered every detail for our enjoyment. During the evening there was a cabaret and competition dances.

"Speeches were made by Mr. S. Gestetner, the Chairman, Mrs. Hilton, Hon. Secretary, and Mr. Da Costa. Presentations were made on behalf of the Committee to Mrs. Hilton, Miss B. Levy, and Mr. Da Costa. The voluntary workers gave a farewell gift to Miss E. Mitzman, the Secretary, on her departure for Germany with the Jewish Relief Unit.

"It was a truly magnificent function," the writers further state, "600 being present, a befitting end to the many happy associations that we had made at the Balfour Services Club."

Jewish Cookery

RECIPES WITH JAM

The extra jam ration will be welcomed by all housewives. Both apricot and plum should be available and either will be useful in hot and cold sweets.

Jam Sauce

Plum or other red jam 3 oz., water ½ pt., cornflour 1 teaspoonful, a few drops raspberry or lemon essence and red colouring.

PUT the jam and water in a small saucepan and bring to the boil, mix the cornflour with a little cold water, add to contents of saucepan and stir till boiling, simmer for 2 or 3 minutes and add flavouring and colouring. Serve hot with steamed sponge puddings or cold with blancmange.

Rhubarb and Apricot Compote

Rhubarb 1 lb., apricot jam 5 oz., sugar 1 tablespoonful, water ½ pt.

TRIM and wash rhubarb and cut into inch lengths. Put jam, water, and sugar into a saucepan, bring to the boil, and simmer for 2 or 3 minutes. Add the rhubarb and continue to cook slowly till the rhubarb is soft but not broken. Turn into a dish and leave till cold. Unless for a meat meal, serve with mock cream or frothy custard.

Frothy Custard. Make a thin boiled custard with ½ pt. milk and a level dessertspoonful of custard powder. When nearly cold whisk in dried milk powder till of the required consistency. Add sugar and vanilla to taste. This is light and frothy and thickens slightly with standing.

Jam Biscuits

Selfraising flour 8 oz., apricot jam 3 level tablespoonsful, margarine 3 oz., 1 egg.

WARM the jam and mix with the beaten egg. Rub margarine into the flour, add egg and jam and knead thoroughly. Roll out very thinly, cut into rounds and bake in a moderate oven about 15 minutes (375° Regulo No. 4).

Jam Sandwich Biscuits

Selfraising flour 6 oz., castor sugar 2 oz., margarine 2 oz., 1 egg, jam.

RUB margarine into flour, add sugar and beaten egg and knead to a pliable dough. Roll out very thinly, cut into rounds and bake in a quick oven 10-12 minutes (425° Regulo No. 6). When cold sandwich two biscuits together with jam.

Red Cap Pudding

Plum jam 4 oz., selfraising flour 6 oz., margarine or cooking fat 2 oz., sugar 2 oz., 1 egg, milk ½ pt., almond essence ½ teaspoonful.

SIEVE the flour, rub in the fat, add the sugar, make a well in the centre, add the beaten egg and milk and almond flavouring and mix thoroughly.

Put the jam in the bottom of a greased pudding basin, put the pudding mixture on top, cover with a greased paper and steam for 1½ hours. Turn out on to a hot dish and serve.

BECONTREE (ASSOCIATE) SYNAGOGUE

The following were elected at the annual meeting of the Becontree and District Associate Synagogue: Messrs. J. Woolf, Life President; I. Rees, Life Vice-President; P. Rosen, President; N. J. Mann, Dering, and Snell, Vice-Presidents; A. Cohen and P. Rosen, Wardens; Harris and Hessman, Auditors; A. Morris, Treasurer; A. Morris, Financial Representative; and Mann, Representative at the Deputies.

J.C. CHILDREN'S SECTION

Young Israel

JUNE 7, 1946—SIVAN 8, 5706

VICTORY DAY

BY AUNTIE

THE Sidra נשא this week tells us of reconstruction. The sons of Gershon were bidden to look after the curtains and hangings, the children of Merari were responsible for the "appointed tent," its boards, columns, sockets, and bolts. After passing through the hardships of the desert, Israel had set up a dwelling-place, the Mishcan, where they could seek peace with God and peace with one another.

This Sabbath, as it happens, has been chosen by the Government as "Victory Day," when we are bidden to celebrate the great triumph over the evil powers that held sway over a large part of the earth for so long. To Jews especially, peace has always been dear. In one of our prayers for peace, we quote Job, who speaks of God making "peace in His high places." So to a Jew, peace is the chief and distinguishing mark of Heaven. Only this week, when we celebrated Shavuot, you no doubt heard the Cohanim conclude their benediction to us with the word "Shalom"—"peace." And immediately after their threefold blessing, we continue the Musaph with a prayer for peace. The Talmud, in commenting upon this, says, "And the blessing of the Holy One, blessed be He, is Peace, as it is written, the Lord will bless His people with peace."

In one of the most beautiful of our prayers we ask God to spread "the Tabernacle of peace over us." Peace, the Rabbis said, is essential to existence. "Seek peace and pursue it," is the famous exhortation recorded by one.

"Shalom" is the natural greeting that we extend to others. We do not say "Good morning" or "Good night," but just "Shalom"—"Peace be with you"—and your friend answers "With you, peace."

Especially for us English Jews there is another reason to be eternally grateful for victory and peace. We saw what happened to our brothers and sisters in occupied Europe and we can imagine what would have happened if the Germans had managed to invade England. We have surely been given a deliverance just as mighty as our ancestors had from bondage in Egypt.

Without victory, there would have been no peace, but God has given our country a victory complete and absolute over those who would have destroyed the Empire and especially its Jewish citizens. Our enemies were strong and swift, yet God "put on a helmet of victory and His holy arm wrought victory for Him" and for us. After victory, the time for peace is come. The time of breaking down is over and it is the time to build up. So we celebrate this Sabbath as Victory Sabbath, for which we can begin to reconstruct and to overtake the past few years' wastage and want. As Amos said, "For the ploughman shall overtake the reaper and the treader of grapes he who soweth seed, and also I will turn the captivity of my people Israel and they shall rebuild the waste cities. For the Lord will give strength to His people and God will bless His people with peace."

YOUNG ISRAEL LETTER BOX

"AUNTIE'S" CORRESPONDENCE

A hearty welcome is extended to Melvyn Paul Dytch (Leeds), and Lois Estelle Kahn (Manchester).

ANNE, Sheffield.—I am very grateful to you both for the memorial gift.

MELVYN P. DYTCH, Leeds.—Your contribution to our special fund is greatly appreciated.

BENITA FIELDMAN, Belfast.—I hope that you received it. I was glad to hear from you again.

HAROLD N. HARRIS, Stamford Hill.—It was good of you to share your happiness with others. Next year I expect to have a real letter from you.

LOIS KAHN, Manchester.—The envelope was open and there was no enclosure. Perhaps you forgot to send it. I do hope that is the explanation.

RUTH ANN KAPLAN, Birmingham.—I trust that you had a happy day and that Daddy will soon be with you again. I do thank you very much for the generous birthday present.

SHIFRAH LEHMANN, Letchworth.—They are fortunate to be able to go this year. I suppose they are taking their own rations with them. You seem to have interesting correspondents. I am surprised that you dislike the one so much, as it will help you with the other.

JUDITH LISSAUER, West Hartlepool.—You letter and both enclosures were very welcome.

LIONEL LOVITCH, Dublin.—I think that you should write to Murray now you are doubly related. I am glad that the certificate has given you so much pleasure.

PAMELA MELNIKOFF, Edgware.—He may have liked it, but space is severely rationed nowadays. I hope that you receive a satisfactory answer from M.J.

JUNE MITCHELL, Spitalfields.—It is only for members of the League. Why not join it?

"I.N.," Maida Vale.—How wonderful that he was able to meet Leah, but you should have been there, too. I am rather puzzled about the "re-marriage." Perhaps it will have a fairy-tale ending this time. Happily, I am included in the seven seas, although the gossipy anecdotes were left out. There is only a cloak, and no veil.

MRS. PHILLIPS, Dollis Hill.—I thank you very much for your continued interest and help.

DENISE WINECOPE, Hull.—Do you like the school more than the other one? I congratulate you on your success and hope that you will pass the other examination.

CORRESPONDENCE EXCHANGE

Correspondents are wanted by:

Wendy Dimson, 8, Waverley Court, Brondesbury Park, London, N.W.6, aged 10, interested in stamp-collecting and horse-riding.

Adolf G. Enkier, Otwack Dom Dzieckanl, Bolestawa Prusa, Warsaw, Poland, aged 12 or 13, chief interests history and stamps.

Stanley Gerber, 11, Blackwood House, Collingwood Street, London, E.1, aged 10 or 11, living in Switzerland or the U.S.A., fond of films and collecting coins.

Salomon Nahmias, 160, Rue de Thebis, Sporting, Ramleh, Alexandria, Egypt, senior cousins, living in England, France, Canada, or the U.S.A., interested in everything.

Gaston Wahba, 54, Rue Canope, Ibrahimieh, Ramleh, Alexandria, Egypt, senior members living in England, France, Egypt, and Canada, interests varied.

GIFTS TO FUNDS

Children and Youth Aliyah

The League is endeavouring to collect £75 for this movement. All readers are asked to co-operate.

Melvyn Paul Dytch, 10/-; Ruth Ann Kaplan, £1; and Judith Lissauer, 1/-.—TOTAL TO DATE: **£39 1s. 3d.**

Wireless Sets for the Blind: Mrs. Phillips, 5/-. Home and Hospital for Jewish Incurables: Mrs. J. Redstone and Anne, 10/-.

YOUNG ISRAEL LEAGUE

MEMBERSHIP APPLICATION

Full Name .....

Address .....

..... JUNE 7, 1946.

NOTICE.—*All communications in connection with "Young Israel" must be addressed to "Auntie," THE JEWISH CHRONICLE, 88, Chancery Lane, London, W.C.2.*

Points from Letters

CONFERENCE OF JEWISH YOUTH

The principle of co-operation to which this organisation adheres, and which you stressed the week before last in your leading article, is one which already appears to have firm roots in the youth of the Community. The speakers' classes held by the Jewish Defence Committee, for which it is our aim to recruit speakers, are to-day an admirable example of this principle carried into practice. I firmly believe that we who meet every week at Woburn House under the tutelage of Mr. Jacques Cohen—all of us young people—have learned to cultivate that broad and tolerant outlook on communal affairs which is so indispensable to real progress. In the space of one evening, for example, I have heard an enlightened address on "The Menace of Anti-Semitism to Civilisation," a powerful case for Community co-operation in "The Message of Brotherhood from Jew to Christian," an exhaustive yet interesting dissertation on "Jewish Home Customs," and a forthright plea for justice in "Palestine," delivered with that persuasive air of sincerity which is born of a righteous cause. It is my conviction that only by developing this breadth of vision will Jewish youth be capable of tackling the problems of the Community with any measure of success. —MR. CYRIL M. ABELSON, Hon. Secretary, 18, Hillcrest Avenue, Edgware, Middlesex.

FUTURE OF THE DEPUTIES

Mr. Liverman's appeal for the freedom of Deputies is a timely warning to the Community. It was but natural that you should wholeheartedly support that appeal. For some years now the Board has fallen upon evil days. It is only fair to state, however, that at no time in its chequered history was the Board of Deputies fully representative of the Community. We pinned our faith in days gone by, upon titled and rich individuals and chose them to represent us and plead our cause. Since then we have widened the franchise of the Board, but narrowed its horizon. Nowadays the Board appears to be so concerned with foreign affairs, that home matters of vital importance are often neglected. The root of of the trouble is that institutions sending individuals to represent them are insufficiently interested in the character and opinions of their representatives. I believe the time has come when the whole system of representation at the Board will have to be thoroughly and completely overhauled. I see no reason why any institution should have more than one Deputy. Moreover, every Deputy should have been associated for a period of at least five years with the institution he represents. The Community must display a far greater interest in the activities of the Board. The Board may not be, as you indicate, a legislative assembly, but it has the duty to ventilate and direct attention to matters of vital concern to the Community. The status of the Board to-day leaves much to be desired. It would be a matter for profound regret, Sir, if Mr. Liverman's charge of the "packing" of the Board's Committees could be fully substantiated. If the Board of Deputies is to continue to serve the Community, those elected to the Board must be free to vote as their conscience dictates.—MR. BARNETT HYMAN, 106, Clapton Common, E.5.

A "BIG BROTHER" MOVEMENT

During the autumn and winter campaigns of 1944 I was privileged to witness the liberation of several cities in the Netherlands provinces of North Brabant and Gelderland. Before the last war these cities had virile Jewish Communities. The Netherlands Jew is a fine stalwart of Judaism; the very few young men I met were keen Zionists and cultured representatives of our faith. I received my absolute conversion to Zionism from a boy of 15 in the Nijmegen salient. Very soon, we in this country will be celebrating the victory. Can we not extend the hand of fellowship to those Communities on the Continent who have suffered so much, not by money gifts, but by some practical means of active co-operation in the rebuilding of their cultural and Synagogal life? A big brother movement for example. It would be splendid if Synagogues in this country and the Empire would "adopt," for this purpose, one of the Synagogues on the Continent. Let us remember that we, in this country, obtained our emancipation by the efforts of their forefathers.—CAPT. HAROLD L. LANGHAM, 112, Cressex Road, High Wycombe, Bucks.

A SPANISH LESSON

As your editorial points out, the Spanish Jews were not unjustified in their welcome to the Moorish invaders of 711 C.E. The laws passed by the Spanish kings and episcopal synods in the preceding century virtually proscribed Jewish life and religion and surpassed the worst days of the Spanish Inquisition. That any Jews were left to be liberated by the Moors can be attributed only to traditional Spanish inefficiency. Graetz, in the third volume of the English translation, deals with the subject, but a monograph by S. Katz on the Jews in Gaul and Visigothic Spain, published by Harvard University, is even more revealing.—A. SALTMAN, 5, Ralgiah Close, Hendon, N.W.4.

If we ruminate upon Jewish history we will come to the conclusion that the root cause of our tragic experiences in Spain and Germany has been due not to national assimilation but entirely to religious assimilation. If our people had remained as loyal to their faith and traditions as they were to the country of their adoption and not inter-married they would have commanded more respect from the outside world, and Jewish history would have been more pleasant to read. The world understands us as a great religious force and is willing to recognise us as such, if we will only try to live up to the standards of the people of the Book.—MR. ALEX ROBINSON, 293, Middleton Road, Manchester, 8.

"EXECRABLE TASTE!"

Mr. N. Rabinowitz's letter in last week's JEWISH CHRONICLE concerning the "jazzing" of the Hatikvah recalls to my mind that it was but a week or two ago that I was listening to a Saturday late night dance music programme being broadcast from a West End dance hall. The last announcement was that the evening session would close with a tuneful selection of melodies called "Eastern Dances." Imagine my horror and disgust when the dance band began to swing and jazz the Hatikvah together with the many other beautiful Jewish religious and folk melodies I had learnt before the war at Habonim. I enjoy dancing and dance music as much as—and maybe more than—any other young modern girl, but this display was more than I could bear, in particular when it occurred to me that in all probability the band must have been composed of some men of the Jewish faith. How would non-Jews feel if some of their music associated with religious or other profoundly serious matters were jazzed? How would they like to hear their National Anthem jazzed? Music such as "B'Tel Chai," "Zachki Zachki," etc., deserves at least respect.—MISS RITA LOVATT, 116a, Lower Clapton Road, E.5.

A TYPICAL NAZI TRICK

My relatives and I are of Polish and Stateless nationality, and have had property in Berlin. The British Government arranged facilities for Allied nationals to communicate with Germany, and to enable them to take steps for the preservation of their property. Last week I got replies to my inquiries informing me that our property had been confiscated during the war by the Hitlerite criminal German State, and had been sold to Nazi party members. Now the Nazis are selling the looted Jewish property to Allied nationals. Attempts have been made at the German Civil Administration to stop these illegal transactions but we are told that our property is still subject to the infamous law promulgated by the Hitlerite German State against Polish and Stateless Jews. So far the Allied Control Commission has undertaken to reinstate nothing of the property looted by the Nazis.—D. WEINSTOCK, 28, Whitchurch Gardens, Edgware, Middlesex.

CORNER HOUSE STAFF'S KINDNESS

As the Treasurer of the West London Synagogue, Lingfield, Hostel Committee, would you permit me through the medium of your newspaper to pay a well-deserved tribute to the staff of Messrs. J. Lyons & Co., Corner House, Strand. It became known to the manager and supervisor that my Committee had accepted responsibility for the welfare of 30 young orphan children from the horror camps of Germany. In a spirit of warm friendship and sympathy, the staff decided to send to the hostel at Lingfield a gift that would be most acceptable to the children who during all their young lives had known only hardship and misery. By a ready surrender of their own precious coupons the staff sent to Lingfield a substantial parcel of chocolates, cakes, and pastries. Our children in the hostel will, I am confident, long retain a memory of this outstanding and most generous gift.—SIR BENJAMIN DRAGE, West London Synagogue Association, 33, Seymour Place, W.1.

THE A.J.A. AND THE DEPUTIES

Messrs. Gorovitz and Bornstein deal in the main with an issue of domestic politics which has ceased to have much practical importance. "The Board was able to adopt its Palestine policy demanding a Jewish State only after the abolition of the Joint Foreign Committee. It is not a secret that Professor Brodetsky tried for some months to come to an understanding with the A.J.A. on this matter but was unable to do so as the A.J.A. refused to agree to a demand for a Jewish State." In similar vein Mr. Bornstein avers that "the abolition of the Joint Foreign Affairs Committee [*sic*] has enabled the Board to adopt a full state policy for Eretz Yisrael." One would think that the laboured proceedings of the Board of Deputies of British Jews made the policy of Governments. Therein lies the fallacy of the Zionist caucus. Only get the Board of Deputies to rubber stamp the Biltmore programme, only get it to pass a resolution saying "Amen" to the "demand" for a Jewish State—then all will be well. Only let the Board "demand" a Jewish State—it does not matter whether it would be wiser to hold itself in reserve so as to be able to raise an independent voice at the time of decision; it does not matter whether the policy is a wise one or not; it does not matter whether by putting his name to a demand which he knows is unlikely to be met, the signatory destroys his own credit. That is precisely what Messrs. Gorovitz and Bornstein and those for whom they speak have done. I have no doubt that the new Board will earn their commendation by "demanding" a Jewish State in wider and more strident terms. The Report of the Anglo-American Committee with its definite rejection of a Jewish State is the fruit of the victory of the new management. We may leave the caucus to its Dead Sea fruit, but they have robbed the Community of the best instrument for voicing its aspirations.—IGNOTUS.

ANGLO-JEWISH MINISTERS

The matter so pointedly raised by "Congregant," and supported by two others, aware of the spiritual needs of the Jewish Community, should not only have been dealt with by "letters to the Editor." Is it not striking that up till now not one minister has raised his voice in these discussions, which concern so profoundly his "conscience and self-respect"? What can and must they do? They must organise themselves. An organisation, which embraces all Ministers, Rabbis, and Hebrew Teachers (it is not only the Ministers who suffer from their "taskmasters") could give powerful support to ministers, when they have to negotiate with the Boards on the principles laid down in the organisation. They must explain their ideals as well as their grievances to the Jewish Community. To this end they must have a periodical at their disposal.—S. B.

"A LIMITED PROBLEM"

I am sorry that in your editorial note last week under the above heading you did not mention by name Sir John Hope Simpson when referring to the signatories of a letter to THE TIMES who, while strongly anti-Zionist, could not by any fair standards be described as "Jew-haters." I read his book, "The Refugee Problem," published in 1939 and in it he speaks with the utmost sympathy of Jewish refugees.—S.

(We welcome this opportunity of including Sir John's name amongst those anti-Zionists to whom the term Jew-hater would not apply. Indeed, the omission of a specific reference to him to that effect was only fortuitous.—Ed. J.C.)

BLIND BRUSHMAKER'S APPEAL

As a blind brushmaker, a husband of a blind wife, and father of two girls, one aged 14 and the other 20 years old, I approach you with the following matter: I am in the happy situation to possess a permit which enables me to manufacture brushes. I have, however, considerable difficulties in obtaining the supply of wooden boards. I have written to many, many big firms all over the country and they all answer that they are unable to accept new customers at this time owing to the labour situation. Furthermore, I have been in touch with the Jewish Blind Society, who say that they too cannot help me. I am, therefore, anxious to approach your readers to ascertain whether any of them are able to help me out of this very difficult situation. What I actually require are household brushboards, i.e., scrubbing boards, laundry boards, etc., all ready bored and shaped, for the wire-drawn job.—MR. E. BECK, 28a, Kingdon Road, N.W.6.

CHRISTIAN HYMNS AT ST. JOHN'S WOOD

"Aliquis" asks whether "the Hon. Officers warned the Minister before the service that they were of opinion that it was most undesirable that these hymns should form part of the service?" But why should a Minister of the Jewish religion have to be warned at all? Is he not supposed to be the religious and spiritual guide of the congregation? Should he not know that the introduction of Christian hymns in a Jewish place of worship is most unseemly; nay, a scandal of the first order? It is said that the deceased ordained it in his will that three Christian hymns should be sung at his funeral. But surely this very un-Jewish sentiment alone should have been reason enough to deny him a memorial service altogether! And supposing the deceased had asked for a cross to be put into his coffin, would the Minister have had to comply? "Aliquis" rightly asks what services the deceased had rendered to the Community that such an honour as a memorial service in the Synagogue should be shown him? Really pious, devout, and learned Jews are utterly ignored in the bestowal of Synagogue honours. The answer to "Aliquis" is that there is a superabundance of humbug, cant, and cringing in the affairs of the Synagogue, and this service mirrors them all!—MR. JACOB SARNA, 9, Lauderdale Mansions, W.9.

QUOTABLE TERMS

I have noticed with satisfaction that for some time past THE JEWISH CHRONICLE has printed the word "illegal," when applied to certain Jewish immigrants into Eretz Yisrael who do not possess immigration certificates, in inverted commas, thus reminding both Jewish and non-Jewish readers that there is no such thing as an "illegal" Jewish immigrant into Eretz Yisrael, and that the illegality consists in barring the entry of such immigrants. Is it not fitting, therefore, that not only your journal, but the entire Jewish Press, should always in future print the words "kingdom of Transjordan" when they refer to eastern Eretz Yisrael in inverted commas as a constant reminder that the Jewish people regard this territory as an integral part (forming, in fact, c. 75 per cent.) of Eretz Yisrael which should be in no way separate from western Eretz Yisrael. —MR. RONALD I. M. HENRY, 68, Deansway, East Finchley, N.2.

STORING ACCOMMODATION

Has any friend of the movement any space available for storing some of our camp equipment from now until the middle of July?—FELIX HARRIS, Camp Organiser, Bnei Akivah, Albany Mansions, 87, Charing Cross Road, W.C.2.

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S·D·I

Issued by The Soft Drinks Industry (War Time) Association Limited, 42, Upper Grosvenor Street, London, W.1.

YOUTH ACTIVITIES

MACCABI ASSOCIATION LONDON
73 COMPAYNE GARDENS N.W.6

SUNDAY, JUNE 9. Open Night.
THURSDAY, JUNE 13. Literary Section. "East of 88 degrees East." Speaker: F. O. Salmon, Esq. 8 p.m. Maccabi Association, London, welcomes Maccabi members and ex-members of the Forces to a Reunion Dinner in the Lord Melchett Hall on Sunday, June 16, 1946, at 6.30 p.m. Admission by invitation only.

St. John's Wood Jewish Youth Centre
33/35, Abbey Road, London, N.W.8
SUNDAY, JUNE 9. "Victory Night." 8 p.m. Come and celebrate with us! Bonfire, sing-song, dancing, and refreshments.
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 12. Dramatics. First meeting. Trial playreading of J. B. Priestley's "Mystery at Greenfingers." 8 p.m. Also Table-Tennis, 7.30 to 10.30 p.m.

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Sports and Clubs

OLD BOYS' ASSOCIATION

A Link Between Generations

Lord Nathan, presiding at a meeting at the Old Boys' Club last week to consider the formation of an Old Boys' Association, commended the proposal as a useful method of maintaining a link between the different generations of club members and rendering assistance to the Jewish Youth movement.

Mr. H. S. Schildkraut, who convened the meeting, said that the Association would provide an opportunity for former members of Jewish clubs to give back something in the way of service and by other means to a movement which had meant so much in their youth.

The proposal was enthusiastically supported by Messrs. Frank Renton, Jack Bowman, John Dight, Sam Honey, S. Brief, L. J. Hydleman, J.P., and T. J. Phillips and unanimously adopted.

A provisional committee was appointed to draw up a constitution.

Old boys of the various constituent clubs of the A.J.Y. who are interested in the matter are asked to communicate with Mr. H. S. Schildkraut, Old Boys' Club, 241, Mile End Road, E.1.

SOUTH TOTTENHAM—The South Tottenham Congregation announce the inauguration of a Senior Section of the Menorah Literary and Social Club, membership of which is open to men and women over 21. Future meetings are to be held at the Crowland Road Synagogue Hall, N.15, on Thursdays, and alternate Sundays starting June 16. Further information may be obtained from the Hon. Chairman, Mr. L. Sherbourne, 49, Wellington Avenue, South Tottenham, N.15.

GRAFTON ATHLETIC CLUB—At a recent meeting held at A.J.Y. House, the Grafton Athletic Club decided to hold a relay race for their "Alex Myer" Memorial Shield next month. The last winners (in 1939) were Victoria Park Harriers. This year only a "token" relay will be contested for the trophy, consisting of a half-mile, quarter-mile, and two "legs" of 220 yards each. The Grafton team has been provisionally chosen and consists of the following: H. J. Mead (half-mile), A. A. Gold (quarter-mile), J. Vandenburg and L. Shields (220 yards each).

RAMBLERS—At the first annual meeting of the Senior Rambling Group, held at the Bonnington Hotel, Southampton Row, a successful year was reported. The membership is now 65. The following were elected: Miss Betty Leveson, Ramble Organiser; Mr. Bernard Sackman, Treasurer; and Miss Ray Feller, Hon. Secretary.

CROYDON CONGREGATION

Presiding at the annual meeting of the Croydon Congregation, Dr. A. Fry reported that during 1945 £2,500 was raised by the Croydon Jewish Ladies' Guild, the Morris Millett Lodge, the Croydon Zionist Society, and the Central Jewish Benevolent Fund. Of this, £1,500 went to European relief and £1,000 to the United Palestine Appeal.

Mr. S. S. Alexander gave the meeting details of the new London Board for Jewish Education.

The following were elected: Dr. A. Fry, President; Messrs. J. Wimborne, Vice-President; I. Berg, Treasurer; S. Binstock, Warden; and S. S. Alexander and H. Weissberg, Representatives at the Deputies.

CAREERS ADVICE

Lying at Grays, Essex, is the training ship "Joseph Hertz," the modern yacht which, after serving during the war as H.M. destroyer Cutty Sark, has been bought by the Jewish Marine League for the training of Jewish boys who wish to follow the sea as a career. Applications for entry are now being accepted. The training is divided into three categories (all for ages 16-20): (1) seaman's; (2) marine workshop; and (3) marine salvage. Seaman's training covers a period of nine months, and includes among its subjects general routine and discipline, knots and splices, boat sailing and handling, elementary chart work, signalling, elementary cargo work, anchors and cables, marine hitting gear, practical ship upkeep, etc. Marine workshop training (also nine months, the first part of which includes a grounding in seamanship) includes instruction in the making of fishing nets, marine mats and fenders, cargo slings and nets, heavy wire and rope splicing, rigging, and so on. Marine salvage instruction also occupies a nine-month course, and deals with, among other matters, diving suits and equipment, practical diving, pumps, principles of wreck-lifting, heavy lifting appliances, towing, general labour connected with salvage, etc. A boy, on being selected, will be placed in one of the three categories (his own choice being considered first) at the discretion of the commanding officer, Captain N. F. Israel, D.S.C. On completion of the proposed course, boys will receive, if successful, a Certificate of Training (issued by the Jewish Marine League), together with their indentures. Of course, as with any other school, while every effort will be made to place boys in suitable employment after their training, no guarantee can be given in that respect. The address of the Jewish Marine League (with whom British Ort is collaborating) is 85, New Cavendish Street, London, W.1.

Inquiries from readers who require advice relating to careers and education, in whatever branch, are invited. Letters should be addressed to:

CAREERS ADVICE, THE JEWISH CHRONICLE,
20, High Street, High Wycombe, Bucks.
Do not forget to enclose a stamped addressed envelope for reply.

BALFOUR SERVICES CLUB

Workers' Thanks For Farewell Party

The following communication from Rale Barnett and Gail Musjc, voluntary workers at the Balfour Services Club whose war-time hospitality activities for the Forces have now ceased, expresses appreciation for the recent farewell party at the Paramount Salon de Danse which the Executive of the Club gave to the voluntary workers. They write:

"Mr. Albert Segal was entirely responsible for all the arrangements and as always entered wholeheartedly into the spirit of the affair and considered every detail for our enjoyment. During the evening there was a cabaret and competition dances.

"Speeches were made by Mr. S. Gestetner, the Chairman, Mrs. Hilton, Hon. Secretary, and Mr. Da Costa, and presentations were made on behalf of the Committee to Mrs. Hilton, Miss B. Levy, and Mr. Da Costa. The voluntary workers gave a farewell gift to Miss E. Mizman, the Secretary, on her departure for Germany with the Jewish Relief Unit.

"It was a truly magnificent function," the writers further state, "600 being present, a befitting end to the many happy associations that we had made at the Balfour Services Club."

Jewish Cookery

RECIPES WITH JAM

The extra jam ration will be welcomed by all housewives. Both apricot and plum should be available and either will be useful in hot and cold sweets.

Jam Sauce

Plum or other red jam 3 oz., water ½ pt., cornflour 1 teaspoonful, a few drops raspberry or lemon essence and red colouring.

PUT the jam and water in a small saucepan and bring to the boil, mix the cornflour with a little cold water, add to contents of saucepan and stir till boiling, simmer for 2 or 3 minutes and add flavouring and colouring. Serve hot with steamed sponge puddings or cold with blancmange.

Rhubarb and Apricot Compote

Rhubarb 1 lb., apricot jam 5 oz., sugar 1 tablespoonful, water ¼ pt.

TRIM and wash rhubarb and cut into inch lengths. Put jam, water, and sugar into a saucepan, bring to the boil, and simmer for 2 or 3 minutes. Add the rhubarb and continue to cook slowly till the rhubarb is soft but not broken. Turn into a dish and leave till cold. Unless for a meat meal, serve with mock cream or frothy custard.

Frothy Custard. Make a thin boiled custard with ½ pt. milk and a level dessertspoonful of custard powder. When nearly cold whisk in dried milk powder till of the required consistency. Add sugar and vanilla to taste. This is light and frothy and thickens slightly with standing.

Jam Biscuits

Selfraising flour 8 oz., apricot jam 3 level tablespoonsful, margarine 3 oz., 1 egg.

WARM the jam and mix with the beaten egg. Rub margarine into the flour, add egg and jam and knead thoroughly. Roll out very thinly, cut into rounds and bake in a moderate oven about 15 minutes (375° Regulo No. 4).

Jam Sandwich Biscuits

Selfraising flour 6 oz., castor sugar 2 oz., margarine 2 oz., 1 egg, jam.

RUB margarine into flour, add sugar and beaten egg and knead to a pliable dough. Roll out very thinly, cut into rounds and bake in a quick oven 10-12 minutes (425° Regulo No. 6). When cold sandwich two biscuits together with jam.

Red Cap Pudding

Plum jam 4 oz., selfraising flour 6 oz., margarine or cooking fat 2 oz., sugar 2 oz., 1 egg, milk ¼ pt., almond essence ½ teaspoonful.

SIEVE the flour, rub in the fat, add the sugar, make a well in the centre, add the beaten egg and milk and almond flavouring and mix thoroughly.

Put the jam in the bottom of a greased pudding basin, put the pudding mixture on top, cover with a greased paper and steam for 1½ hours. Turn out on to a hot dish and serve.

BECONTREE (ASSOCIATE) SYNAGOGUE

The following were elected at the annual meeting of the Becontree and District Associate Synagogue:

Messrs. J. Woolf, Life President; F. Rees, Live Vice-President; P. Rosen, President; N. J. Mann, Delsig, and Snell, Vice-Presidents; A. Cohen and P. Rosen, Wardens; Harris and Hessman, Auditors; A. Morris, Treasurer; A. Morris, Financial Representative; and Mann, Representative at the Deputies.

J.C. CHILDREN'S SECTION

Young Israel

JUNE 7, 1946—SIVAN 8, 5706

VICTORY DAY

BY AUNTIE

THE Sidra נשא this week tells us of reconstruction. The sons of Gershon were bidden to look after the curtains and hangings, the children of Merari were responsible for the "appointed tent," its boards, columns, sockets, and bolts. After passing through the hardships of the desert, Israel had set up a dwelling-place, the Mishcan, where they could seek peace with God and peace with one another.

This Sabbath, as it happens, has been chosen by the Government as "Victory Day," when we are bidden to celebrate the great triumph over the evil powers that held sway over a large part of the earth for so long. To Jews especially, peace has always been dear. In one of our prayers for peace, we quote Job, who speaks of God making "peace in His high places." So to a Jew, peace is the chief and distinguishing mark of Heaven. Only this week, when we celebrated Shavuot, you no doubt heard the Cohanim conclude their benediction to us with the word "Shalom"—"peace." And immediately after their threefold blessing, we continue the Musaph with a prayer for peace. The Talmud, in commenting upon this, says, "And the blessing of the Holy One, blessed be He, is Peace, as it is written, the Lord will bless His people with peace."

In one of the most beautiful of our prayers we ask God to spread "the Tabernacle of peace over us." Peace, the Rabbis said, is essential to existence. "Seek peace and pursue it," is the famous exhortation recorded by one.

"Shalom" is the natural greeting that we extend to others. We do not say "Good morning" or "Good night," but just "Shalom"—"Peace be with you"—and your friend answers "With you, peace."

Especially for us English Jews there is another reason to be eternally grateful for victory and peace. We saw what happened to our brothers and sisters in occupied Europe and we can imagine what would have happened if the Germans had managed to invade England. We have surely been given a deliverance just as mighty as our ancestors had from bondage in Egypt.

Without victory, there would have been no peace, but God has given our country a victory complete and absolute over those who would have destroyed the Empire and especially its Jewish citizens. Our enemies were strong and swift, yet God "put on a helmet of victory and His holy arm wrought victory for Him" and for us. After victory, the time for peace is come. The time of breaking down is over and it is the time to build up. So we celebrate this Sabbath as Victory Sabbath, for which we can begin to reconstruct and to overtake the past few years' wastage and want. As Amos said, "For the ploughman shall overtake the reaper and the treader of grapes he who soweth seed, and also I will turn the captivity of my people Israel and they shall rebuild the waste cities. For the Lord will give strength to His people and God will bless His people with peace."

YOUNG ISRAEL LETTER BOX

"AUNTIE'S" CORRESPONDENCE

A hearty welcome is extended to Melvyn Paul Dytch (Leeds), and Lois Estelle Kahn (Manchester).

ANNE, Sheffield.—I am very grateful to you both for the memorial gift.

MELVYN P. DYTCH, Leeds.—Your contribution to our special fund is greatly appreciated.

BENITA FIELDMAN, Belfast.—I hope that you received it. I was glad to hear from you again.

HAROLD N. HARRIS, Stamford Hill.—It was good of you to share your happiness with others. Next year I expect to have a real letter from you.

LOIS KAHN, Manchester.—The envelope was open and there was no enclosure. Perhaps you forgot to send it. I do hope that is the explanation.

RUTH ANN KAPLAN, Birmingham.—I trust that you had a happy day and that Daddy will soon be with you again. I do thank you very much for the generous birthday present.

SHIFRAH LEHMANN, Letchworth.—They are fortunate to be able to go this year. I suppose they are taking their own rations with them. You seem to have interesting correspondents. I am surprised that you dislike the one so much, as it will help you with the other.

JUDITH LISSAUER, West Hartlepool.—Your letter and both enclosures were very welcome.

LIONEL LOVITCH, Dublin.—I think that you should write to Murray now you are doubly related. I am glad that the certificate has given you so much pleasure.

PAMELA MELNIKOFF, Edgware.—He may have liked it, but space is severely rationed nowadays. I hope that you receive a satisfactory answer from M.J.

JUNE MITCHELL, Spitalfields.—It is only for members of the League. Why not join it?

"I.N.," Maida Vale.—How wonderful that he was able to meet Leah, but you should have been there, too. I am rather puzzled about the "re-marriage." Perhaps it will have a fairy-tale ending this time. Happily, I am included in the seven seas, although the gossipy anecdotes were left out. There is only a cloak, and no veil.

MRS. PHILLIPS, Dollis Hill.—I thank you very much for your continued interest and help.

DENISE WINECOPE, Hull.—Do you like the school more than the other one? I congratulate you on your success and hope that you will pass the other examination.

CORRESPONDENCE EXCHANGE

Correspondents are wanted by:

Wendy Dimson, 8, Waverley Court, Brondesbury Park, London, N.W.6, aged 10, interested in stamp-collecting and horse-riding.

Adolf G. Enkier, Otwack Dom Dzieckanl, Bolestawa Prusa, Warsaw, Poland, aged 12 or 13, chief interests history and stamps.

Stanley Gerber, 11, Blackwood House, Collingwood Street, London, E.1, aged 10 or 11, living in Switzerland or the U.S.A., fond of films and collecting coins.

Salomon Nahmias, 160, Rue de Thebis, Sporting, Ramleh, Alexandria, Egypt, senior cousins, living in England, France, Canada, or the U.S.A., interested in everything.

Gaston Wahba, 54, Rue Canope, Ibrahimieh, Ramleh, Alexandria, Egypt, senior members living in England, France, Egypt, and Canada, interests varied.

GIFTS TO FUNDS

Children and Youth Aliyah

The League is endeavouring to collect £75 for this movement. All readers are asked to co-operate.

Melvyn Paul Dytch, 10/-; Ruth Ann Kaplan, £1; and Judith Lissauer, 1/-.—TOTAL TO DATE: **£39 1s. 3d.**

Wireless Sets for the Blind: Mrs. Phillips, 5/-. Home and Hospital for Jewish Incurables: Mrs. L. Redstone and Anne, 10/-.

NOTICE.—*All communications in connection with "Young Israel" must be addressed to "Auntie," THE JEWISH CHRONICLE, 88, Chancery Lane, London, W.C.2.*

YOUNG ISRAEL LEAGUE

MEMBERSHIP APPLICATION

Full Name .....

Address .....

.....

JUNE 7, 1946.

Points from Letters

CONFERENCE OF JEWISH YOUTH

The principle of co-operation to which this organisation adheres, and which you stressed the week before last in your leading article, is one which already appears to have firm roots in the youth of the Community. The speakers' classes held by the Jewish Defence Committee, for which it is our aim to recruit speakers, are to-day an admirable example of this principle carried into practice. I firmly believe that we who meet every week at Woburn House under the tutelage of Mr. Jacques Cohen—all of us young people—have learned to cultivate that broad and tolerant outlook on communal affairs which is so indispensable to real progress. In the space of one evening, for example, I have heard an enlightened address on "The Menace of Anti-Semitism to Civilisation," a powerful case for Community co-operation in "The Message of Brotherhood from Jew to Christian," an exhaustive yet interesting dissertation on "Jewish Home Customs," and a forthright plea for justice in "Palestine," delivered with that persuasive air of sincerity which is born of a righteous cause. It is my conviction that only by developing this breadth of vision will Jewish youth be capable of tackling the problems of the Community with any measure of success. —MR. CYRIL M. ABELSON, Hon. Secretary, 18, Hillcrest Avenue, Edgware, Middlesex.

FUTURE OF THE DEPUTIES

Mr. Liverman's appeal for the freedom of Deputies is a timely warning to the Community. It was but natural that you should wholeheartedly support that appeal. For some years now the Board has fallen upon evil days. It is only fair to state, however, that at no time in its chequered history was the Board of Deputies fully representative of the Community. We pinned our faith in days gone by, upon titled and rich individuals and chose them to represent us and plead our cause. Since then we have widened the franchise of the Board, but narrowed its horizon. Nowadays the Board appears to be so concerned with foreign affairs, that home matters of vital importance are often neglected. The root of of the trouble is that institutions sending individuals to represent them are insufficiently interested in the character and opinions of their representatives. I believe the time has come when the whole system of representation at the Board will have to be thoroughly and completely overhauled. I see no reason why any institution should have more than one Deputy. Moreover, every Deputy should have been associated for a period of at least five years with the institution he represents. The Community must display a far greater interest in the activities of the Board. The Board may not be, as you indicate, a legislative assembly, but it has the duty to ventilate and direct attention to matters of vital concern to the Community. The status of the Board to-day leaves much to be desired. It would be a matter for profound regret, Sir, if Mr. Liverman's charge of the "packing" of the Board's Committees could be fully substantiated. If the Board of Deputies is to continue to serve the Community, those elected to the Board must be free to vote as their conscience dictates.—MR. BARNETT HYMAN, 106, Clapton Common, E.5.

A "BIG BROTHER" MOVEMENT

During the autumn and winter campaigns of 1944 I was privileged to witness the liberation of several cities in the Netherlands provinces of North Brabant and Gelderland. Before the last war these cities had virile Jewish Communities. The Netherlands Jew is a fine stalwart of Judaism; the very few young men I met were keen Zionists and cultured representatives of our faith. I received my absolute conversion to Zionism from a boy of 15 in the Nijmegen salient. Very soon, we in this country will be celebrating the victory. Can we not extend the hand of fellowship to those Communities on the Continent who have suffered so much, not by money gifts, but by some practical means of active co-operation in the rebuilding of their cultural and Synagogal life? A big brother movement for example. It would be splendid if Synagogues in this country and the Empire would "adopt," for this purpose, one of the Synagogues on the Continent. Let us remember that we, in this country, obtained our emancipation by the efforts of their forefathers.—CAPT. HAROLD L. LANGHAM, 112, Cressex Road, High Wycombe, Bucks.

A SPANISH LESSON

As your editorial points out, the Spanish Jews were not unjustified in their welcome to the Moorish invaders of 711 C.E. The laws passed by the Spanish kings and episcopal synods in the preceding century virtually proscribed Jewish life and religion and surpassed the worst days of the Spanish Inquisition. That any Jews were left to be liberated by the Moors can be attributed only to traditional Spanish inefficiency. Graetz, in the third volume of the English translation, deals with the subject, but a monograph by S. Katz on the Jews in Gaul and Visigothic Spain, published by Harvard University, is even more revealing.—A. SALTMAN, 5, Raleigh Close, Hendon, N.W.4.

If we ruminate upon Jewish history we will come to the conclusion that the root cause of our tragic experiences in Spain and Germany has been due not to national assimilation but entirely to religious assimilation. If our people had remained as loyal to their faith and traditions as they were to the country of their adoption and not inter-married they would have commanded more respect from the outside world, and Jewish history would have been more pleasant to read. The world understands us as a great religious force and is willing to recognise us as such, if we will only try to live up to the standards of the people of the Book.—MR. ALEX ROBINSON, 293, Middleton Road, Manchester, 8.

"EXECRABLE TASTE!"

Mr. N. Rabinowitz's letter in last week's JEWISH CHRONICLE concerning the "jazzing" of the Hatikvah recalls to my mind that it was but a week or two ago that I was listening to a Saturday late night dance music programme being broadcast from a West End dance hall. The last announcement was that the evening session would close with a tuneful selection of melodies called "Eastern Dances." Imagine my horror and disgust when the dance band began to swing and jazz the Hatikvah together with the many other beautiful Jewish religious and folk melodies I had learnt before the war at Habonim. I enjoy dancing and dance music as much as—and maybe more than—any other young modern girl, but this display was more than I could bear, in particular when it occurred to me that in all probability the band must have been composed of some men of the Jewish faith. How would non-Jews feel if some of their music associated with religious or other profoundly serious matters were jazzed? How would they like to hear their National Anthem jazzed? Music such as "B'Tel Chai," "Zachki Zachki," etc., deserves at least respect.—MISS RITA LOVATT, 116a, Lower Clapton Road, E.5.

A TYPICAL NAZI TRICK

My relatives and I are of Polish and Stateless nationality, and have had property in Berlin. The British Government arranged facilities for Allied nationals to communicate with Germany, and to enable them to take steps for the preservation of their property. Last week I got replies to my inquiries informing me that our property had been confiscated during the war by the Hitlerite criminal German State, and had been sold to Nazi party members. Now the Nazis are selling the looted Jewish property to Allied nationals. Attempts have been made at the German Civil Administration to stop these illegal transactions but we are told that our property is still subject to the infamous law promulgated by the Hitlerite German State against Polish and Stateless Jews. So far the Allied Control Commission has undertaken to reinstate nothing of the property looted by the Nazis.—D. WEINSTOCK, 28, Whitchurch Gardens, Edgware, Middlesex.

CORNER HOUSE STAFF'S KINDNESS

As the Treasurer of the West London Synagogue, Lingfield, Hostel Committee, would you permit me through the medium of your newspaper to pay a well-deserved tribute to the staff of Messrs. J. Lyons & Co., Corner House, Strand. It became known to the manager and supervisor that my Committee had accepted responsibility for the welfare of 30 young orphan children from the horror camps of Germany. In a spirit of warm friendship and sympathy, the staff decided to send to the hostel at Lingfield a gift that would be most acceptable to the children who during all their young lives had known only hardship and misery. By a ready surrender of their own precious coupons the staff sent to Lingfield a substantial parcel of chocolates, cakes, and pastries. Our children in the hostel will, I am confident, long retain a memory of this outstanding and most generous gift.—SIR BENJAMIN DRAGE, West London Synagogue Association, 33, Seymour Place, W.1.

THE A.J.A. AND THE DEPUTIES

Messrs. Gorovitz and Bornstein deal in the main with an issue of domestic politics which has ceased to have much practical importance. "The Board was able to adopt its Palestine policy demanding a Jewish State only after the abolition of the Joint Foreign Committee. It is not a secret that Professor Brodetsky tried for some months to come to an understanding with the A.J.A. on this matter but was unable to do so as the A.J.A. refused to agree to a demand for a Jewish State." In similar vein Mr. Bornstein avers that "the abolition of the Joint Foreign Affairs Committee [sic] has enabled the Board to adopt a full state policy for Eretz Yisrael." One would think that the laboured proceedings of the Board of Deputies of British Jews made the policy of Governments. Therein lies the fallacy of the Zionist caucus. Only get the Board of Deputies to rubber stamp the Biltmore programme, only get it to pass a resolution saying "Amen" to the "demand" for a Jewish State—then all will be well. Only let the Board "demand" a Jewish State—it does not matter whether it would be wiser to hold itself in reserve so as to be able to raise an independent voice at the time of decision; it does not matter whether the policy is a wise one or not; it does not matter whether by putting his name to a demand which he knows is unlikely to be met, the signatory destroys his own credit. That is precisely what Messrs. Gorovitz and Bornstein and those for whom they speak have done. I have no doubt that the new Board will earn their commendation by "demanding" a Jewish State in wider and more strident terms. The Report of the Anglo-American Committee with its definite rejection of a Jewish State is the fruit of the victory of the new management. We may leave the caucus to its Dead Sea fruit, but they have robbed the Community of the best instrument for voicing its aspirations.—IGNOTUS.

ANGLO-JEWISH MINISTERS

The matter so pointedly raised by "Congregant," and supported by two others, aware of the spiritual needs of the Jewish Community, should not only have been dealt with by "letters to the Editor." Is it not striking that up till now not one minister has raised his voice in these discussions, which concern so profoundly his "conscience and self-respect"? What can and must they do? They must organise themselves. An organisation, which embraces all Ministers, Rabbis, and Hebrew Teachers (it is not only the Ministers who suffer from their "taskmasters") could give powerful support to ministers, when they have to negotiate with the Boards on the principles laid down in the organisation. They must explain their ideals as well as their grievances to the Jewish Community. To this end they must have a periodical at their disposal.—S. B.

"A LIMITED PROBLEM"

I am sorry that in your editorial note last week under the above heading you did not mention by name Sir John Hope Simpson when referring to the signatories of a letter to THE TIMES who, while strongly anti-Zionist, could not by any fair standards be described as "Jew-haters." I read his book, "The Refugee Problem," published in 1939 and in it he speaks with the utmost sympathy of Jewish refugees.—S.

[We welcome this opportunity of including Sir John's name amongst those anti-Zionists to whom the term Jew-hater would not apply. Indeed, the omission of a specific reference to him to that effect was only fortuitous.—Ed. J.C.]

BLIND BRUSHMAKER'S APPEAL

As a blind brushmaker, a husband of a blind wife, and father of two girls, one aged 14 and the other 20 years old, I approach you with the following matter: I am in the happy situation to possess a permit which enables me to manufacture brushes. I have, however, considerable difficulties in obtaining the supply of wooden boards. I have written to many, many big firms all over the country and they all answer that they are unable to accept new customers at this time owing to the labour situation. Furthermore, I have been in touch with the Jewish Blind Society, who say that they too cannot help me. I am, therefore, anxious to approach your readers to ascertain whether any of them are able to help me out of this very difficult situation. What I actually require are household brushboards, i.e., scrubbing boards, laundry boards, etc., all ready bored and shaped, for the wire-drawn job.—MR. E. BACK, 28a, Kingdon Road, N.W.6.

CHRISTIAN HYMNS AT ST. JOHN'S WOOD

"Aliquis" asks whether "the Hon. Officers warned the Minister before the service that they were of opinion that it was most undesirable that these hymns should form part of the service?" But why should a Minister of the Jewish religion have to be warned at all? Is he not supposed to be the religious and spiritual guide of the congregation? Should he not know that the introduction of Christian hymns in a Jewish place of worship is most unseemly; nay, a scandal of the first order? It is said that the deceased ordained it in his will that three Christian hymns should be sung at his funeral. But surely this very un-Jewish sentiment alone should have been reason enough to deny him a memorial service altogether! And supposing the deceased had asked for a cross to be put into his coffin, would the Minister have had to comply? "Aliquis" rightly asks what services the deceased had rendered to the Community that such an honour as a memorial service in the Synagogue should be shown him? Really pious, devout, and learned Jews are utterly ignored in the bestowal of Synagogue honours. The answer to "Aliquis" is that there is a superabundance of humbug, cant, and cringing in the affairs of the Synagogue, and this service mirrors them all!—MR. JACOB SARNA, 9, Lauderdale Mansions, W.9.

QUOTABLE TERMS

I have noticed with satisfaction that for some time past THE JEWISH CHRONICLE has printed the word "illegal" when applied to certain Jewish immigrants into Eretz Yisrael who do not possess immigration certificates, in inverted commas, thus reminding both Jewish and non-Jewish readers that there is no such thing as an "illegal" Jewish immigrant into Eretz Yisrael, and that the illegality consists in barring the entry of such immigrants. Is it not fitting, therefore, that not only your journal, but the entire Jewish Press, should always in future print the words "kingdom of Transjordan" when they refer to eastern Eretz Yisrael in inverted commas as a constant reminder that the Jewish people regard this territory as an integral part (forming, in fact, c. 75 per cent.) of Eretz Yisrael which should be in no way separate from western Eretz Yisrael. —MR. RONALD I. M. HENRY, 68, Deansway, East Finchley, N.2.

STORING ACCOMMODATION

Has any friend of the movement any space available for storing some of our camp equipment from now until the middle of July?—FELIX HARRIS, Camp Organiser, Bnei Akivah, Albany Mansions, 87, Charing Cross Road, W.C.2.

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HIS RHEUMATISM CAME BACK AGAIN

When He Stopped His Daily Dose of Kruschen

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"Over ten years ago I felt severe twinges of rheumatism in my joints, and tried Kruschen. In a few days everything in the garden seemed lovely. I continued with the daily dose for a time, then dropped it. I was not very long left in peace. The joints and wrist of my left hand especially seemed to become affected, and my toe joints would go stiff for short periods. Back I went to the old love (Kruschen) with good results, and I don't intend to drop the daily dose again if I can help it. I am well over 65 years of age and feel young and active. In fact, to convince anyone as to my age I have to produce my Old Age Pensions book."—H.J.

Rheumatism seldom resists the action of Kruschen Salts, which help to disperse the deposits of uric acid—the cause of those aches and pains—and assist the kidneys to eliminate the deposits through the natural channels. The cause being removed, the pain goes too, and your sufferings are at an end!

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Incidentally . . .

ANGLO-U.S. ROMANCE

Two American "G.I.s" stationed in England during the war decided, on a five-day furlough, to see London from the top of a bus. During the pursuit of this ambition, they particularly noticed a young lady one day in the same bus, and one of the U.S. soldiers, Monroe Klein, as the saying goes, "fell in love at first sight." He attempted to engage her in conversation by asking her to direct them to a good restaurant, but she, thinking them to be just "fresh" G.I.s, ignored them. Monroe persisted, however, and finally won his way

into the young lady's good graces. He discovered that her name was Gabrielle Rosenthal, who lived with her mother in London. A short time after, Monroe went into action with the American 4th Armoured Division in France and was wounded in the leg at Rennes. He was sent to a London hospital, and Gabrielle there visited him. He proposed from a wheel-chair, and the couple decided to get married in England. But before the end of the 90-day waiting period enjoined for proposed marriages by the U.S. Army, he was posted back to the U.S.A., in December, 1944. Then followed eighteen months of battle with governmental red tape and appeals to President Truman and Mr. Attlee, until finally Gabrielle was given her passport and she flew to New York, for her marriage—as my picture shows—with Monroe, who is a business man in that city.

* * *

RUSSIAN HEBRAISTS

Klavdia Starikova, a young Russian woman, has recently received the degree of Master of Philological Sciences for her thesis "Fragments of the Diwan of Jehudah Halevi." She is a Professor of Hebrew at Leningrad University. The Chair of the Hebrew Language in the Oriental Department of Leningrad University has been occupied, primarily, by Russians. Daniel Khvolson was the first, and he was followed by Academician Pavel Kokovtsov, whose works on the Hebrew poetry of the Middle Ages won him great renown. Kokovtsov was followed by Andrei Borisov, who was also Russian. He knew twelve languages, but Hebrew best of all.

* * *

NEW LIGHT ON HALEVI

After his death, the Chair was offered to his favourite pupil, Klavdia Starikova. She had shown a leaning towards the study of Hebrew in her early youth. She inherited an interest in ancient languages from her father, an engineer by profession but also an authority on Latin and Greek. Under Borisov's guidance she studied the Hebrew literature of the Middle Ages, and she was particularly attracted by the poetry of Jehudah Halevi, on whose work she wrote her thesis for her first degree. She made a study of Halevi's works that were found in a department of the Leningrad public library, and, it is claimed, she has established that that library has several poems of Halevi's which were not included in the "Diwan" published at Oxford. She is said to have discovered in the MS. department seven poems and one letter written in rhythmic prose which were previously known only by their first lines, and a four-line verse which had been entirely unknown to any student of Halevi's work. The letter, addressed to Khabiba Al Makhdeni, is said to shed much light on the poet's life, on his philosophy, and on his attitude towards the secular sciences.

CHRONICLER.

N. LONDON BETH SEFER

At a recent meeting of the committee of the North London Beth Sefer, 75, Cazenove Road, N.16, one of the schools organised by the Education Committee of the Zionist Federation, it was reported that a cheque for £18 (the result of a Neshef) had been sent to the Zionist Federation.

Besides the three classes already in existence at the school, a kindergarten class for children between the ages of six and eight is being formed. Qualified Palestinian teachers are on the staff, and modern Hebrew is taught.

An open evening for parents is being arranged. Parents living in the Stamford Hill area who have children between the ages of 6 and 16 and who wish to receive further details are asked to communicate with the Hon. Secretary, Mr. A. H. Bloch, 67, Cazenove Road, Stamford Hill, N.16.

BROOKE ROAD SYNAGOGUE

The need for larger premises to accommodate the increasing number of worshippers and the even greater need for religion classes was stressed by Mr. A. Neufeld, Chairman, in his report at the annual meeting of the Beth Hamidrash Ohel Yisrael, Brooke Road, N.16.

He also reported on the 33⅓ per cent increase in seat rentals on behalf of Jewish education.

The Treasurer, Mr. S. Kaufman, presented the financial statement, which showed a balance of £1,272. Mr. J. Morrison, J.P., reported on the work of the Deputies, and proposed the setting up of a Building Committee in connection with the building of a new Synagogue.

Mr. Zeff moved that a vacancy be declared for the post of Minister to the Congregation.

The following were elected: Messrs. D. Binstock, President; I. Paisner and A. Augustus, Vice-Presidents; A. Neufeld, Chairman; S. Kaufman, Treasurer; P. Carmel and I. J. Goldstein, Wardens; Abrahams, Y. Beer, I. Blacker, M. Epstein, J. Goldstein, S. Goldstein, D. Goldstein, I. Kaufman, S. A. Kingsley, S. Lieberman, Y. Lankin, L. Press, A. Ruda, and J. Zeff, Board of Management; and J. Morrison and S. Matterman, Representatives at the Deputies.

HOME SECTION

Hair Styles That Count

By Helen Hathaway

Nobody can minimise the importance of a good hair style. I never go to the pictures without marvelling at the ease with which the heroine's whole personality is subtly changed as the story progresses, simply, it seems to me, because she is able, in less time than it takes to flick across the screen, to change herself from a windswept sportsgirl on horseback, for instance, into a sophisticated young débutante fitted out for the most formal occasion. I always wondered secretly about it, and now I have learnt how it can be done.

Two enterprising young hairdressers, called Martin and Douglas (they both served in the Army, and Douglas was invalided out after Dunkirk), have demonstrated to me the trick that so impressed me on the films. Nor, I must admit, have they altogether "debunked" my wonder at its effectiveness, and ingenuity, because, although they seemed to effect the metamorphosis with wizard hands in the twinkling of an eye, I know really that there's lots more in it than that.

For instance, the basis of all their hair magic is a really clever perm, and in this connection Douglas tells me, that while he was in hospital recovering from his war injuries he made a lot of experiments with the winding of curlers, and the result is that he has evolved a new method of winding, from the root of the hair downwards, instead of the other way round, as has hitherto been done. His method, he claims, is quicker than the old way and achieves a more natural and lasting effect, completely eliminating that fuzzy look of the ineffectual perm.

So, let me emphasise the fact that, to look your best even though rushed, you must first provide your hair with the right kind of permanent wave. Let us assume that your hair is about long enough to touch your shoulders, and you wear it, hanging loose, with the ends, of course, curled. You just give it a good brushing, to remove any suspicion of dust and give the head a gloss, comb up the hair so that the curly bits are on top, fix a few pins and combs to keep it close to your head, and proceed either to make curls out of the permed ends, or else to crown your head with an artificial plait, which, you know, is the last word of fashion at the moment.

Most Important Factors

Of course, I am really starting at the wrong end of a talk on hairdressing by telling you what the final achievement is like. Cleanliness is the first and most important factor in maintaining the health of the hair. And good and copious brushing with clean brushes is the most effective method of achieving daily hair hygiene. A well-brushed and well-kept head is always the most effective, whatever style of dressing is adopted. So you should make a daily habit of using your hair-brushes. Wash them as often as possible and keep them where dust and grime will not reach them.

Washing your hair is, naturally, also very important, and should be done every week at least. The soapless shampoos have the advantage of not requiring so much rinsing as the soapy ones, and even if you skimp the rinsing, they do not leave that powdery scurf that is so often the residue of an imperfectly rinsed head shampooed with soap. I, however, prefer the soapy shampoos and the little bit of extra rinsing, finished off with a rinse of vinegar water. I am delighted, therefore, to find that there are some coconut oil shampoos in the shops now. If you have a friend coming back from the Far East, ask him to bring you a bottle of coconut oil; there is no better tonic and food for the hair, and you need such infinitesimal quantities of it that it will not be noticed when you use it.

When I begin to discuss the question of diet with relation to beautiful hair, I find it rather difficult in these times to make any useful suggestions. But now that the days of uncooked salads are upon us, do eat as much lettuce and other salads as possible. If you are run down or suffering from some deficiency, your hair is bound to suffer, and many girls to-day need additional tonics or vitamins, which obviously the doctor can prescribe. You should not think that there is no connection between such things and the possession of really glossy and beautiful hair.

HOLIDAY OFFERS FOR FRENCH JEWISH ORPHANS

The "Service des Enfants de Déportés" of the Wizo in France has sent a letter to the Federation of Women Zionists in London asking for the help of Jewish families in Great Britain in giving a holiday during September to French Jewish children whose parents were deported under the Nazi regime.

The French Wizo's Social Service supervises a number of hostels and homes for such children, besides about 300 other children who live with relatives or friends in the Paris area. It is hoped that the Anglo-Jewish Community will help to give these children a happy holiday, and applicants to take them will be dealt with by a small committee formed of members of the F.W.Z., under the chairmanship of Mrs. B. H. Goldburgh. Families who wish to offer holiday accommodation should in the first instance get in touch with the Secretary (Miss Rosalie Gassman, B.E.M.), Federation of Women Zionists, 75, Great Russell Street, London, W.C.1. (Telephone: Museum 3815.)

NOTTING HILL BIKKUR CHOLIM

At the annual meeting of the Notting Hill Bikkur Cholim held at the Bayswater House, 111, Blenheim Crescent, W., the following were elected: Rabbi Dr. J. Newman, President; Messrs. F. Feldman, Chairman; S. Koor, Vice-Chairman, and Grants Officer; L. Goldman, Treasurer; B. Girsman and W. Soloway, Trustees; J. Kilimnick, Secretary; Arthur M. Green and Co., Auditors; and R. Goldberg, Investigator.

Investments & Securities

Substantial business is transacted on the London Stock Exchange. Special attention is directed to investment securities, among which, reliable industrial entities take a prominent place.

Supplies are steadily diminishing and values are rising under the dual effect of keen buying and shortage of floating supplies. British Funds are gradually recovering. The market is anxiously waiting terms for the conversion of Australian Government stocks due for repayment.

Oils are a strong and active market. Hope is entertained of an increased dividend by the Shell Transport for last year. The entire oil section is assisted by anticipation of an early removal of Government control over the industry.

STANDARD BANK DIVIDEND

Total dividend on Standard Bank of South Africa capital for the year ended last March is 14/- a share plus a [illegible] share cash bonus. This compares with a dividend of 12/- a share, plus a cash bonus of 2/- a share the previous year.

The directors in announcing the dividend draw attention to the new regulations regarding Dominion Income Tax Relief. Final dividend of 9/- a share and the cash bonus of 2/- a share for last year are subject to income tax at 9/- in the £.

Both interim and final dividends for 1944 were free tax at 5/9 in the £. A sum of £50,000 is again being in writing down bank premises, with £200,000 against £150,000 transferred to officers' pension fund and £[illegible] carried forward against £198,994 brought in.

ODHAMS PRESS

Dividend on the ordinary capital of Odhams Press for 1945 is repeated at 15 per cent, but there is an additional 2½ per cent cash bonus this time. Total distribution is therefore, 17½ per cent against 15 per cent for 1944 and 12½ per cent for the preceding two years.

Present issued ordinary capital is £846,000. It has been raised to this level from £750,000 in 1938. Dividend in 1938 was 10 per cent; but the distribution was cut to 6 per cent in 1939 as a result of a cautious policy by the directors when war broke out.

Profits for the past year are shown at £1,063,186 against £959,981 previously. No need exists to introduce the company. It is very well known for the number of important publications which it produces and has a controlling interest in DAILY HERALD (1929) Ltd. The 4/- ordinary units have been changing hands around 1[illegible] cum dividend.

MIDLAND BANK REVIEW

A resumption of the Midland Bank Review monthly publication has received a warm welcome. The May issue is the first since September, 1939.

As the Review states, "we live in many respects today in a different world." The first issue of the Review since 1939 deals with three aspects of transition.

The war story of the Bank is also included. To date the publication is, as in the days before the war, an organ of record and objective criticism.

CITY EDITOR.

RICHMOND PRIZE DISTRIBUTION

A distribution of prizes to the pupils of the Richmond District Synagogue Hebrew and Religion Classes was held recently at the Synagogue Hall, Sheen Road, Richmond. Mr. J. Lewinstein, Warden, presided, and Mrs. M. Ginsberg distributed the prizes.

Rabbi Dr. M. Ginsberg read the examiner's report on the progress of the classes.

CONCERTS

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The B.B.C. Choral Society
JOHN BARBIROLLI
(By courtesy of the Hallé Concerts Society)
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OPERAS AND BALLET

COVENT GARDEN
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
SADLER'S WELLS
BALLET SEASON
Evenings 6.45. Mats. Sats. 2.30
SEASON ENDS Sat. June 29
Box Office (Tem. 7961-2)

CAMBRIDGE (Tem. 6056) Premiere June 12 at 7.0 p.m. NEW LONDON OPERA CO. Benois-Borgioli Production, "LA BOHEME." Subsequently Thurs., Fri., Sat. at 7.0. Wed. 2.30. NEW MONTE CARLO BALLET. Repertory of 22 Ballets. Week of June 17. "Les Sylphides," "Dramma per Musica," "Romeo and Juliet," "Prince Igor." Mon., Tues., Wed. at 7.0. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 2.30.

THEATRES

COLISEUM CHARING CROSS TEM. 3161
6.45 Mon. Wed. Th. Sat. 2.30. (No Mat. June 8)
Emile Littler presents
A ROBERT NESBITT PRODUCTION
"THE NIGHT AND THE MUSIC"
VIC OLIVER, Jill Manners and 150 Artists

PHOENIX CHARING X ROAD TEM. 8611
Evgs. 7.0. Mats. Wed. Sat. 2.15.
(No Mat. June 8)
CICELY COURTNEIDGE in
"UNDER THE COUNTER"
Cyril Raymond Thorley Walters
Glen Alyn
HARTLEY POWER

STOLL Kingsway Holborn 3703
Evgs. 6.30. Wed. Thurs. 2.30. Sat. and June 10, 5.45 and 8.30
TOM ARNOLD presents
RALPH READER with his
GANG SHOW

JACK DE LEON
will present
Sonia Dresdel
and
ANTHONY HAWTREY
in
GREEN LAUGHTER
A New Play by Rose Simon Kohn
Directed by HENRY CASS
at the
COMEDY THEATRE (WHI. 2578)
NOW BOOKING:—
For First Perf. JUNE 13 and all subsequent performances at 7

Entertainments

Theatre

YOU WON'T NEED THE HALO

W. P. Templeton aims at stark realism in his new play at the Arts Theatre. His dialogue, as he showed in "Exercise Bowler," is good. But although there are occasional moments when a character comes to life, he fails to make his atmosphere ring true, and the play seems unnecessarily disjointed. He is, however, well served by his actors. John Slater gives one of his fine cockney performances, and John Ruddock is a charming and likeable old man. Dorothy Reynolds, as the widow of the man who didn't need the halo, indulged in a clever and shrewd character study. Mr. Templeton is a writer of great quality and promise, but this is not one of his happier efforts.

SWEETEST AND LOWEST

This highly polished and witty revue is, in truth, bound to meet with the popularity and success which always awaits dialect plays—even though in this case the dialect be that of the fashionable grills and restaurants, and the parochial jokes those of the intimate circle of Mayfair and Theatreland. The fun bubbles and sparkles and politicians, actors, dramatists, and film stars all wilt alike under the constantly protruding tongue of Hermione Gingold; while Henry Kendall with a chance phrase and a mere shrug of his shoulders can strip a character bare of all pretensions. A public figure to-day who is not mentioned by this witty, cruel couple will have a real sense of grievance and neglect. The dancing and settings are superb, and there is some very engaging singing by Edna Wood and Gretchen Franklin. Not one of the sketches stretches over that split fraction of a second which would make it too long. (Ambassadors.)

PORTRAIT IN BLACK

This is, without question, the best-dressed, most beautifully mounted, worst written, and most unreal play at present in the West End. It almost needs a pathological inquiry to find out why such lavishness of setting, such profusion of brilliant acting, such care of production should have been spent on so improbable a story, and on such unpleasant people. This play at the Piccadilly Theatre is set in the luxury of a San Francisco flat. It is the usual stale mixture of a rich, beautiful, cold-hearted widow, with many lovers, past and present, murder and further murder to cover murder, blackmail, jealousy and suicide. Diana Wynyard, enchanting to the eye, and icily cool as always, egg on Hugh Williams, and he, with his consummate skill and ease, almost makes us believe that he believes in this role of Macbeth. A word of praise must be given to Ann Leon, who played a young girl with great sincerity.

RED ROSES FOR ME

This beautiful bouquet of golden blossoming words, perfumed by provocative though loose Hibernian thinking, and interwoven with Dublin tenement humour, now opens in the West End, where it should undoubtedly repeat its success in the outlying theatres. It will worthily fill the New Theatre until the return of the Old Vic in the autumn.
C.L.

Cinema

FILMS OF THE WEEK

Meet The Navy (Empire, Leicester Square) is a British film of the Royal Canadian Navy show that won fame on all the fighting fronts and which had a successful season at the London Hippodrome. I have seen much poorer musicals with the authentic Hollywood label. The humour is weak, but there is a feast of tuneful music and chorus work. There are no big names. Oscar Natzka, a basso, has a voice of exceptional range and merit. The pro-

Continued on next page.

ADELPHI (Tem. 7611) Evgs. 6.45. Tu. Sat. 2.30 (No Mat. June 8) Jack Hylton's "CAN-CAN" New Offenbach Operette

ALDWYCH (Tem. 6404) 7.0. Wed. 2.30 (No Mat. June 8.) Shephard's "THE HASTY HEART." "A must for everyone"—*D. Sketch*. "Audience roared with laughter"—*Evg. Stan.*

COMEDY (Whi. 2578). Thurs., June 13, at 7 SONIA DRESDEL in "GREEN LAUGHTER" Anthony Hawtrey. Production by Henry Cass

DUCHESS (Tem. 8243) Evgs. 7. Wed. 5.0 and 8.0. "MAKE IT A DATE." MAX WALL, Avril Angers, Marianne Davis, Leigh Stafford

EMBASSY (Pri. 2211) Evgs. 7.0. Th. 2.30. Sat. 4.45 and 7.45. (Sun. Club) 7.0. "GUEST IN THE HOUSE." Mon. next 7.0. Javanese Ballet.

GARRICK (Tem. 4601) Ev. 7. Thurs. and Sat. 5.30 and 8.30. BEATRICE LILLIE in a New Revue "BETTER LATE." WALTER CRISHAM

GRAND PALAIS, London Yiddish Folks Theatre. Phone BIS 2646. The whole Star Cast present, Sun. (J.D.S.L.) and Tues. "THE JOLLY WIDOW." Monday, Wednesday, and Thursday, "RUMANIAN WEDDING."

HIPPODROME 6.15. Wed. Th. Whit-Mon. 2.15. Tom Arnold presents IVOR NOVELLO in "PERCHANCE TO DREAM." (2nd Year)

LYRIC (Ger. 3686) 7.0. W. S. 2.30. (No Mat. June 8) Angela Baddeley, Frank Cellier, Emlyn Williams in "THE WINSLOW BOY," by Terence Rattigan

NEW YIDDISH THEATRE, Adler Street, E.1 (in association with C.E.M.A.) presents on Sun. June 9, at 3 and 7.15 p.m., Mon. June 10 Wed. June 12. MEIER TZELNIKER and Cast, and our Guest Stars, MIRIAM KORALOVA and LEON BLUMENSON, in the Musical Comedy, "KOMMEDIANTKE" (Strolling Player). Tues. June 11: Benefit performance, "LEAH LUBLINER." 7.15 p.m. Thurs. June 13. Benefit performance. "JANKEL THE SMITH." 7.15 p.m. Box Office 'phone No. BIS. 1320.

PALLADIUM, Argyll Street (Gerrard 7373) Twice nightly, 6.0 and 8.30. Mat., Wed., 2.30. New Revue, "HIGH TIME!"

PLAYHOUSE (Whi. 4788) Evgs. 6.30 Mats. Th Sat. 2.30 SOPHIE STEWART, RICHARD BIRD "LADY FROM EDINBURGH" 2nd Year

PRINCE OF WALES (Whi. 8681). Twice Nightly, 6.0 and 8.30, TOM ARNOLD'S Revue, "FINE FEATHERS" with JACK BUCHANAN

PRINCES (Tem. 6596) 6.30. Wd. St. 2.30. (No Mat. June 8.) J. Waller's "MERRIE ENGLAND" Heddle Nash, Linda Gray, Dennis Noble

SAVILLE (Tem. 4011) 7.0. Th. St. 2.30. (No Mat. June 8.) Bobby HOWES & Jack HULBERT in "HERE COME THE BOYS."

SAVOY (Tem. 8888) 6.30. Wd. Sat. 2.30. (No Mat. June 8.) "THE FIRST GENTLEMAN" ROBERT MORLEY & WENDY HILLER

STRAND (Tem. 2660). Evenings 7.0. Thurs. 2.30. Firth Shephard's "FIFTY-FIFTY" HARRY GREEN, Frank Pettingell. "The biggest laugh of the year."—*Daily Herald*. (No Mat. June 8).

ST. JAMES' (Whi. 3903) Evenings 6.45. Mats. Tues. and Thurs. 2.30 "THE KINGMAKER." Kay Hammond, Irene Vanbrugh, John Clements

ST. MARTIN'S (Tem. 1443) Evgs. 6.45 Sat. 7.45. Tues. Fri. 2.45 KENETH KENT in Edward Percy's thriller. "THE SHOP AT SLY CORNER"

WESTMINSTER (Vic. 0283) 6.45. Th. St. 2.45. (No Mat. June 8.) "FRIEDA." A play of to-day. "A big emotional experience"—*Sunday Graphic*

WHITEHALL (Whi. 6692). 6.30. Th., St., 2.30 "WORM'S EYE VIEW." Ronald Shiner, Jack Hobbs. (No Matinée June 8.)

CINEMAS

ACADEMY CINEMA Oxford St. Are you on our mailing list? Academy Cinema Notes will be sent to you free for each change of programme. Write Dept. H, Academy Cinema, 167, Oxford St., W.1. Now showing. "FRIC-FRAC" (A)

CARLTON, Haymarket BING CROSBY, INGRID BERGMAN in Leo McCarey's "THE BELLS OF ST. MARY'S" (U). Weekdays cont. 10 a.m. Sundays open 3 p.m. No advance booking

CURZON (Gro. 3737) "Premier Rendez-vous" (A) 2.0, 5.35, 9.0. "Portrait of Maria" (A) 12.30, 4.0, 7.30. Reduced prices to 1 p.m. Sats. exc

DOMINION, Tottenham Court Rd. Com. June 9 "WANTED FOR MURDER" (A). Also (weekdays only), "SUNBONNET SUE" (U)

EMPIRE, Leic. Sq. (Ger. 1234) Daily from 10 a.m. The Famous Royal Canadian Navy Revue, "MEET THE NAVY" (U) (with Technicolor)

EMPIRE, Mile End June 10, 6 days. Joan Crawford, Jack Carson, "Mildred Pierce" (A) Leo Gorcey & the Bowery Boys, "Live Wires" (A)

GAUMONT STATE, Kilburn Com. June 10 Evelyn Keyes, "RENEGADES" (U) in Technicolor. "Blondie's Lucky Day" (U), etc.

GAUMONT, Haymarket (WHItehall 6655) Lucille Ball, Clifton Webb, William Bendix, Mark Stevens, "THE DARK CORNER" (A) etc.

GOLDERS GREEN LIDO June 10, 7 days. Margaret O'Brien, W. Beery, "Bad Bascomb" (U) Gale Storm, Phil Regan, "Sunbonnet Sue" (U)

GOLDERS GREEN REGAL June 10, 6 days. Bud Abbott, Lou Costello, "On The Carpet" (A) Kent Taylor, V. Grey, "Smooth As Silk" (A)

LEICESTER SQUARE THEATRE (WHI. 5252) MICHAEL REDGRAVE, VALERIE HOBSON, FLORA ROBSON in "THE YEARS BETWEEN" (A) Progs. begin 12.5, 2.35, 5.0, and 7.20

LONDON PAVILION Daily from 10 a.m. Sunday from 3 p.m. INGRID BERGMAN, GREGORY PECK in "SPELLBOUND" (A)

MARBLE ARCH PAVILION (Mayfair 5112) Lucille Ball, Clifton Webb, William Bendix, Mark Stevens, "THE DARK CORNER" (A), etc.

NEW GALLERY, Regent Street (Regent 8080) JOAN FONTAINE, Mark Stevens, in "FROM THIS DAY FORWARD" (A), etc.

NEW VICTORIA (opp. Vic. Stn.) Com. June 9 "WANTED FOR MURDER" (A). Also (wkdys. only), "TARS AND SPARS" (U)

ODEON, Hendon June 10, 6 days. Bud Abbott, Lou Costello, "On The Carpet" (A) Kent Taylor, V. Grey, "Smooth As Silk" (A)

ODEON, Swiss Cottage June 10, 6 days. Bud Abbott, Lou Costello, "On The Carpet" (A) Kent Taylor, V. Grey, "Smooth As Silk" (A)

ODEON, Marble Arch (Pad. 8011) "CAESAR & CLEOPATRA" (U). Weekdays, doors open 12.30, showing 1.5, 3.30, 5.55, 8.20. Sunday, open 3, showing 3.45 & 6.30. Restaurant open dly. from 12

PLAZA, Picc. Circus "BEDELIA" (A) starring MARGARET LOCKWOOD, Anne Crawford, Ian Hunter, Barry K. Barnes. Weekdays continuous from 10 a.m. Sunday open 3 p.m.

RIALTO, Coventry Street MICHAEL REDGRAVE in "THE CAPTIVE HEART" (A), with Rachel Kempson. At 1.0, 3.15, 5.40, 8.5.

SAVOY, Stoke Newington June 10, 6 days. Joan Crawford, Jack Carson, "Mildred Pierce" (A) Leo Gorcey & the Bowery Boys, "Live Wires" (A)

STAMFORD HILL REGENT June 10. Evelyn Keyes, Willard Parker, "Renegades" (U) Penny Singleton, "Blondie's Lucky Day" (U)

STOKE NEWINGTON VOGUE Sunday, June 9, 4 days, Laurence Olivier, Greer Garson, "PRIDE AND PREJUDICE" (U). Thurs., June 13, 3 days Robert Taylor, Vivien Leigh, "WATERLOO BRIDGE" (A). Latest Screen News in every programme. Prices 1/- and 1/9

STUDIO ONE (12.45-10) Jean Gabin, Arletty, "Jour Se Leve" (A) (French), and Ray Milland, Ellen Drew, "French Without Tears" (A). Etc

SUPER, Stamford Hill June 10, 6 days. Joan Crawford as "MILDRED PIERCE" (A) East Side Kids in "LIVE WIRES" (A)

TIVOLI, Strand (Tem. Bar 5625) INGRID BERGMAN, GREGORY PECK in Alfred Hitchcock's "SPELLBOUND" (A). Etc

TROXY, Stepney (G.B.) Commencing June 10 STEWART GRANGER, Jean Kent, Anne Crawford in "CARAVAN" (A), etc.

WARNER, Leicester Square (Ger. 3423) ERROL FLYNN, ALEXIS SMITH in "SAN ANTONIO" (A) with S. Z. Sakel, Victor Francen For times of showing see daily press. Open Sun. 3

Daily from 12.30 p.m. REX Sunday from 3 p.m.
High Road, East Finchley (opp. E. Finchley Stn.) FUD. 2211
SUNDAY, JUNE 9 FOR SEVEN DAYS
FRANCOISE ROSAY FERNANDEL RAIMU
"UN CARNET DE BAL" (A)
(French dialogue—English sub-titles)
2.0, 5.15, and 8.30. Sunday, 3.40 and 7.0
JOHN CLEMENTS GOOGIE WITHERS
"THEY CAME TO A CITY" (A)
12.40, 3.55, and 7.10. Sunday, 5.30

Daily from 12.30 p.m. ENVOY Sunday from 3 p.m.
KILBURN HIGH ROAD N.W.6 (MAI. 6767)
SUNDAY, JUNE 9, FOR SEVEN DAYS
Robert Taylor, Vivien Leigh
"A YANK AT OXFORD" (U)
2.15, 5.25, 8.35. Sunday, 3.45, 7.15
Claudette Colbert, Fred MacMurray
"PRACTICALLY YOURS" (U)
12.45, 3.55, 7.5. Sunday, 5.25

WANT A CHASER FOR THE 'BLUES'?
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Leo McCarey's
The BELLS of St. MARY'S (U)
WORLD PREMIERE JUNE 13
HAL WALLIS
The Strange Love of Martha Ivers
"Whisper her name"
CARLTON
HAYMARKET

FOURTH WEEK!
INGRID BERGMAN
GREGORY PECK
ALFRED HITCHCOCK'S
SPELLBOUND
A SELZNICK INTERNATIONAL PICTURE
LONDON PAVILION · TIVOLI IN THE STRAND

Cinemas continued on next page

ENTERTAINMENTS Continued

ducer, Mr. Louis H. Jackson, is to be congratulated on putting together this fine song-and-dance film made entirely by officers and ratings of the R.C.N.

Heartbeat (Odeon, Leicester Square) shows Ginger Rogers's adventures in pre-war Paris where, after escaping from a reformatory and getting some tuition in sneak-thieving from Basil Rathbone—an incredible Fagin-like creature—she enters into the domain of diplomacy. There she meets handsome Jean Pierre Aumont. You know the rest. The amateur pickpocket captures young diplomat's heart. Light, but unconvincing, and very drawn-out.

New York's Night Club Boom, the latest March of Time, is in the programme at the Gaumont, Haymarket, and the Marble Arch Pavilion. With the passing of the obligation to deal only with the war effort, "Time Marches On" is once more its old ebullient, witty, yet strictly factual self. Certainly all will enjoy this vivid insight into the workings of many and varied grades of New York's "night spots."

F.H.S.

Radio

Among the artists contributing to the June Music Festival concert series will be Julius Isserlis in a piano recital on Tuesday in the Home Service (he will also be heard in "Music in Miniature" on Thursday, Light Programme), and the boy violinist, Devy Erlih, on Sunday (Home Service).

Margaret Good, piano, and William Pleeth, cello, will broadcast Pizzetti's Sonata in F on Wednesday (Home Service).

Light music next week will be contributed by the ensembles of Falkman and Sandler, Sunday; Phillips, Winstone, Java, and Silvester, Monday; Geraldo and Falkman, Tuesday; Winstone and Felipe, Wednesday; and Louis Levy and Jack Leon, Thursday.

Max Bruch's violin concerto, recorded by Yehudi Menuhin with the London Symphony Orchestra, conducted by Sir Landon Ronald, will be heard in the Home Service on Sunday.

The honour of giving a pianoforte recital in the Salle Chopin, Paris, has fallen to Miss Marguerite Wolff, of Cricklewood, who recently played with the London Symphony Orchestra. To appear at the Salle Chopin is regarded as the first rung on the ladder of international fame. Miss Wolff, who is in her early twenties, will also broadcast from Paris.

HANDEL AND JEWS

Speaking on the subject of the great musician Handel at a meeting of Rotarians at Rowley Regis, Staffs., recently, Dr. Percy Young, of Wolverhampton, said that Handel, who was born in Hanover in 1695, and came to this country at an early age, befriended the Jews, who were not altogether popular at that time. He brought dignity into their lives by writing works of particular interest to them, such as "Judas Maccabaeus," "Solomon," etc., dedicated to the Jews in London, a gesture which was appreciated.

CINEMAS, continued from previous page

Golders Green—ODEON
TEMPLE FORTUNE 'PHONE: SPE. 9741
MON., JUNE 10, SIX DAYS. Last com. perf. 7.35
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Showing at 3.10, 6.5, and 9.5
ARTHUR LAKE PENNY SINGLETON
"BLONDIE'S LUCKY DAY" (U)
Showing at 1.45, 4.40, 7.40. News: 2.55, 5.50, 8.50

Like a Poisonous Flower... This was
BEDELIA
FROM THE NOVEL BY VERA CASPARY
STARRING MARGARET LOCKWOOD
ANNE CRAWFORD · IAN HUNTER
BARRY K. BARNES
JOHN CORFIELD PRODUCTION
PLAZA PICCADILLY WHI 5944
Wkdys. cont. 10 a.m. Suns. open 3 p.m.

This time, press and public agree:—
"JUST THE RIGHT FILM FOR JUBILATION WEEK."
—Moore Raymond, Sunday Dispatch.
"THE BEST 'MUSICAL' SINCE 'MEET ME IN ST. LOUIS.'"
—Patrick Kirwan, Evening Stan.
"MAKES YOU SIT UP AND ENJOY YOURSELF."
—Ernest Betts, Daily Express.
So, of course, it's repeating the fantastic success of the Royal Canadian Navy Hippodrome stage show; and forcing a second week at the huge Empire.

Meet the Navy
with TECHNICOLOR
A British National Film (U)
At 10.5, 12.20, 2.35, 4.50, 7.10, and 9.25
GERRARD 1070 **EMPIRE** LEICESTER SQUARE

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Heartbeat A
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Produced by ROBERT & RAYMOND HAKIM
Directed by SAM WOOD
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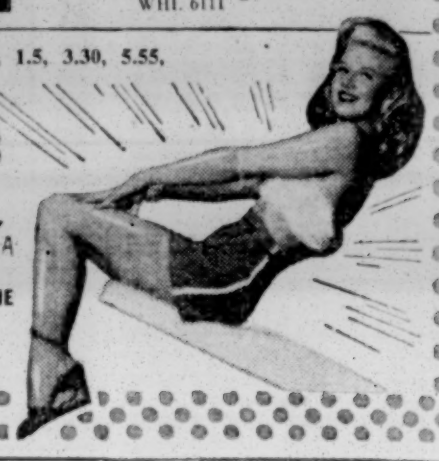

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4/6 7.30 to 11 p.m.

HENDON JEWISH YOUTH CLUB
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University of London Jewish Union Society presents
A DANCE
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ADOLPH TUCK HALL, WOBURN HOUSE,
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To Nat Sherman and his Band
Members and H.M. Forces 2/6. Non-Members 4/-

IVRI SOCIAL AND LITERARY SOCIETY
Affiliated to Maccabi Union
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GRAND VICTORY BALL
on JUNE 10, at COMMUNAL HALL,
Earlham Grove, Forest Gate, E.7
Dancing to MAURICE GILBERT'S Modernaires
M.C.: BEN ASHER. 7.30 to 11.30 p.m. Members 2/6
Visitors 3/6; 'Forces' in uniform free

GRAND VICTORY DANCE
in aid of
The Central British Fund for Jewish Relief and Rehabilitation
organised by
The Staff of the Jewish Refugees Committee
ADOLPH TUCK HALL
Woburn House, W.C.1
Thursday, June 13, 7.30 to 11 p.m.
ERIC LAMBERT & HIS "ALL STAR" ORCHESTRA
Spot Prizes, Novelty Dances. Admission 4/6
Tickets from Hon. Secretary, David Woolfe, Room 5a, Bloomsbury House, London, W.C.1

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